



REGULATORY AGENCY OF THE GOVERNMENT  
**NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY**

# Roadmap for Achieving SDGs in Mongolia

**Bayarsaikhan.B**  
Chairman of the National Development Agency

2018.09.06

Initiated at the UN conference on sustainable development in Rio de Janeiro in 2012

Approved at the UN General Assembly in September 2015

SDV-2030 was approved by resolution No. 19 of the Parliament of Mongolia in February 2016

Regulation on the formulation of policy documents was adopted by resolution no 249 of the Cabinet of Ministers in 2016

Ensure policy alignment of short and medium term policies with SDV-2030



17  
GOAL

169  
TARGET







244  
INDICATOR

4  
PILLAR

44  
Objective

20  
Indicator

## SDV INDICATORS

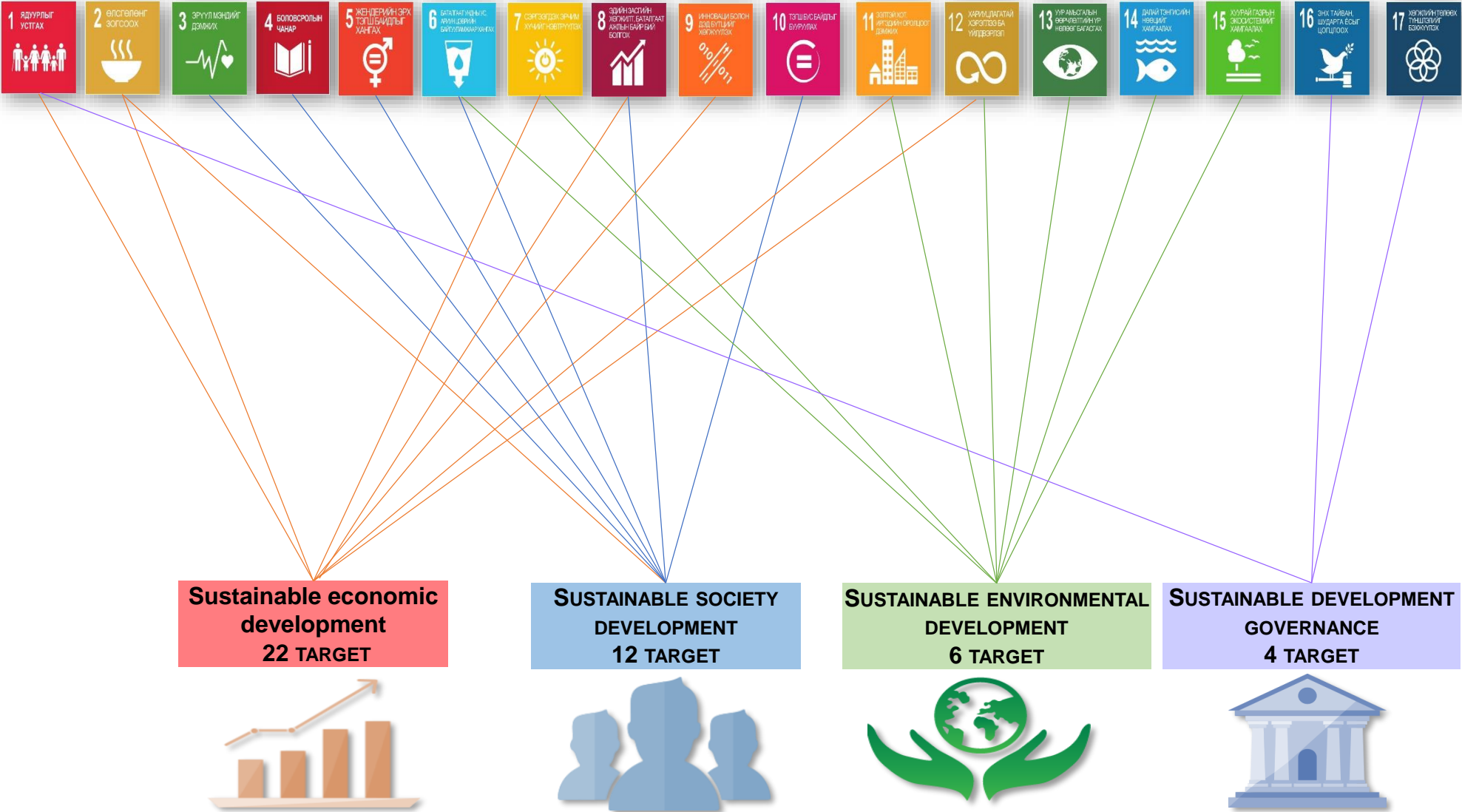
			Base level 2014	Target level 2030
<div>Sustainable economic development</div> 	Share of the processing sector exports in total exports	percent	17.0	50.0
	Global competitiveness index	rank	104	70
<div>Sustainable society development</div>  	Human development index	rank	90	70
	Gini coefficient of inequality	score	36.5	30
<div>Sustainable environmental development</div> 	Environmental performance index	rank	111	90
	Area of desertified land	percent	78.2	68
<div>Sustainable development governance</div>  	Doing business index	rank	56	40



