MALAYSIA
Country experiences in addressing “leaves no one behind” objectives of the 2030 agenda in implementation at the national level: Focus role of NSO

28 - 31 August 2017
Bangkok, Thailand

OUTLINES
1. MALAYSIA’S GOVERNMENT COMMITMENT
2. MALAYSIA’S SDGs FRAMEWORK AND GOVERNANCE
3. MALAYSIA’S SDGs DATA ACCESSIBILITY
4. ISSUES AND CHALLENGES AHEAD
5. WAY FORWARD
**INTRODUCTION TO SDGs**

**THE INVOLVEMENT OF DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA (DOSM)**

**MDGs**
- **Period**: 2000 – 2015
- **Involvement**: Since 2007-2015
- **Focal Point**: The coordination of the compiling MDGs indicators
- **Member in Technical Working Groups (TWG) for providing MDGs reports at national, ASEAN and International level**

**SDGs**
- **Period**: 2016 – 2030
- **Involvement**: April 2015
- **Focal Point**: The coordination of the development of SDGs indicators
- **Appointed as representative of South-Eastern Asia in High Level Groups (HLG) for SDGs**
- **Provide inputs on assessment of SDGs indicators to Philippines (IAEG-SDGs representative of South-Eastern Asia) in the development of SDGs indicators**

**SDGs Governance**

- **Inter Agency Expert Group (IAEG)**
  - Develop an indicator framework and a list of indicators for the monitoring of the Goals and targets of the post-2015 development agenda at the global level
  - Representative from South-East Asia: Philippines

- **High Level Group (HLG)**
  - Provide strategic leadership for the SDG implementation process as it concerns statistical monitoring and reporting
  - Representative from South-East Asia: Malaysia (2015-2017), Myanmar (2017-2019)

- **The Global Action Plan**
  - Strengthening Statistical System
  - Enhancing Capacity Building

- **UN WDF**
  - (Cape Town 16-18 January 2017) (next: UAE)

- **No. of Meeting**: 5
- **No. of Meeting**: 9
INTRODUCTION TO SDGs

**Government Commitment**

Malaysia has made a commitment to the 2030 Agenda...

25 September 2015, Malaysia led by the Prime Minister YAB Dato' Sri Mohd. Najib Bin Tun Haji Abdul Razak, committed to support and implement the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

Malaysia committed to the 2030 Agenda through SDGs Roadmap which is ready for implementation.

**SDG Roadmap Malaysia**

- Phase I (2016-2020) – prioritising SDG according to 11MP
- Phase II (2020-2025) – focus on post 2020 goals and targets
- Phase III (2025-2030) – remaining goals and targets in line with Malaysia’s capacity and global role

Most of the SDGs targets are being addressed through integration of SDGs targets into the 11th Malaysia Plan for the 1st Phase implementation (2016-2020).

Malaysia will continue to address the remaining targets beyond 2020 through subsequent Malaysia Plans.

---

FRAMEWORK AND GOVERNANCE

**Statistical Governance**

**Role of Department of Statistics, Malaysia (DOSM)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General</th>
<th>In SDGs (DOSM &amp; Stakeholders)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Compilation of Statistics</td>
<td>Measures Development Progress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Analysis/interpretation</td>
<td>Dissemination/Statistics Communication</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dissemination/Statistics Communication</td>
<td>Measure Development Progress</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coordinate</td>
<td>Effectively Participation in National Monitoring Programme</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Support government in development planning & monitoring by providing evidence-based statistics

**Statistical Principles**

10 Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics

- Relevance, Impartiality, and Equal Access
- Prevention of Misuse
- Sources of Official Statistics
- Confidentiality
- Legislation/Transparency
- Professional Standards, Scientific Principles, and Professional Ethics
- Accountability
- National Coordination
- Use of International Standards
- International Cooperation

**Generic Statistical Business Process Model (GSBPM)**

- Specify Needs
- Design
- Build
- Analyse
- Collect
- Evaluate
- Disseminate
MALAYSIAN CONTEXT

SDGs Mirror the New Economic Model and 11th Malaysia Plan

Sustainable Development Goals

New Economic Model

11th Malaysia Plan

Social

Inclusivity

Anchoring Growth on People

Environment

Sustainability

Economy

High Income

FRAMEWORK AND GOVERNANCE

ALIGNING SDG: SDG ROADMAP & DIRECTION

Institutional and governance structure for the 2030 Agenda

Formulating a Roadmap for Implementation of SDG:

- Phase I (2016-2020) – prioritising SDG according to 11MP
- Phase II (2020-2025) – focus on post 2020 goals and targets
- Phase III (2025 – 2030) – remaining goals and targets in line with Malaysia’s capacity and global role

Formulating national indicators and establishing database

Align competencies and organisations with SDG and capacity building

Framework for strategic communication – advocacy, seminars, roundtables and a national portal

Funding – through the 5-year Malaysia Plans, private sector, civil society and international agencies
FRAMEWORK AND GOVERNANCE
ALIGNING SDG: GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE OF SDG ROADMAP

Establish direction for SDG implementation, set national agenda and milestones and prepare reporting to UN High Level Political Forum

Formulate SDG Roadmap, monitor progress of targets, identify issues and report to National SDG Council

UN High Level Political Forum on Sustainable Development

NATIONAL SDG COUNCIL (as part of the National Action Committee) Chaired by PM

STEERING COMMITTEE Chaired by Director General of EPU

Identify indicators for each goal of SDG, develop and implement programmes and report progress to Steering Committee

