



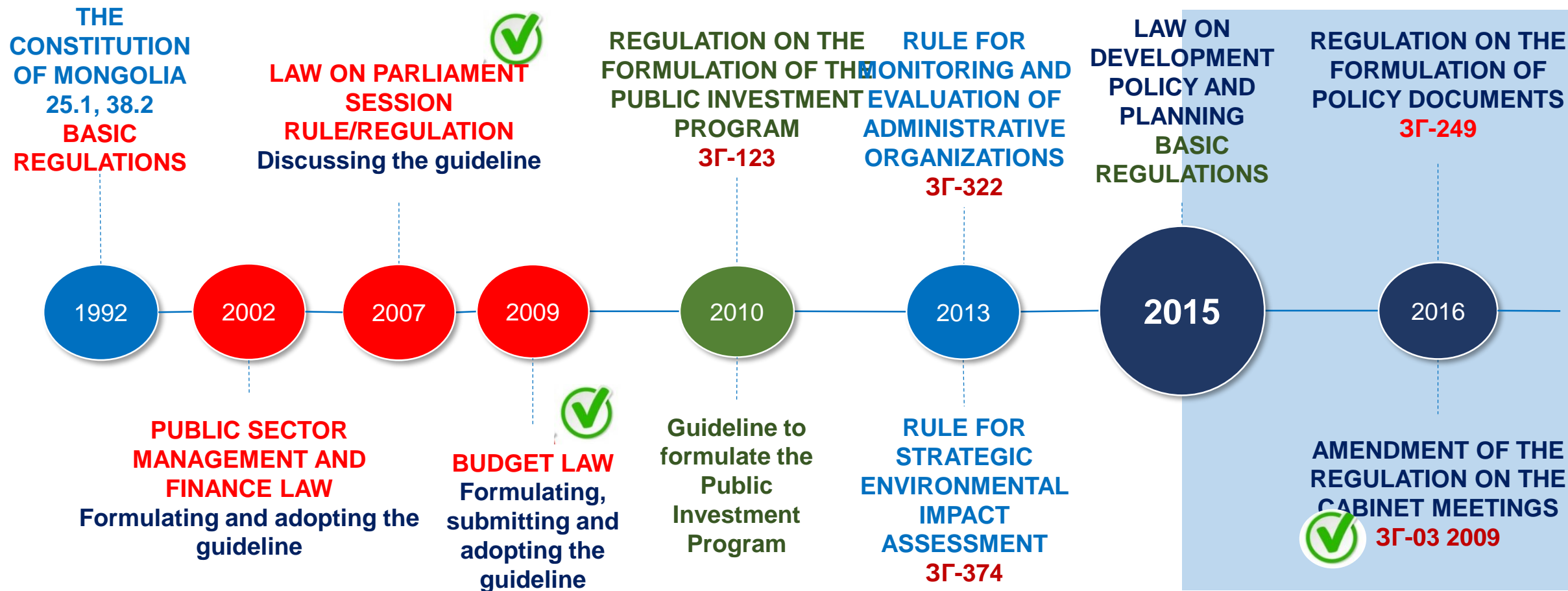
**GOVERNMENT REGULATORY AGENCY
NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY**