2030 AGENDA FOR  
SUSTAINABLE  
DEVELOPMENT



SUSTAINABLE  
DEVELOPMENT VISION  
2030



## LONG 15-20 years

Vision for Development of  
Mongolia



“SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT  
VISION 2030”



GLOBAL  
SUSTAINABLE  
DEVELOPMENT  
GOALS

## MEDIUM 8-10, 3-5 years

8-10

- State Policy;
- Regional Development Policy;
- Vision for development of an aimag and a soum

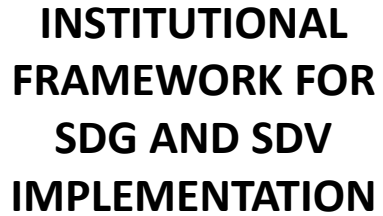
3-5

- Government Action Plan;
- Governor's Action Plan;
- National Programs and Sub-Programs;
- Public Investment Program

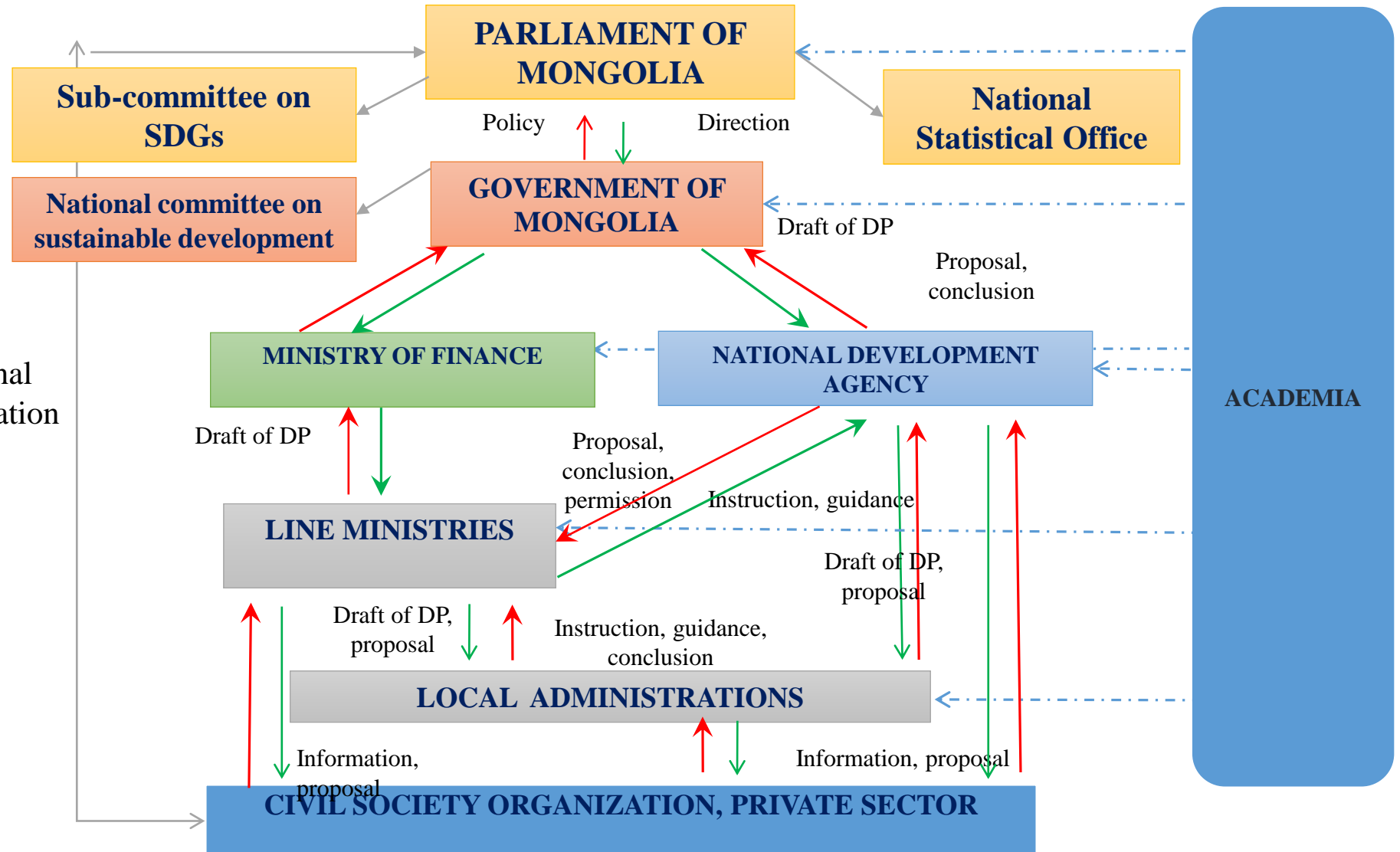
## SHORT 1 year

- Guideline for State Economic and Social Development;
