Progress and Challenges in Implementation of SDGs
- Republic of Korea -


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Development Policy Division, MOFA, ROK
Table of Contents

- Background
- SDGs in Korea
- SDGs for International Community
1. Background

1) History

- Presidential Committee on Sustainable Development (PNCSD)
  - Agenda 21 (1996)
  - The 1st National Sustainable Development Strategy and Implementation Plan (‘06~’10)
  - Framework Act on Low Carbon, Green Growth
  - Framework Act on Sustainable Development

- 2000

- 2006

- 2010

- 2016

The 3rd National Basic Plan for Sustainable Development (‘16~’35)
1. Background

1) History

- Framework Act on Sustainable Development (2007)
  - Biannual report on the results of the evaluation of sustainability

  - Presidential Committee on Sustainable Development → National Commission on Sustainable Development under Ministry of Environment
  - Government Bodies: Mainly MOFA*, MOE**, Statistics Korea

- 3rd National Basic Plan for Sustainable Development (‘16~’35)
  - Vision: Harmonized development of the environment, society, and economy
  - 4 Goals: Healthy Land, Integrated and Safe Society, Inclusive Creative Economy, Global Responsibility

* MOFA: Ministry of Foreign Affairs, **MOE: Ministry of Environment
1. Background

Establishment of K-SDGs in 2018

- Major Domestic Indicators
- Existing Sustainability Indicators
- Major International Indicators (UN Sdgs, OECD BLI, etc.)

Korea’s Sustainable Development Goals
- Establishment of comprehensive goals and indicator system
- Setting goals for each indicator
- Establishment of implementation strategy

Stakeholder Engagement + Public Participation

K-SDGs
- 5 Strategies
- 17 Goals
- 122 Targets
- 214 Indicators

*14 new targets
119 new indicators
1. Background

Stakeholder Engagement and Public Participation for Establishment of K-SDGs

Social Ministerial Meeting / Cabinet Meeting

Director-Level Committee (presided by the environment minister)
- [Formation] SDGs-related ministries
- [Operation] Quarterly
  * Assistants: The education ministry, the environment ministry, and Statistics Korea

Working-Level T/F (managerial meeting presided by the environment director)
- [Formation] SDGs-related ministries
- [Operation] Monthly [more if needed]
  * Assistants: The education ministry, the environment ministry, and Statistics Korea

Ministerial Consultative Bodies
23 ministries including the finance, education, and welfare ministries

Joint Working Groups of the Private, Public, and Academic Sectors
420 people including civic group experts, industry experts, public officials, state researchers, and professors

Social Dialogue
- National SDGs Forum [roundtable]
- Public surveys

Stakeholder Groups (K-MGoS)
Persons with disability, women/families, youth, teenagers, workers, farmers, migrants, animal protection, industries, science and technology, education/academia, local communities, and local governments
1. Background

(Now) Revising Indicators and confirming targets
Supporting to develop L-SDGs
(Plan) National Sustainable Development Report 2020 will includes K-SDGs’ evaluation

A Sustainable Nation that Embraces All

Humans
A society where everyone can live like a human being
- Poverty reduction and strengthened social protection systems
- Food security and sustainable agriculture
- Healthy and happy lives
- Promotion of education
- Inclusive, safe, and resilient cities and settlements

Global Environment
Clean environment that can be enjoyed by all generations
- Sound and safe water management
- Eco-friendly production and consumption of energy
- Response to climate change
- Conservation of marine ecosystems
- Conservation of terrestrial ecosystems

Prosperity
Economic growth that improves the quality of life
- Expansion of quality jobs and economic growth
- Establishment of infrastructure, R&D expansion, and economic development
- Sustainable consumption and production

Peace
Protection of human rights and inter-Korean peace
- Gender equality
- Reduction of inequality
- Human rights, justice, and equality

Partnership
Strengthened global cooperation
- Enhanced global partnerships
Current Administration’s Vision and Goals to build “Inclusive State”

- Inclusive State: growing together through innovation, and everyone sharing in the benefits of growth through inclusion

- Strong support across all dimensions of society, from child care and education to employment
  - All stages of life, from child care to education, employment and old age
  - All areas, from health and safety, income and environment to housing
2. SDGs in Korea

2) Review


<Implementation Status of UN SDGs>

* No Poverty  Goal 1
* Zero Hunger  Goal 2
* Good Health  Goal 3
* Education  Goal 4
* Gender Equality  Goal 5
* Clean Water &  Goal 6
* Clean Energy  Goal 7
* Decent Work  Goal 8
* Industry &  Goal 9
* Inequality  Goal 10
* Cities  Goal 11
* Consumption &  Goal 12
* Climate Action  Goal 13
* Life Below Water  Goal 14
* Life on Land  Goal 15
* Peace, Justice&  Goal 16