DATA ACCESSIBILITY
Preliminary Review of Malaysia’s SDGs Indicators

DEFINITION OF CRITERIA USED BY DOSM FOR THE ASSESSMENT OF SDGs INDICATORS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Availability of Data:</th>
<th>Criteria Used:</th>
<th>Malaysia’s tiers:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Available</td>
<td>Data already exists (at DOSM/Agencies)</td>
<td>TIER 1 An established methodology exists and data are already widely available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MOGs indicators (partially)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Metadata clearly defined (Proposed by international experts agencies)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partially Available</td>
<td>Data partially exists but need to improve the methodology of data collection/coverage etc.</td>
<td>TIER 2 A methodology has been established but for which are not easily available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partially Available, need further development</td>
<td>Derivative of data (ownership of data)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Metadata exists (international) and need to suit with Malaysia level</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Available</td>
<td>Metadata exists (international) but data not available in Malaysia</td>
<td>TIER 3 An internationally agreed methodology has not yet been developed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not Relevant</td>
<td>No metadata (international/Malaysia)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Need to be confirmed with agencies</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Not suitable to apply in Malaysia</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Preliminary Review of Malaysia’s SDGs Indicators

DATA ACCESSIBILITY

SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

17 GOALS
169 TARGETS
244 INDICATORS

- 41% Available
- 26% Partially Available
- 17% Partly Available
- 11% Not Available
- 5% Not Relevant

56% Social
24% Environment
20% Economy

244 INDICATORS
169 TARGETS

SDGs Data Providers will be:

78 agencies

State Government
11MP: Strategic Thrust 1
Enhancing inclusiveness towards an equitable society
Key initiatives
Inclusivity ensures all Malaysians benefit from economic growth regardless of gender, ethnicity, socio-economic status, or geographic location.

11MP: Strategic Thrust 2
Improving wellbeing for all
Key initiatives
Healthy individuals and happy households, living in cohesive and united communities – this embodies the vision for a socially advanced Malaysia.

11MP: Strategic Thrust 3
Accelerating human capital development for an advanced nation
Key initiatives
The focus on cradle-to-grave talent development and lifelong learning will improve labour productivity, deliver a higher-skilled workforce, and create a virtuous cycle of job creation, growth and social development.

11MP: Strategic Thrust 4
Pursuing green growth for sustainability and resilience
"Green growth" will be a way of life. This will lead to strengthened food, water, and energy security; lower environmental risks; and ultimately, better wellbeing and quality of life.

11MP: Strategic Thrust 5
Strengthening infrastructure to support economic expansion
Key initiatives
All Malaysians will have access to basic amenities and be connected through integrated transport and high-speed Internet. New investments will focus on lowering cost of business and enhancing competitiveness.

11MP: Strategic Thrust 6
Re-engineering economic growth for greater prosperity
We will ensure quality growth and international competitiveness. All economic sectors will migrate towards more knowledge-intensive and high value-added activities with greater productivity.

Transforming public service for productivity
- Enhancing project management for better and faster outcomes
- Strengthening talent management for the public service of the future
- Enhancing service delivery with citizens at the centre
- Rationalising public sector institutions for greater productivity and performance
- Capitalising on local authorities for quality services at the local level
DATA ACCESSIBILITY

Mapping SDGs with Green Economy/Green Growth (GE/GG) Indicators Malaysia

GE/GGI (80 indicators)

32 GE/GGI
17: one to one
15: nearly match

SDGs
Goals: 17
Targets: 169
Indicators: 241

ISSUES & CHALLENGES AHEAD

ISSUES FOR SDGS IMPLEMENTATION

Requirements:
- More socio-economic indicators
- More environmental-related indicators
- Big Data
- Open Data

Better Decision Making
Better Targeting

Requires major investment

Financing
Capacity building/Support needed
Capacity gaps
Data limitation
Coordination

MDGs Lesson Learnt
Data collection & management activity
Technology in statistical instrument
Data tapping

Financing
Capacity building/Support needed
Capacity gaps
Data limitation
Coordination

8/29/2017
ACTIVITIES & PROGRESS
ON DEVELOPMENT OF SDGs 2017

Work Plan (Summary)

2016

2017

INTER-NATIONAL ACT.

ENGAGEMENT ACT.

TIER 1 INDICATORS

101 indicators

TIER 2 INDICATORS

105 indicators

TIER 3 INDICATORS

38 indicators

WAY FORWARD

National Comprehensive Data Gaps Study at National level through:

- Engagement with agencies
- Conduct Workshop to determine the availability of data by cluster
- Conduct Workshop to focus on localize and priorities of indicators

Collaboration from all related agencies is needed in order to ensure the monitoring & measurement of SDGs indicators 2016-2030 on tracks:

- Work plan agencies include SDGs priority;
- Commitment;
- Budget Allocation; and
- Focal Point.

Need an Investment to strengthen of National Statistical System

- Develop New indicators; and
- Agencies need to expand the coverage of data and targets group in line with SDGs targets.

Develop an integrated database system for data compilation, monitoring, evaluation and reporting

- Cross Agencies (or regional)
- Data Sharing

Formulating a Roadmap for Implementation of SDG:

Phase I (2016-2020) – prioritising SDG according to L1MP

Phase II (2020-2025) – Focus on post 2020 goals and targets

Phase III (2025-2030) – remaining goals and targets in line with Malaysia’s capacity and global role