- Guidelines for Economic and Social Development of Aimag, capital city, soum, district;
- National and Local Budget

## INSTITUTIONAL FRAMEWORK FOR SDG AND SDV IMPLEMENTATION



# National Consultation







How should Mongolia  
achieve the SDG and SDV  
goals and objectives?

1  
Develop a Medium-Term Plan  
for the implementation of the  
SDGs and SDV

2  
Ensure the alignment of long,  
medium and short-term,  
national, sectoral and sub-  
national development policy  
documents

3  
Set SDG indicators and targets  
at the national level

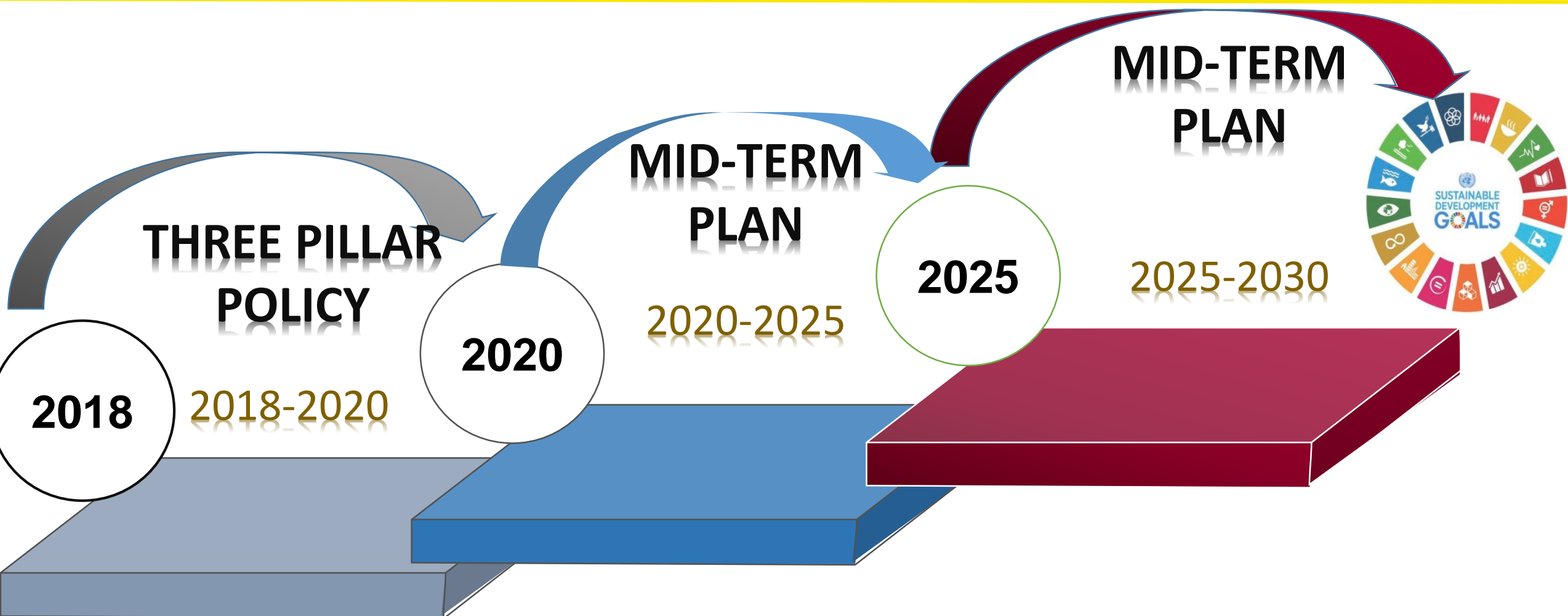
4  
Develop and strengthen national institutional  
frameworks for development planning and  
ensure its stability