SDGs IN MONGOLIA

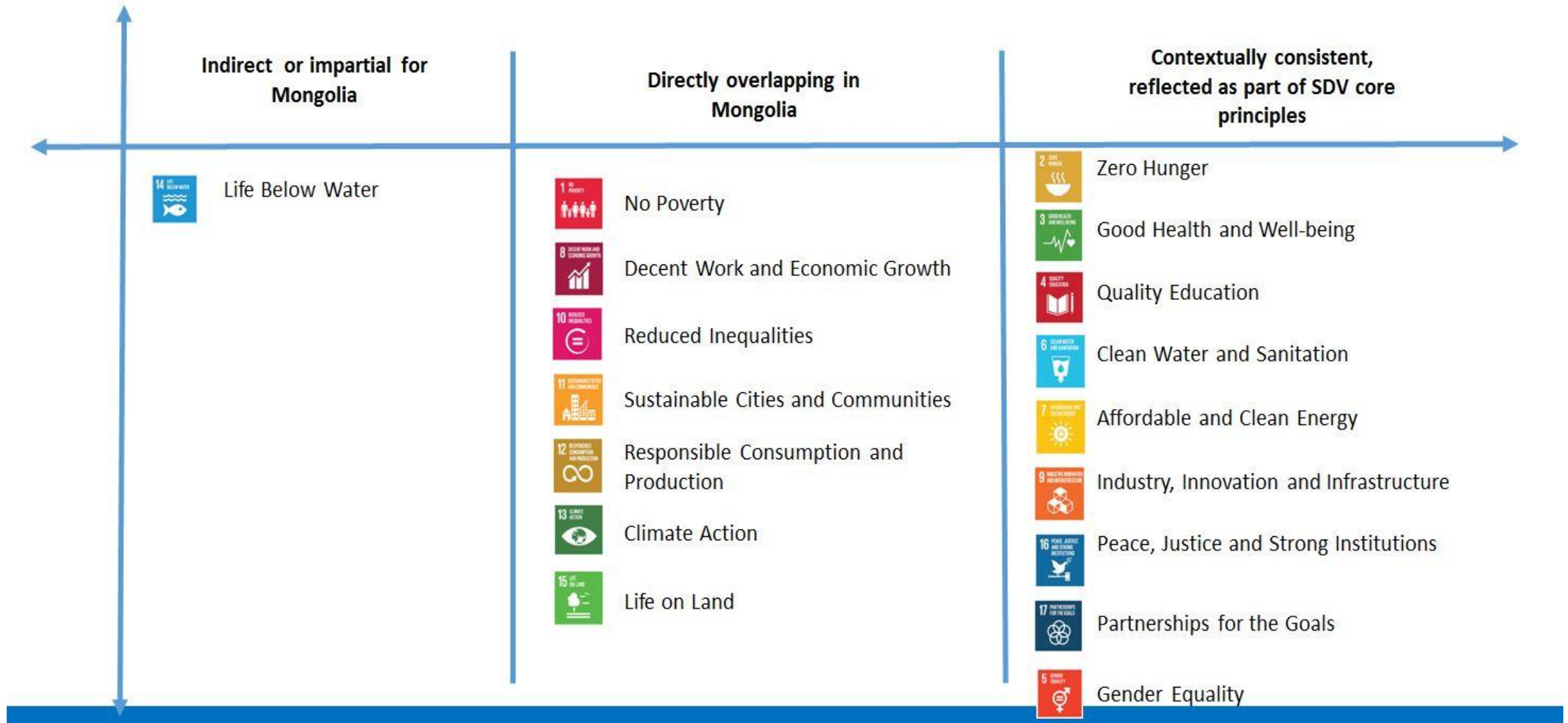
TUGSBILGUUN TAMIR
Officer at the Research and Analysis department

2019.10.15

LEGAL FRAMEWORK FOR PLANNING, MONITORING AND EVALUATION OF NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT POLICIES



SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS AND SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT VISION-2030 ALIGNMENT

