

China's Development Cooperation: overview



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I once asked a Deputy Minister of Ministry of Finance of one African country about what he considers the difference between China's foreign aid and the West's , he smiled and said to me “ well, China gives us roads, buildings and materials, our west friends give us participation, gender, good governance, labor union” .

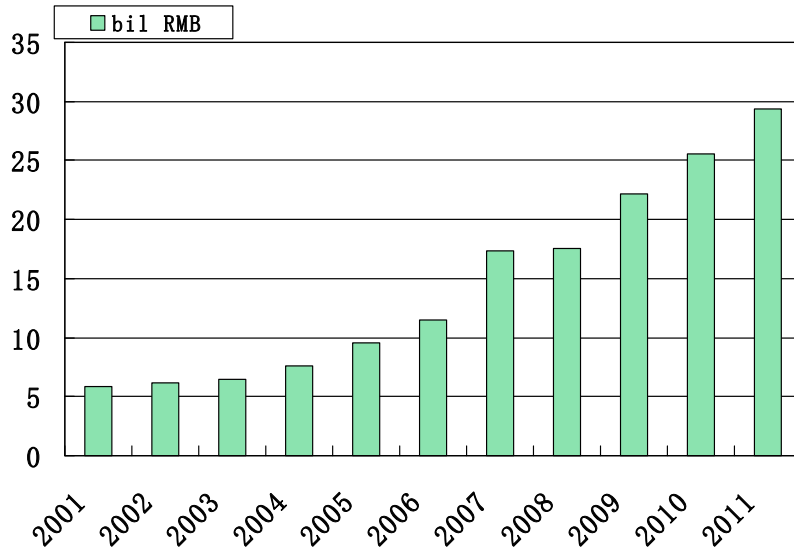
1. Objectives and Drives

Objectives: build human and technical capacity and self-reliance independent development

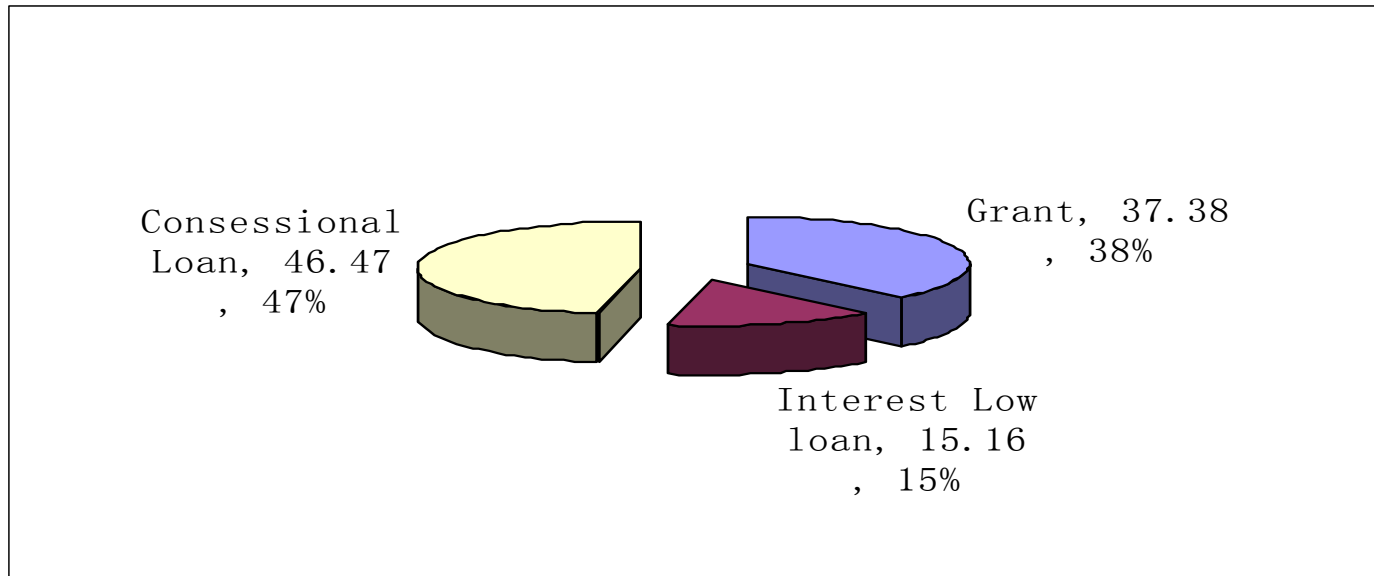
From 1950-1980: political interest to
1980-2000: domestic economic interest to
after 2000: multiple global strategy