5  
Ensure the alignment of priority objectives with  
budgeting and financing



GOVERNMENT OF  
MONGOLIA

# NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY





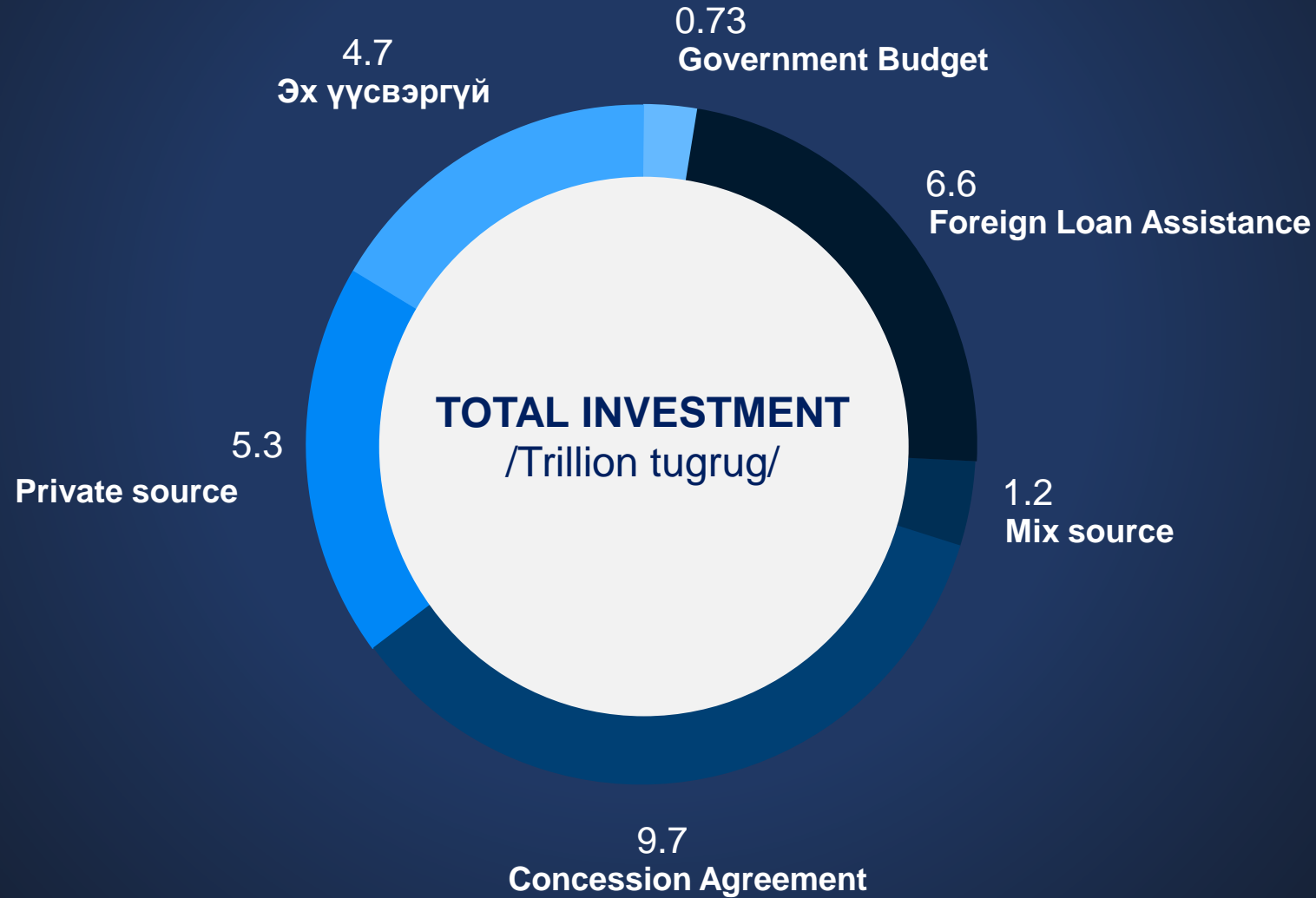


# THREE PILLAR DEVELOPMENT POLICY



# PUBLIC INVESTMENT PROGRAM

## 2018-2021





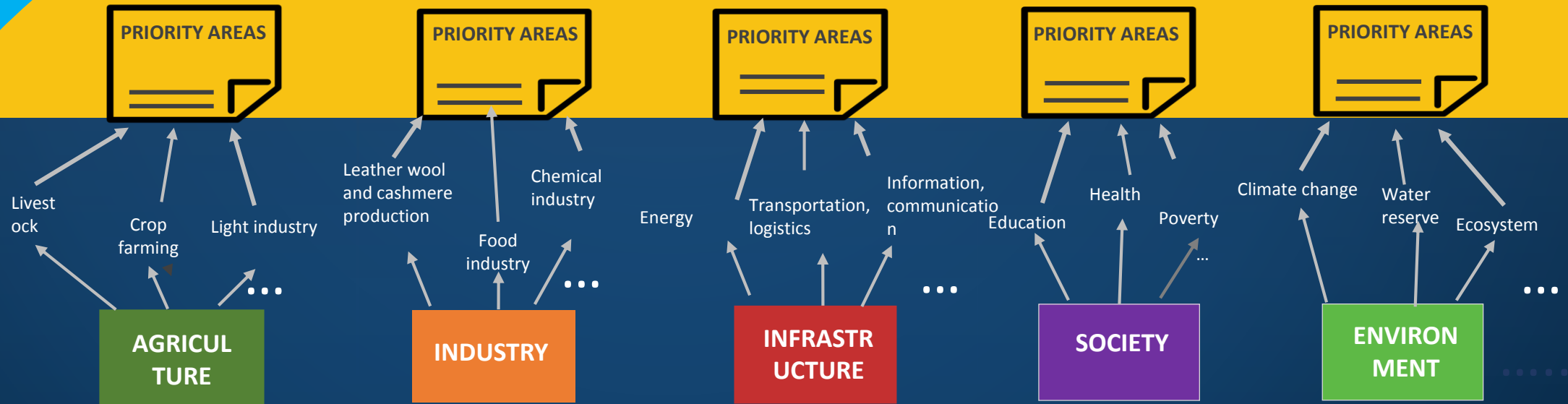
# Sustainable Development Goals, Mongolia Sustainable Development Vision - 2030

