THE ROLE OF PSA IN DEVELOPING PHILIPPINES’ INDICATOR FRAMEWORK AND SDG MONITORING

Josie B. Perez
Philippine Statistics Authority

NATIONAL POLICY FRAMEWORKS

- Philippine Development Plan 2017-2022 (first medium-term plan to be anchored on the 0-10 point Socioeconomic Agenda and is geared towards the Ambisyon Natin 2040)
- Statistical Act of 2013
- PSA Board Resolutions for SDGs
- Other laws on the different sector groups such as Magna Carta for Women, Anti-Violence Against Women and Their Children Law, "Special Protection of Children Against Abuse, Exploitation and Discrimination Act", Magna Carta for Disabled Persons, Senior Citizens Act, etc.
Multi-sector Workshops on the Assessment of SDG Indicators to be monitored in the Philippines:

- 2013 - review and discussion of the initial global post-2015 development agenda goals and targets already started
- 2014 - identify the data needs for the monitoring of the SDGs
- June 2015 - review and discussion on the zero-draft of the outcome document for the UN Summit
- October 2015 - initially identify relevant SDG indicators and to provide inputs to the global indicator framework

Issuance of the PSA Board Resolution No. 4 Series of 2016 (initial step to address the statistical challenges posed by the 2030 Agenda) which enjoined all concerned government instrumentalities to provide the necessary data support to monitor the country’s performance vis-à-vis the SDGs based on the indicator framework that shall be determined by the NEDA, PSA and other government agencies.
Bilateral Meetings with Data Source Agencies
- May 2016 – produce the SDG matrix
- Conduct of other meetings to fine tune the metadata for each of the tier
  1 SDG indicators as well as proxy and supplemental indicators identified
  starting December 2016 to May 2017

Issuance of PSA Board Resolution No. 09 Series of 2017
approved and adopted the initial list of SDG indicators for Monitoring in the
Philippines

Cascading of the initial list of SDGs to the Regional and Provincial PSA and
Other Agencies

Consultation with Relevant Inter-Agency Committees on the initial list of
indicators

### Review of Mechanism for Developing National SDG Indicator Framework

#### Initial List of SDGs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>No.</th>
<th>SD Goal</th>
<th>Indicator Code</th>
<th>Indicators and sources for assessment</th>
<th>Assessment and comments</th>
<th>Score</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Indicator</td>
<td>Proportion of population below the international poverty line, by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural)</td>
<td>Assessed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Metadata: SDGM website</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Metadata: SDG basic concepts and definitions (GEPI 2016)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Current status of indicator/data availability</td>
<td>Mostly available</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>National agency</td>
<td>PSA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>National metadata</td>
<td>PSA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Source agency</td>
<td>PSA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Institutional arrangements</td>
<td>The Technical Committee on Poverty Statistics (TC PovStat)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Data sources</td>
<td>Family Income and Expenditure Survey</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Data sources</td>
<td>Annual Poverty Indicators Survey</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Data sources</td>
<td>Labor Force Survey</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Required disaggregation: by sex</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Required disaggregation: by age</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Required disaggregation: by employment status</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Required disaggregation: by geographical location (urban/rural)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Additional resource requirements</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Additional resource requirements</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1.1.1</td>
<td>Feasibility of compiling in the short/medium term</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**INITIAL LIST OF SDGIs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Current status of indicator/data availability</th>
<th>Feasibility of compiling in the short/medium term</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MARKED AS ASSESSED (Indicator is considered.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A The indicator or an indicator (s) close in scope is (are) compiled</td>
<td>Compilation of the indicator (or close proxy indicator) is easily feasible on the basis of the currently collected data</td>
<td>80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B The indicator is not compiled but some relevant data are available</td>
<td>Compilation of the indicator (or close proxy indicator) is feasible only with strong effort</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C No relevant data are available</td>
<td>Even with a strong effort the compilation of the indicator (or close proxy indicator) is not feasible.</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARKED AS PENDING (There was not enough information for assessment.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MARKED AS N/APL (Indicator deemed not applicable in the country.)</td>
<td></td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL INDICATORS</td>
<td></td>
<td>241</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**INSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENT**