2. SDGs in Korea

2) Review

- **Index score:** 78.3
- **Regional average score:** 77.7

**SDG Global rank 18 (of 162)**

3. SDGs for International Community

1) Global Discussion

Engage in global processes such as HLPF and APFSD
3. SDGs for International Community

2) ODA (1)

- Contribute to the achievements of SDGs
- Create ‘equitable global community’ through ‘self-sustained growth’
- Support humanitarian assistance and peace building
3. SDGs for International Community

Mid-Term Strategy for Development Cooperation (2016–2020)

Contribute to Co-prosperity of Humanity and Global Peace

Contribute to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Integrated ODA
- Consolidation strategy for loans and grants
- 2nd CPS
- Integrated approach to multilateral cooperation

Substantive ODA
- Update ODA content
- Strengthen ODA evaluations
- Enhance transparency

Collaborative ODA
- Strengthen public-private partnerships
- Strengthen cooperation with international partners

Achievements of First Mid-Term Strategy for Development Cooperation
- Laid foundation for integrated approach
- Selected priority partner countries and developed CPSs
- Introduced integrated loan and grant appraisal policy
- Expanded ODA
- Established system for feedback through evaluations
- Decided to join IATI
- Expanded engagement with civil society, academia, and business
- Organized HLF-4
- Underwent OECD DAC Peer Review
3. SDGs for International Community

KOICA*'s Mid-term Strategy

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Priority Sectors</th>
<th>Cross-cutting Issues</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>Environment</td>
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<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>Gender Equality</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Governance</td>
<td>Human Rights</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries</td>
<td>- Water</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- Transportation</td>
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<td>- Energy</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Agriculture &amp; Rural Development</td>
<td>Climate Change Response</td>
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<tr>
<td>Technology, Environment and Energy</td>
<td>Gender Equality</td>
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* Korea International Cooperation Agency
## 3. SDGs for International Community

KOICA’s Vision, Mission and SDGs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Vision</th>
<th>Mission</th>
<th>SDGs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Education</td>
<td>Inclusive development through quality education</td>
<td>To ensure rights to education for all by strengthening education systems in partner countries and encouraging the participation of diverse stakeholders</td>
<td>1, 4, 8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health</td>
<td>Ensuring healthy life and dignity for all</td>
<td>To contribute to the achievement of universal health objectives by improving access to quality health and medical services and care for all</td>
<td>2, 3, 5, 6, 7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Governance</td>
<td>Effective and inclusive governance</td>
<td>To contribute to sustainable development and poverty reduction through the support of developing a system based on responsibility, inclusiveness and effectiveness</td>
<td>8, 10, 11, 16, 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agriculture &amp; Rural Development</td>
<td>Securing the comprehensive well-being for rural people</td>
<td>To contribute to the enhancement of the quality for all through the inclusive and sustainable rural and sustainable development</td>
<td>2, 9, 10, 12, 13, 18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water</td>
<td>Water as a natural right</td>
<td>Contributing to sustainable development and the strengthened resilience of developing countries through reliable water supply, more efficient use of water and climate change-caused disaster risk reduction</td>
<td>2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 11, 13, 18</td>
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</tbody>
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## 3. SDGs for International Community

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<td>Transportation</td>
<td>Connecting people and driving the economy forward</td>
<td>To promote inclusive growth by assisting partner countries to lay a sustainable transport system</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Energy</td>
<td>Promoting sustainable development through energy</td>
<td>Contributing to CO₂ reduction through sustainable energy and realizing inclusive growth</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Science, Technology and Innovation (STI)</td>
<td>Mobilizing an innovation-based economy that developing countries can facilitate through their own efforts</td>
<td>To support securing future growth engines for developing countries based on STI</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gender Equality</td>
<td>Society with gender equality and women’s dignity</td>
<td>Contributing to accomplish gender equality and sustainable development of the international society, based on the SDG’s spirit of equity and universality</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Climate Change Response</td>
<td>Improving the quality of life in developing countries</td>
<td>Contributing to building capacity for the climate change response of developing countries</td>
<td></td>
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3. SDGs for International Community

Plan to double ODA volume by 2030

- Transport & Storage: 4,218, 23%
- Education: 2,272, 12%
- Water Supply & Sanitation: 2,192, 12%
- Health: 2,093, 11%
- Government & Civil Society: 1,570, 8%
- Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing: 1,211, 7%
- Energy: 1,128, 6%
- 5%

ODA Volume of 2001-2015 by sectors
Wrap Up

With International Community

With Civil Society

With Public

With Celebrities
Thank You