2025

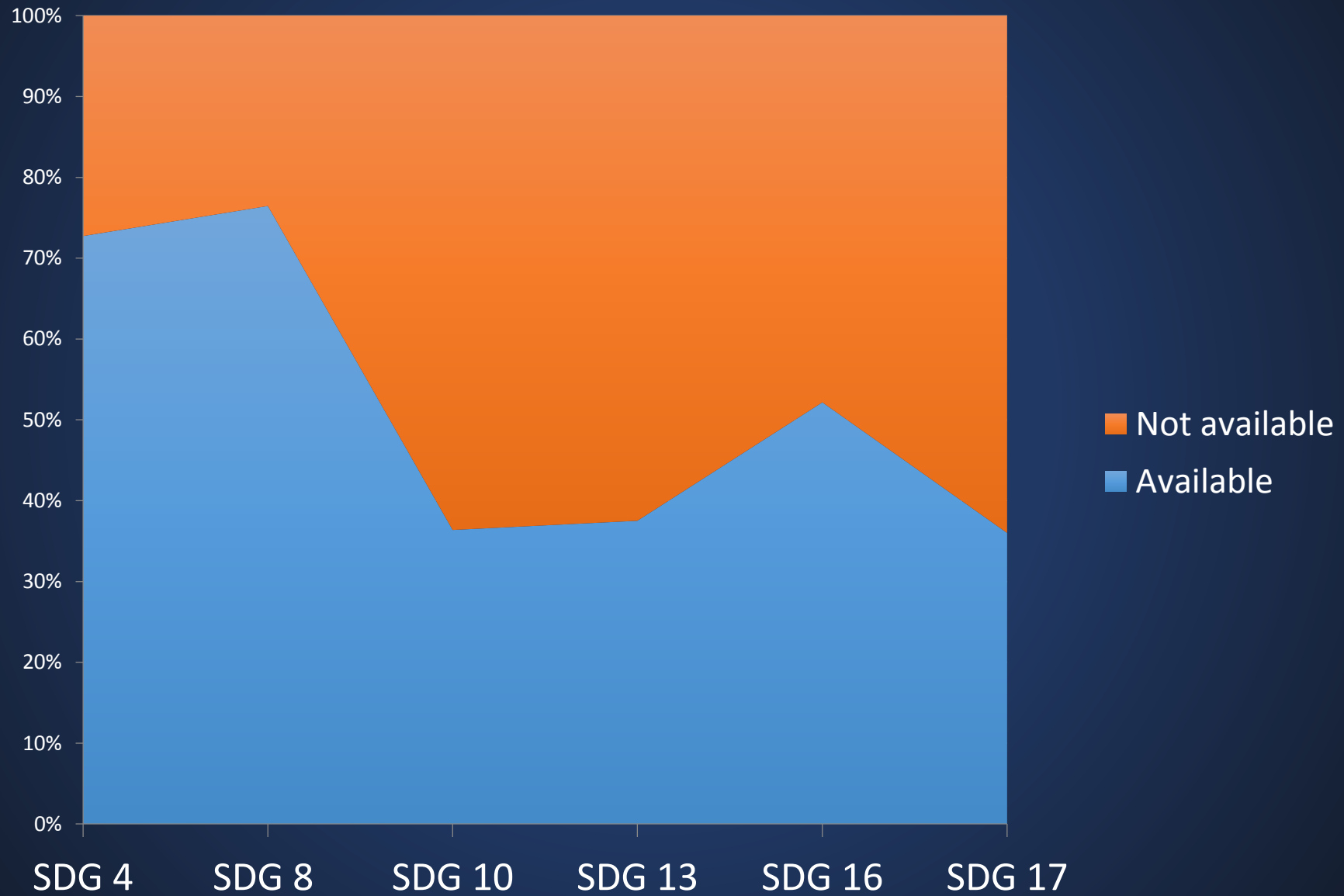
2030

## MEDIUM TERM PLAN FOR SDGs AND SDV-2030

2020



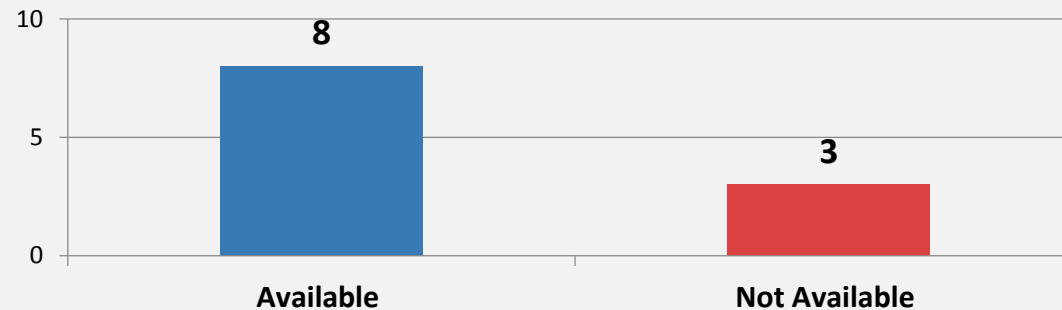
## AVAILABILITY OF SELECTED SDG INDICATORS AT THE NATIONAL LEVEL





= 10 targets

Indicators

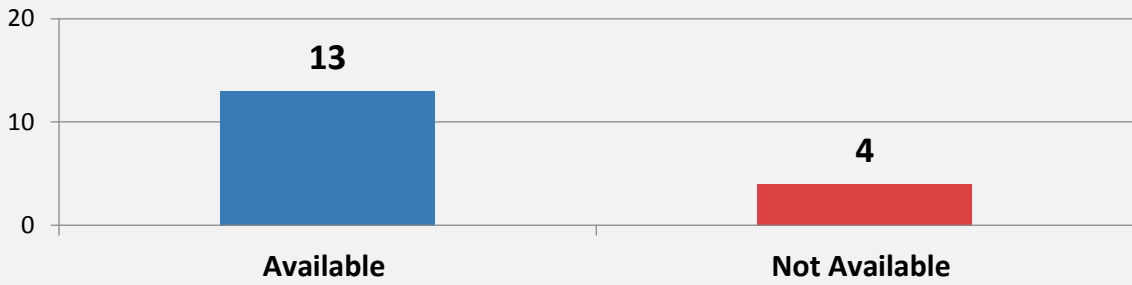


INDICATOR	2015 BASE YEAR	2016	2017
Proportion of children under 5 years of age who are developmentally on track in health, learning and psychosocial well-being, by sex	76 (2013)		
Participation rate in organized learning (one year before the official primary entry age)	66.2	68.3	64.6
Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months	61.5 (2013)		
Proportion of population in a given age group achieving at least a fixed level of proficiency in functional literacy <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Male</li> <li>Female</li> </ul>	95.2 (2013) 97.5 (2013)		
Proportion of schools with access to electricity	96.6	96.6	96.6
Proportion of schools with access to the Internet for pedagogical purposes	67.8	68.4	68.4
Proportion of schools with access to computers for pedagogical purposes	94.8	95.4	95.4
Volume of official development assistance flows for scholarships by sector and type of study	9.3	11.9	
Proportion of teachers in pre-primary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training	95.7	94.80	95.0
Proportion of teachers in lower secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training	92.7	98.8	98.8
Proportion of teachers in upper secondary education who have received at least the minimum organized teacher training	82.4	98.1	99.2