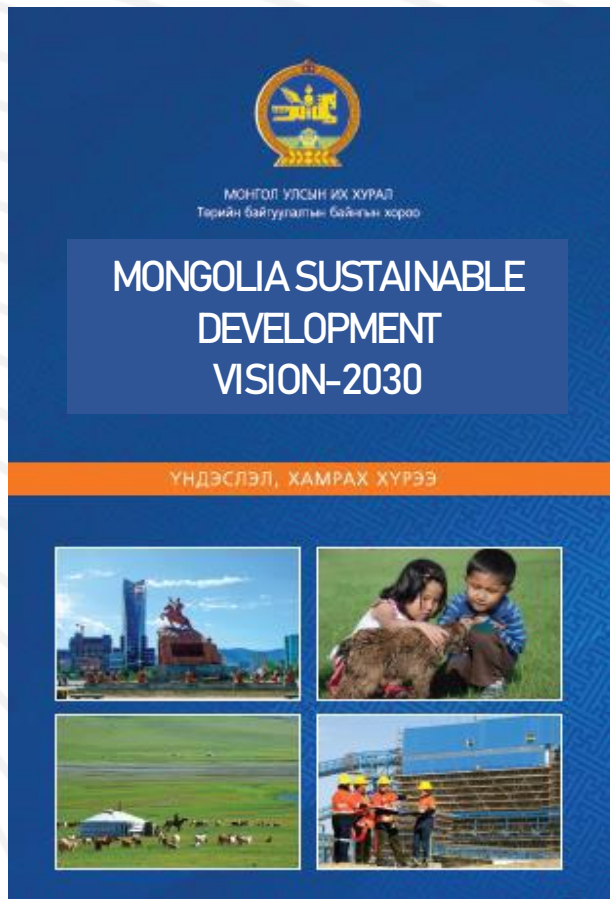


MONGOLIA SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT VISION-2030

Mongolia Sustainable Development Vision-2030 was approved by the Parliament Resolution No. 19 of February 5th, 2016. It has 4 development pillars, 44 goals across 14 sectors to be implemented in 3 stages.

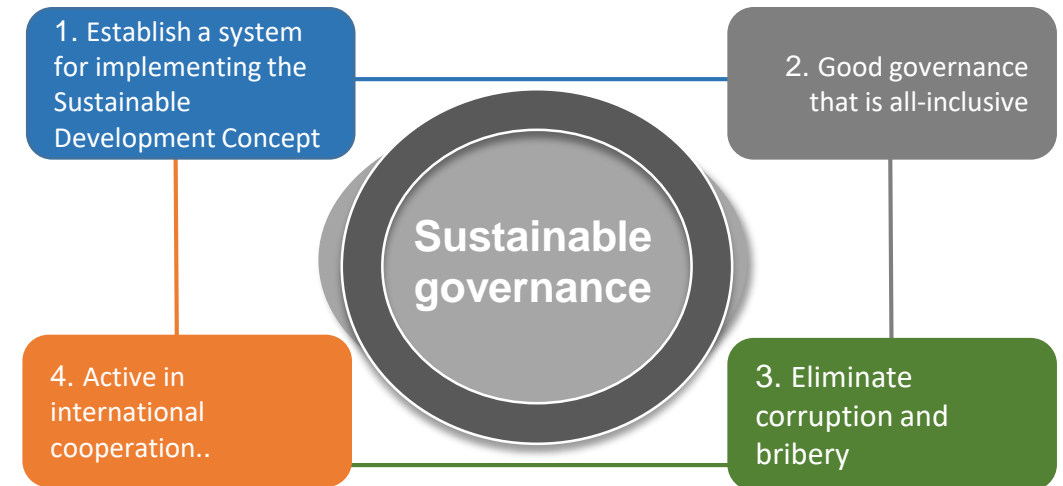
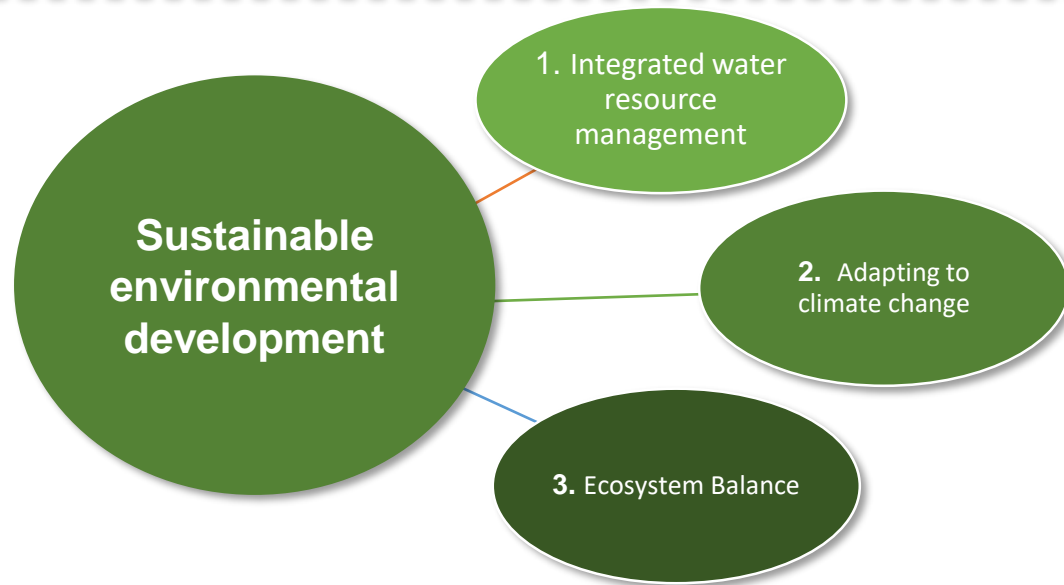
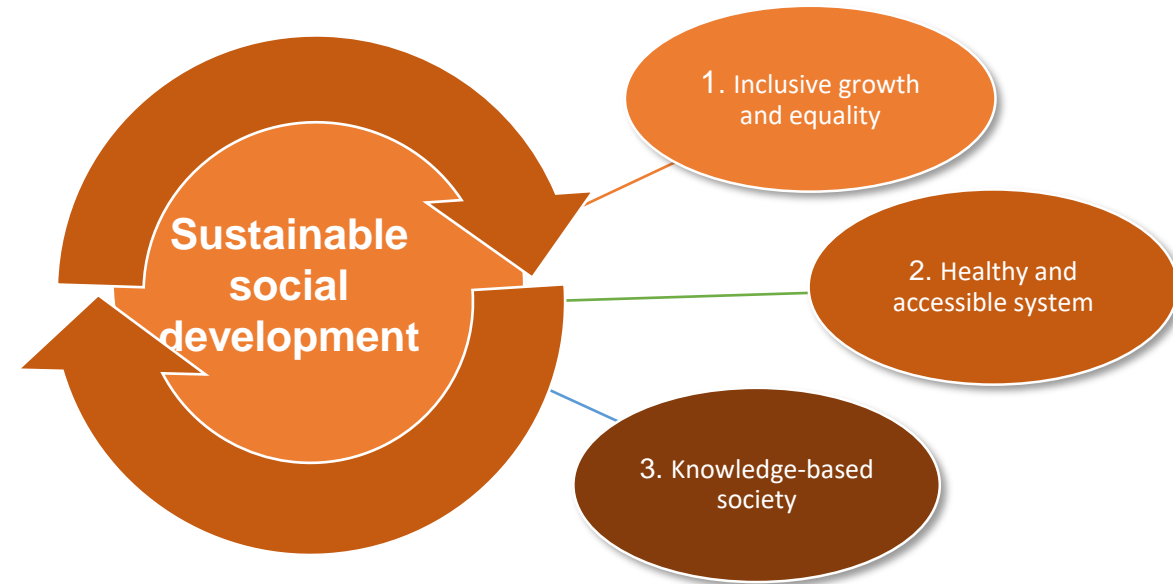
VISION