2. Volume and Composition



- Grants
- Concessional loans
- Interest-free loans
- **Else, the multilateral support and special support from other ministry were not included in statistics system**
- **2009- 2010 - 2011, the average total Chinese aid disbursed by year was estimated about 4.5 billion USD comparing to 2 billion in 2006**



3. Modality

- **China**

- Complete Projects
- Goods and Materials
- Technical Cooperation
- Human Resource Development Cooperation
- Chinese Medical Teams Working Abroad
- Emergency Humanitarian Aid
- Overseas Volunteer Programs
- Debt Relief

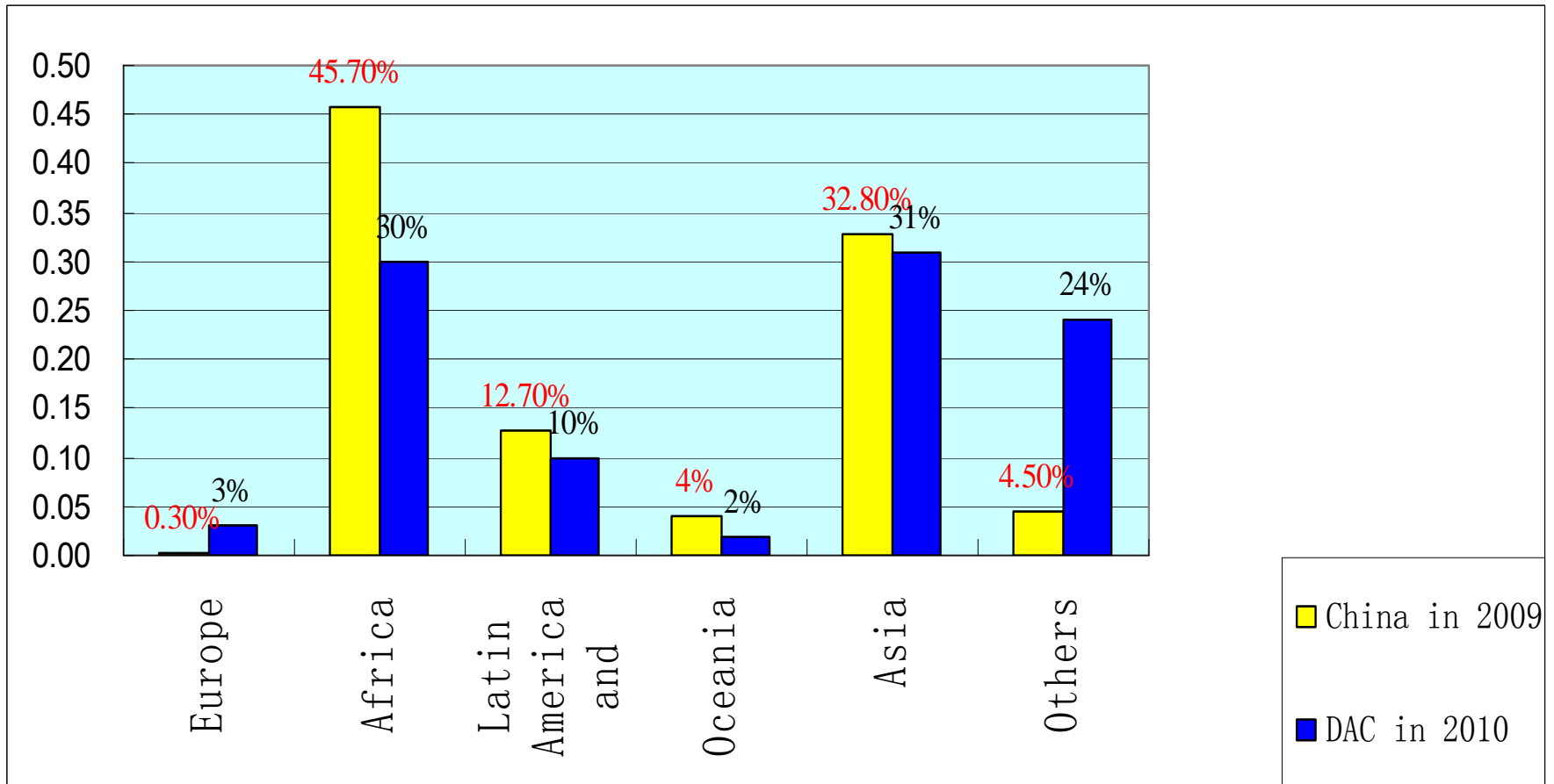
No clear data

- **DAC**

- Budget support
- Pooled programme funds
- Project funds
- Expert and technical cooperation
- Scholarship and student
- Debt relief