Institutional Organization for the SDGs (2/2)

- Capacity building for the generation of SDG indicators
- Development of statistical methodologies
- Assistance on how to analyze and use the available statistics
- Funding Support
- Technical assistance
- Statistical advocacy
- Raising public awareness of issues on progress in the SDGs

[Diagram showing institutional arrangement]

Institutional Organization for the SDGs (1/2)

- Analyze the SDG indicators for policy-making
- Demonstration of relevance of SDG monitoring to public policy
- Implementation of the SDG framework in planning and programming
- Activities/investments to support achievement of the SDG
- Generation of data
- SDG advocacy

[Diagram showing institutional arrangement]
ROLE OF PSA IN DEVELOPING NATIONAL INDICATOR FRAMEWORK

- Serve as the official repository of SDG indicators in the Philippines
- Develop mechanisms to generate and regularly provide timely and accurate statistics
- Develop and maintain a webpage on SDGs, SDGI database and SDG Watch
- Most of all, lead the monitoring of the SDG indicators

Note: NEDA leads in the policy-making, using the SDG Indicators in monitoring and developing socio-economic plans/programs for the country.

ROLE OF PSA IN DEVELOPING NATIONAL INDICATOR FRAMEWORK

- Establishment of the PSA SDG Team consisting of Advisers, Team Leader, Overall coordinator and members from the different units in the PSA to serve as the focal point for specific goals.
ONGOING AND UPCOMING PLANS AND ACTIVITIES (TO FILL DATA GAPS)

- 1st PSA Administrative Data Seminar (10-11 August 2017)
- UNSD-ESRI Project on developing a Philippine SDG Hub
- PSA-UNSD Project on “Enhancing National Statistical Capacity to measure, monitor, assess and report on progress on achieving post-2015 goals and targets for Sustainable Development”
- Measurement of Multidimensional Poverty Index
- Finalization of the report on the Evidence and Data on Gender Equality (EDGE) - sex-disaggregated data on asset ownership and entrepreneurship
- Adoption of 2013 Master Sample and CAPI for regular surveys to have reliable statistics at the provincial level
- Consultation with Relevant Inter-Agency Committees

- Improving the civil registration forms on birth, marriage and death; in which the data that can be derived from these will be used to estimate the IMR, MMR and other health indicators
- Innovative data collection on price surveys and labor force survey – using CAPI and Survey Solution
- Implementing the Statistical Survey Review and Clearance System (SSRCS)
- Global and national data partners as well as having high level influential data champions
- Approval of the administrative records and forms through Administrative Records Review and Clearance System
- Temporary cross-posting of PSA Statisticians to other Government Agencies producing inputs and estimating SDG indicators
- Inclusion of modules/questions to various surveys of the PSA
Ongoing and Upcoming Plans and Activities (to Fill Data Gaps)

- Strengthening the National/Sub-National Data Ecosystem

**Mechanism Plans for Reporting/Monitoring of the SDGs**

- Development of SDG webpage, SDGI database, SDG Watch and SDG focal points
- Attaining the principles of sustainable development and assuring its integration in the Philippine national policies, plans and programs that will involve all sectors of the society thru the Philippine Council for Sustainable Development
- Setting the directions, thrusts and priorities of the PSS for the medium term thru the Philippine Statistical Development Programme 2018-2023
- Hosting of the 2017 International Conference on Sustainable Development Goals Indicators (2017 ICSDGS)
COUNTRY ACTIONS AND REGIONAL SUPPORT

- Of the total SDG indicators to be monitored by the Philippines, 73 of these were also included in the Initial Results Matrix of the Philippine Development Plan 2017-2022.
- The Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG) also initiated Workshops on the Strategic Priorities and SDG Alignment in all regions and provinces in the country. This served as the venue for orienting local government officials on SDGs. Officials from NEDA and PSA were invited as resource persons.
- Cooperation and sharing of experiences as well as SDG/Data through regional/international meetings/seminars/workshops.

Thank you