NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT POLICY AND FRAMEWORKS: PLATFORM TOWARD SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

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MINISTRY OF NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PLANNING
2016
Urban population growth rates nearly 2.75% /years bigger than national rates 1.17% /year

➢ 2015: 59.35% population live in the city

Gini ratio increase from 0.38 to 0.43 during the year 2011-2014
Poverty rate only slightly decreased from 11.4 million to 10.65 million during the year 2004 - 2012
**DISTRIBUTION OF CITIES IN INDONESIA:**

**GAP BETWEEN WEST PART AND EAST PART OF INDONESIA**

- Indonesia with 250 million population spread over 1,905 million km² with 17,508 islands in the 34 provinces, 415 Districts, and 93 otonomous cities.
- Indonesia’s rich with about 1,300 local tribes, 700 local languages. Indonesia’s biodiversity is the three largest in the world with 8,000 plant species and 2,000 animal species.

- Indonesia has the longest 2nd coastline in the world, and
- Lay on the Pacific Ring of Fire > make it vulnerable to disaster and impact of climate change.
**PLATFORM TOWARDS SUSTAINABLE URBAN DEVELOPMENT**

**Better Condition**

**INDONESIAN CITIES**

The Principles of The Future Sustainable Cities considering
To achieve SDGs Goals And The New Urban Agenda

**City with intervention minimum Service Standard (SPM)**

**City with progresif intervention on Sustainable Urban Service Standard for all aspect**

**City without Intervention**

**NEW URBAN AGENDA**

**PRIORITY ACTIONS:**

1. Provide as legal basis, The National Urban Development Policy. Elaborate it at the local level with Sustainable Planning

2. Sustainable Urban Governance

3. Strengthen Urban Financing System

4. Fulfill Urban Service Standard towards Sustainable Principles and Develop Investment for Urban Service Standard

5. Provide, Monitor, and Evaluation Cities Development by City Development Index.
NATIONAL URBAN DEVELOPMENT POLICY AND STRATEGY 2015-2045

Vision: Sustainable and Competitive City

Develop City Branding based on Indonesian geographical, natural resources, socio-cultural, local characteristic

Developing linkages and connectivity between cities with surrounding areas, urban-rural areas, within National Urban System
LINKAGES between cities and urban-rural areas within NATIONAL URBAN SYSTEM

Fulfillment of Urban Service Standards (SPP) as well as LIVABLE CITIES

100% indicators for GREEN CITIES achieved for all cities

100% indicators achieved for SMART AND COMPETITIVE CITIES achieved for all cities

Path to The Future Cities

1. Fulfillment of URBAN SERVICE STANDARDS
2. 100% indicators for URBAN GOVERNANCE achieved for all cities
3. LINKAGES between cities and urban-rural areas within NATIONAL URBAN SYSTEM

NATIONAL URBAN DEVELOPMENT ROAD MAP 2015-2045 INTO LONG TERM AND MEDIUM TERM DEVELOPMENT PLAN
EVALUATION ON THE ACHIEVEMENT OF MDGS

From 8 Goals, 18 targets dan 67 indicator’s of MDGs

18 indicators unachieved

49 indicators achieved

1. Poverty
2. Nutrition & calorie input
Maternal mortality
HIV/AIDS prevalence
1. Forest area
2. CO2 emission
3. Rural drinking water
4. Sanitation
5. Slum in Urban Area
1. Export dan Import Ratio to GDP
2. Internet Access
### CHALLENGES AND OPPORTUNITIES TO IMPLEMENT SDGS

1. Integration of **all** indicators in the mid-term and yearly planning and budgetting system at the local level.
2. Utilization of **resources** from private and society including cooperation with development partners.
3. Development of **database and information system** on urban indicators at the local level.
4. Strengthening **communication and advocacy** strategies at the national and local.
5. **Sinergy** between ministries, national and local, privates, and professionals, to achieve the targets.

Some metropolitan, big, and medium cities has already started their **innovative initiatives** to develop their city in a sustainable way, started from the visionary head of local government (mayor, head of district, governor).
Jogyakarta Livable City

Developed Indicators:
- House
- Water, Sewerage
- Integrated Transportation, Safety, Difable facilities
- Social Institution, local wisdom
- Law Enforcement

Kali Code area becomes one of low income housing best design received Aga Khan Awards.

People in Yogyakarta still keep the local social custom from ancient ‘Mataram’ Kingdom.

Yogyakarta has integrated mass rapid transit, ‘Trans Jogja’.

Malang Green City

Developed Indicators:
- Land Banking
- Green planning (land use planning and building registration)
- Environment Protection
- Disaster Mitigation Facility
- Disaster Risk Insurance
- Capacity Building

‘Bank Sampah’ or Waste Bank is waste pooling to be converted into new product, by bringing waste to the ‘Bank’ to be exchanged with some amount of money.

Healthy Kampong or ‘Kampung Sehat’ is innovative concept to provide fresh and organic food for city people by avoiding pesticide.

Surabaya Integrated Livable, Green, Smart City

Prepare and develop smart urban governance in urban management in an inovative, eficient, and effective way, using ICT.

Create a decent, livable settlement by providing access to and control the basic services to the community.