= 12 targets

Indicators



INDICATOR	2015 BASE YEAR	2016	2017
Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita (USD)	-10.6	-11.6	-12.0
Annual growth rate of real GDP per employed person	-1.2	1.5	-2.3
Proportion of informal employment in non-agriculture employment, by sex	25.0	20.0	25.0
Domestic material consumption, domestic material consumption per capita, and domestic material consumption per GDP	173585.0	188783.2	-
Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	7.5	10.0	8.8
Proportion of youth (aged 15-24 years) not in education, employment or training	16.8	20.5	19.8
Proportion and number of children aged 5-17 years engaged in child labour, by sex and age	15.9 (2011)	-	-
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tourism direct GDP as a proportion of total GDP and in growth rate</li> <li>Proportion of jobs in sustainable tourism industries out of total tourism jobs</li> </ul>	0.3 0.002	0.2 0.01	0.2
Number of commercial bank branches per 100,000 adults	67.9	68.3	-
Number of automated teller machines (ATMs) per 100,000 adults	73.4	86.9	-
Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider	103.9	126.5	-
Aid for Trade commitments and disbursement	0.4	-	-
Existence of a developed and operationalized national strategy for youth employment, as a distinct strategy or as part of a national employment strategy			





= 10 targets

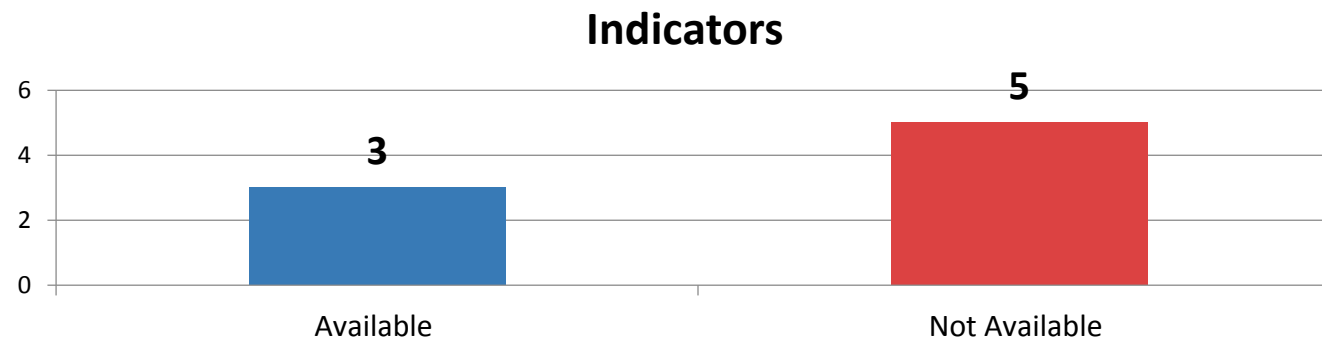
## Indicators



INDICATOR	2015 BASE YEAR	2016	2017
Proportion of people living below 50 per cent of median income, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	26.8	25.3 ↓	26.7 ↑
Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law	-	-	128
Labour share of GDP, comprising wages and social protection transfers	27.0	27.4 ↑	-
Total resource flows for development, by recipient and donor countries and type of flow (e.g. official development assistance, foreign direct investment and other flows)	331.6	666.7 ↑	938.4 ↑
Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted	94.3	517.9 ↑	1494.4 ↑



**= 5 targets**

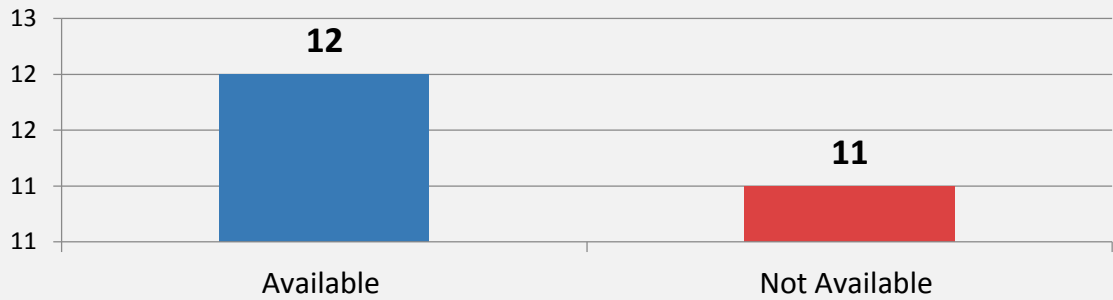


INDICATOR	2015 Base year	2016	2017
Number of deaths, missing persons and directly affected persons attributed to disasters per 100,000 population	41.3	53.1	39.0
Number of countries that adopt and implement national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030			
Number of countries that have communicated the establishment or operationalization of an integrated policy/strategy/plan which increases their ability to adapt to the adverse impacts of climate change, and foster climate resilience and low greenhouse gas emissions development in a manner that does not threaten food production			



