LEAVE NO Women with Disability BEHIND

How 2030 SDGs can Support Women with Disability in China and Accelerate the Implementation of the Incheon Strategy

——BEST
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Background of the Approach

- Disability-inclusion is increasingly recognized as key to ensuring that no one is left behind in the sustainable development process. Towards the aim of achieving disability-inclusive societies, international and regional mandates promote both disability-specific and disability-mainstreamed government action.

- In support of this twin-track approach, at the international level, the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (CRPD) and the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015–2030 (Sendai Framework) guide governments toward disability-inclusive sustainable development.

- At the regional level, the Incheon Strategy to “Make the Right Real” for Persons with Disabilities in Asia and the Pacific (also known as the Incheon Strategy) was launched in late 2012 to chart the new course of action for the Asian and Pacific Decade of Persons with Disabilities, 2013–2022.
The Beijing Declaration

- The Beijing Declaration, including the Action Plan to Accelerate the Implementation of the Incheon Strategy (also known as the Beijing Declaration and Action Plan), was adopted by member States of ESCAP at the High-level Intergovernmental Meeting on the Midpoint Review of the Asian and Pacific Decade of Persons with Disabilities, 2013–2022, held in Beijing from 27 November to 1 December 2017.
The Incheon Strategy based on the principles of the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities:

- Respect for inherent dignity, individual autonomy, including the freedom to make one’s own choices, and independence of persons
- Non-discrimination;
- Full and effective participation and inclusion in society
- Respect for difference and acceptance of persons with disabilities as part of human diversity and humanity
- Equality of opportunity
- Accessibility
- **Equality between men and women**
- Respect for the evolving capacities of children with disabilities and respect for the right of children with disabilities to preserve their identities
10 Goals to “Make the Right Real”

- Goals 6:
  Ensure gender equality and women’s empowerment
Figure 1 - Link between the SDGs and the CRPD

1. NO POVERTY
   - CRPD: Applies to all articles

2. ZERO HUNGER
   - CRPD: Article 28

3. GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING
   - CRPD: Articles 10, 11, 23, 25, 26

4. QUALITY EDUCATION
   - CRPD: Article 24

5. GENDER EQUALITY
   - CRPD: Applies to all articles

6. CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION
   - CRPD: Article 28

7. AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY
   - CRPD: Article 28

8. DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH
   - CRPD: Article 27

9. INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE
   - CRPD: Articles 9, 20, 21

10. REDUCED INEQUALITIES
    - CRPD: Article 5

11. SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES
    - CRPD: Articles 9, 11, 19, 29, 30

12. RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION
    - CRPD: Article 32

13. CLIMATE ACTION
    - CRPD: Articles 21, 25

14. LIFE BELOW WATER
    - CRPD: Articles 4, 10, 13, 15, 16, 18, 29

15. LIFE ON LAND
    - CRPD: Articles 4, 10, 13, 15, 16, 18, 29

16. PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS
    - CRPD: Article 32

17. PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS
    - CRPD: Article 32
Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere

- Proportion of urban and rural disabled persons with minimum living allowance to total population growth every year, up to 8% in the year 2018.
Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

- Government: Healthy China action 2019
- CSOs: enhance the sports for people with disability (especially for women with disability)
Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls

- Government: Equity in education for men and women (ratio of illiteracy between men and women)
- CSOs: Gender equality education for women with disabilities
Goal 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels

- CSO & Government: Women can make the world become a gentle garden.
Women rights movements in mainland China

- 1995 United Nations fourth world conference for women
China’s CSO practice: women with disability rights mainstream movement

- Women rights’ movement
- Mainstream Gentle Movements

Key word:
Girl protection
Economic empower
Caring motherhood
reproductive health
Women with Disability Rights Education Strategies

- Capability Building
- CRPD & Gender Equality Education
- Accessibility Investigation
- Women Lead DPO development
Targets

- Target 6.A Enable girls and women with disabilities to have equitable access to mainstream development opportunities
- Target 6.B Ensure representation of women with disabilities in government decision-making bodies
- Target 6.C Ensure that all girls and women with disabilities have access to sexual and reproductive health services on an equitable basis with girls and women without disabilities
- Target 6.D Increase measures to protect girls and women with disabilities from all forms of violence and abuse
Women-lead DPO practice--BEST

Beijing Enable Sister center

- Beijing Enable Sister cenTer (BEST) is a feminist community advocating organization for women with all types of disabilities in China. Located in Beijing, BEST is run by women with disabilities.

- BEST’s policy and programs have included: Preventing Violence Against Women With Disabilities; Sterilization and Reproductive Health of Women and Girls with Disabilities; providing Leadership and Mentoring training for young people with disabilities, psychological healing for disabled youth, employment support, community services for women with disabilities and the needs of disabled women; Information and Communications Technology; Health and Well-Being; advocating women rights.

- Our mission:

  - To serve disabled women in a way that raises awareness of gender equality and disability equality to improve the quality of life of women with disabilities and their families, and to protect the inherent dignity of women with disabilities.
Feminism & Disability Equality Training
self-defense activities for women with disability
Dance Ability

- Moving one’s body and feeling empowered
- Making friends and demonstrating diversity
You Have the Power to Change Your Experience and Make a Difference

- Ways to empower the body of people with disability and promote a diversity society
- Inclusion Stage Drama (the power of story telling, breaks stereotypes through the healthy/charming acts of the people who define the key roles)
Portrait Exhibition

- Body as a language to speak their own story
Research

- Women with disability needs investigation base in Gender
The 2030 Agenda and accompanying SDGs are therefore an unprecedented opportunity for organizations of persons with disabilities (DPOs) to unite around a common equity and inclusion future across China and Asia.

No one left behind!