clear database can be found on OECD website

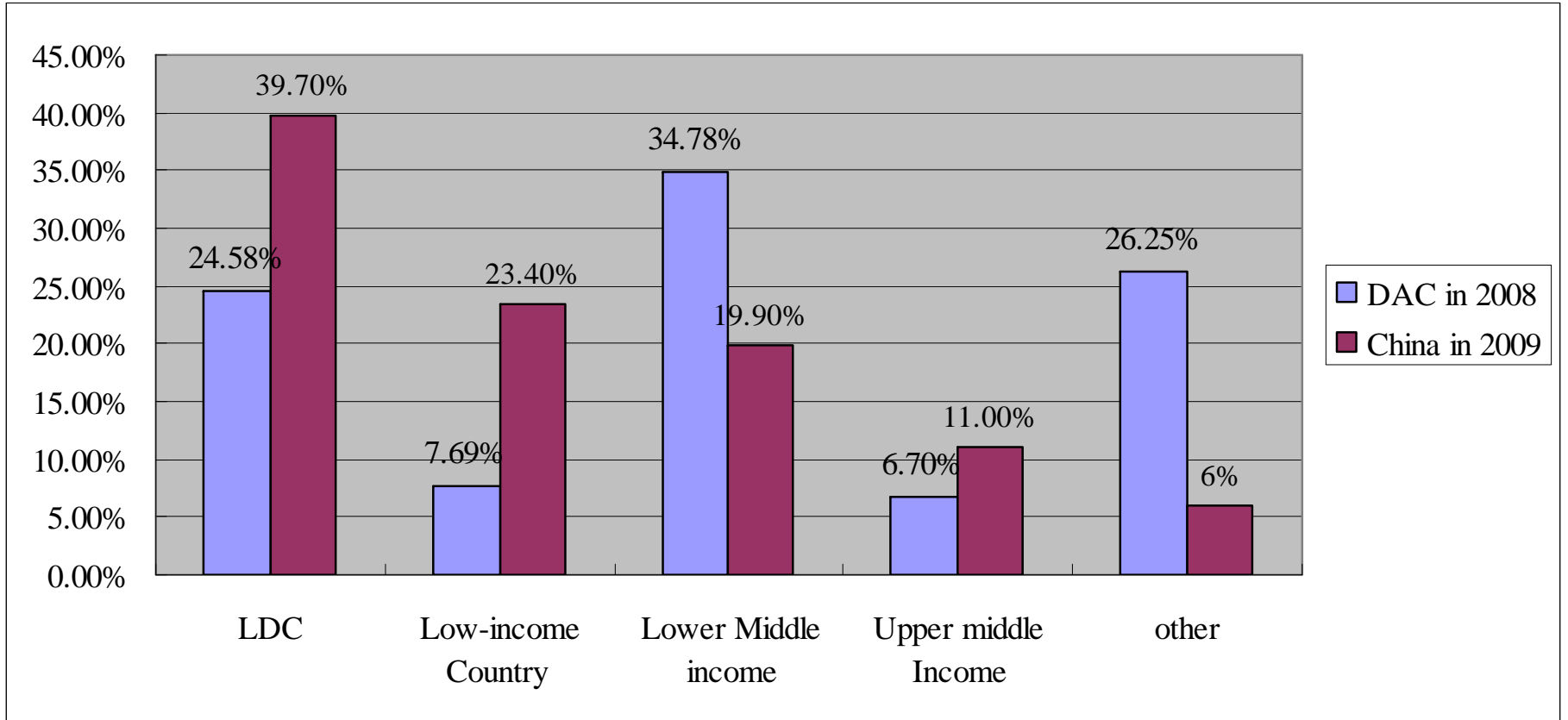
4. Distribution: by region



By countries



By Income Groups



5. Field

China

- Agriculture
- Industry
- Economic Infrastructure
- Public Facilities
- Education
- Medicine and Public Health
- Clean Energy and Coping with Climate Change
- Humanitarian assistance
- Debt relief

DAC

- Education, health and population
- Other social infrastructure
- Economic infrastructure
- Production
- Mult isector
- Programme assistance
- Debt relief
- Humanitarian aid

6. China, SSC and International Development Architecture

China's foreign aid falls into the category of South-South cooperation and is mutual help between developing countries

- Unconditionality
- Project assistance
- Technical cooperation
- more flexible and responsive to national priorities
- Mostly no clear aid framework and policy

Key concerns with DAC and new aid structure

- aid-governance
- Interference and government
- Management cost and transaction
- Aid and development
- Transparency, report
- Tied aid

7. Output and Impact



Road in Cambodian



Water supply in Niger



Bridge in Mali



Irrigation in Tunis



Sugar plant in Mali



Textile in Benin

Output and Impact



**agricultural demonstration
centers in Madagascar**



**Primary school in
Botswana**



Biogas in Tongan



Scholarship



Training in China



Hospital