= 12 targets

Indicators

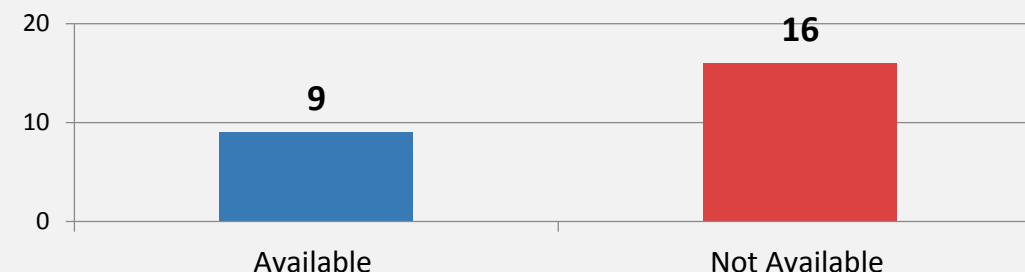


INDICATOR	2015 Base year	2016	2017
Number of victims of intentional homicide per 100,000 population	7	6	6.2
Conflict-related deaths per 100,000 population	0	0	-
Proportion of population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months	-	0.04	-
Proportion of children aged 1-17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month	-	0.01	
Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population	0.3	0.2	0.3
Primary government expenditures as a proportion of original approved budget, by sector	94.7	95.0	95.0
Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months	21.2	17.9	14.6
Proportion of population satisfied with their last experience of public services	27.3	27	28.1
Number of verified cases of killing, kidnapping, enforced disappearance, arbitrary detention and torture of journalists, associated media personnel, trade unionists and human rights advocates in the previous 12 months	0	0	0
Number of countries that adopt and implement constitutional, statutory and/or policy guarantees for public access to information			
Existence of independent national human rights institutions in compliance with the Paris Principles			



= 19 targets

Indicators



INDICATOR	2015 Base year	2016	2017
Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source	16.6	16.1 ↓	-
Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes	11.7	26.8 ↑	65.8 ↑
Volume of remittances (in United States dollars) as a proportion of total GDP	2.7	2.7 ○	2.3 ↓
Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and services	30.0	30.1 ↑	23.3 ↓
Proportion of individuals using the Internet	82.0	87.8 ↑	94.0 ↑
Developing countries' and least developed countries' share of global exports	0.025	0.027 ↑	
Number of countries that have national statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics	✓	✓	✓
Number of countries with a national statistical plan that is fully funded and under implementation, by source of funding	✓	✓	✓
Proportion of countries have conducted at least one population and housing census in the last 10 years	✓	✓	✓
Proportion of countries (b) have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration	✓	✓	✓



## Challenges in implementing SDGs

1  
Policy Alignment

2  
Availability of Indicators

3  
Monitoring & Evaluation


4  
Institutional Coordination

# Voluntary National Reviews for SDG implementation







The national reviews is expected to serve as a basis for the regular reviews by the high-level political forum (HLPF), meeting under the auspices of ECOSOC.























- In 2016, 22 countries,
- In 2017, 43 countries reported implementation of SDGs
- In 2018, 47 countries
- In 2019, currently 29 countries are planning to report, including Mongolia.



SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

KNOWLEDGE PLATFORM

HOME	HIGH-LEVEL POLITICAL FORUM	STATES	SIDS	SDGS	TOPICS	UN SYSTEM	STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT	PARTNERSHIPS	RESOURCES	ABOUT
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>domestic resources</li> <li>ensuring that no one is left behind</li> <li>green economy</li> <li>green growth</li> <li>illicit financial flows</li> <li>industrialization</li> <li>international cooperation</li> <li>leaving no one behind</li> <li>local government</li> <li>MDGs implementation</li> <li>means of implementation</li> <li>ODA</li> <li>parliament</li> <li>private sector</li> <li>regional cooperation</li> <li>south-south</li> <li>stakeholder involvement</li> <li>sustainable consumption and production</li> <li>sustainable development strategies</li> <li>technology transfer</li> <li>three dimensions of sustainable development</li> </ul>			2019	Indonesia						
			2019	Israel						
			2019	Kazakhstan						
			2019	Kuwait						
			2019	Mauritius						
			2019	Mongolia						
			2019	Nauru						
			2019	New Zealand						
			2019	Pakistan						
			2019	Palau						
	2019	Philippines								





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**THANK YOU**