

THE 2030 AGENDA FOLLOW-UP AND REVIEW ARCHITECTURE



Katinka Weinberger

Environment and Development Division
ESCAP

A/RES/70/1 frames follow-up and review around national, regional and global processes



A robust, voluntary, effective, participatory, transparent and integrated follow-up and review framework

- Voluntary and country-led
- Respecting the universal, integrated and interrelated nature of the 17 SDGs and the three dimensions of sustainable development
- Building on existing platforms and processes
- Longer-term orientation
- Support reporting by all relevant stakeholders
- People-centred, gender-sensitive, respecting human rights and having a particular focus on the poorest, most vulnerable and those furthest behind.
- Data should be of “high-quality, accessible, timely, reliable and disaggregated”.
- Enhanced capacity-building support for developing countries (e.g. least developed countries, small island development States, landlocked developing countries and middle-income countries), particularly in the areas of strengthening national system and evaluation programmes.
- The UN system and other multilateral institutions are to provide “active support” to the follow-up and review process.

Review processes in the Asia-Pacific region



National reviews
VNR
National SDG progress report

APFSD
Regional SDG progress report (ESCAP)
Thematic report (ESCAP/ ADB/ UNDP)
Goal profiles (UN system)



Thematic reviews by functional commissions, major groups and stakeholders, international organizations

Financing for Development Forum

STI Forum



HLPF
47 VNRs (2018)
SDG global progress report (annual)
Global Sustainable Development Report (quadrennial)

Asia Pacific Forum on Sustainable Development (APFSD)



1

E/ESCAP/RES/73/1
defines ToR of the APFSD

2

Annual, inclusive and
intergovernmental

Inter-agency support through UN
RCM

Space for multi-stakeholder
engagement

3

Support countries &
enhance their capacity
for implementation of
the 2030 Agenda

4

Provide (sub)regional
perspectives and advocates
(sub)regional priorities;
identify regional trends

Regional views on HLPF theme

Assess progress on SDGs

Support presentation of VNRs

5

Review progress of
regional road map

6

Adopts a report with a
Chair's Summary

Regional Road map for implementing the 2030 Agenda in Asia and the Pacific



BACKGROUND AND PROCESS

Based on extensive dialogue between member states and inputs from civil society organizations and the broader UN community, Asia and the Pacific developed a regional road map for implementing the 2030 Agenda.

The road map stemmed from decisions mandated at the Second and Third Asia- Pacific Forums on Sustainable Development (APFSD) in 2015 and 2016.

The road map was adopted in March 2017 - in the Fourth session of the APFSD.

It is the only **inter-governmentally agreed, member-state driven, regional roadmap for implementing the 2030 Agenda.**

A Regional Road Map for Asia and the Pacific



EXPECTATION

- strengthen regional cooperation on priority issues
- enable continued and more efficient and coordinated support
- facilitate more effective knowledge sharing

PRACTICAL MEANS OF IMPLEMENTATION

- Data and statistics
- Technology
- North-South, South-South, international & regional partnerships
- Finance
- Policy coherence

THEMATIC AREAS WITH MULTISECTORAL IMPACTS

- Leave no one behind
- DRR & resilience
- Climate change
- Natural resource management (incl Oceans)
- Connectivity
- Energy