Education and development of intelligence of urban community, take advantage of social and cultural diversity.

Develop green living and environment supported by communication technology.
1. REGULATION

Provide the umbrella to national urban development

- Government Regulation on Urban Development
- Laws on local government that set out mostly regional authority
- Government Regulation on Cooperation

Provide the mechanism for SDG’s implementation

- Laws on Long Term Development Plan, Medium Term Development Plan and Yearly Government Work Plan along with the budgetting, from the national, provincial, district and municipality
- Laws on the spatial plan, that referred by the development plan
- Integration of SDGs into Local Government Development Plan through A Local Action Plan ratified by Local Government
2. SUSTAINABLE CITY INDEX / SCI 2015

CITIES, URBAN-RURAL INTERLINKAGES

SCIENCE NATIONAL AVERAGE (49.35)

IDEAL

METROPOLITAN CITIES

MEDIUM CITIES
3. NATIONAL URBAN DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM: INTEGRATED FRAMEWORK

LOCAL GOVERNMENT

REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM
2. To prepare planning for Future City, which consist of livable city, green and resilient city, smart and competitive city.
3. To strengthen local government capacity to develop Future City.
4. To prepare and strengthen urban financing incl. project readiness criteria.
5. Inter-sectors integration on urban development

URBAN DEVELOPMENT FACILITATION AND ASSISTANCE

COMPONENT 1: Policy, Institution, and Financing for the City

COMPONENT 2: Capacity Building, preparation of urban infrastructure facilitation

COMPONENT 3: Spatial and Urban Information System

COMPONENT 4: Infrastructure Development for Sustainable City and New Town

SUB COMPONENT:
1. Preparation of local urban development policy and strategy.
2. Support on management program.

Improving capacity of urban development institution and human resources in local level.

1. City and urban map.
2. Formulation of management instrument, monitoring, and urban development evaluation mechanism.

Fulfillment of Urban Service Standard (SPP) and livable city development, Green and resilience city, Smart and competitive city.
### 4. FACILITATION-COOPERATION WITH PARTNERS

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<tr>
<th>DEVELOPMENT PARTNER</th>
<th>PROFESSIONAL, PRIVATE, COMMUNITY INITIATIVES</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>NEXUS PROGRAM - GIZ</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>- FGD for program prioritization choice.</td>
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<td>- Prepared PFS of urban infrastructure.</td>
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<td>- Sharing of knowledge</td>
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<td><strong>RESILIENT CITY – MERCY CORPS</strong></td>
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<td>- Technical assistance for local government.</td>
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<td>- Project intervention for local government</td>
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<td><strong>GREEN CITY – ADB</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Technical assistance to develop green city</td>
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<td>- Developing capacity of local government for urban development management</td>
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<td><strong>FRAMEWORK FOR URBAN INFRASTRUCTURE – CDIA</strong></td>
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<td>- Technical assistance to program prioritazion.</td>
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<td>- Prepared PFS of urban infrastructure</td>
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<td>- Channeling into alternative financing</td>
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<td><strong>RESILIENT CITY – WORLD BANK</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Prepared national guideline development of resilient city</td>
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<td><strong>LOCAL BANK</strong></td>
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<td>- Technical assistance to society.</td>
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<td>- Development concepts of recycle economy.</td>
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<td><strong>NGO’S</strong></td>
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<td>- Development of knowledge for urban and ecological transition.</td>
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<td>- Research activities, capacity building, and policy advocacy</td>
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<td><strong>LOCAL UNIVERSITIES</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>- Cooperation with local communities to develop green local economy</td>
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<td>- Research activities, knowledge sharing</td>
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NATIONAL AND REGIONAL/LOCAL URBAN FRAMEWORK FOR SDGs AND THE NEW URBAN AGENDA

The New Urban Agenda

Sustainable Development Goals 2030

INTEGRATED URBAN POLICY

NATIONAL URBAN DEV’T POLICY 2015-2045

PROVINCIAL URBAN DEV’T POLICY 2015-2045

CITY/DISTRICT, LOCAL URBAN DEV’T POLICY 2015-2045

MEDIUM TERM DEV’T PLAN /RPJMN 2015-2019

PROVINCIAL MEDIUM TERM DEV’T PLAN /RPJMD 2015-2019

CITY/DISTRICT/LOCAL MEDIUM TERM DEV’T PLAN /RPJMD 2015-2019

INTEGRATED PROGRAM

National-regional-local priorities

SDGS NATIONAL ACTION PLAN

SDGS PROVINCIAL ACTION PLAN

SDGS CITY/DISTRICT/LOCAL ACTION PLAN
THE STRATEGIES TO LOCAL IMPLEMENTATION

1. An inclusive coordination and partnership with all stakeholders;

2. **Regulation**: Presidential Regulation on The Implementation of Sustainable Development Goals in Indonesia, followed by formulation of the National Action Plan and Local Action Plan;

3. **Institutional Development**: strategic and operational at the local level;

4. **HITS approach** (Holistic, Thematic, Integrated, Spatial) → to make sure the effectiveness and benefit to the people → inclusive principle and *no one left behind*;

5. SDGs mainstreaming into national and local development planning.
THANK YOU

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