By 2030, Mongolia aspires to be amongst leading middle-income countries based on per capita income. It hopes to be a multi-sector stable economy, and a society dominated by middle and upper-middle income classes, which would preserve ecological balance, and have stable and democratic governance.



18-10-19







Sustainable Development Goals

Adopted at the UN General Assembly in September 2015



SOCIETY

NO ONE LEFT BEHIND



ECONOMY



ENVIRONMENT

The Sustainable Development Goals are a global, long-term policy document based on the three pillars that are society, economy and environment.

17
GOALS

169
OBJECTIVES

244 INDICATORS



HEAD:

National Development Agency

National Statistics Office

Ministry of Finance

Science Academy

CSO representative

**Multistakeholder
Government
Working Group**

National
University of
Mongolia

Sustainable
Development
Institute

Cabinet Secretariat

Advisor to
the Prime
Minister

Parliamentary
SDG Committee

Private Sector:
Chamber of Commerce

HEAD:

Civil Society Organization

National
University of
Mongolia

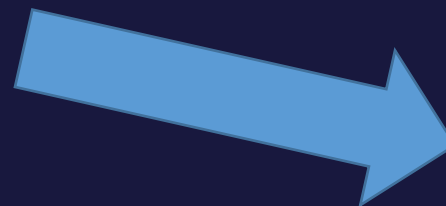
Cabinet
Secretariat

**Advocacy
Team**

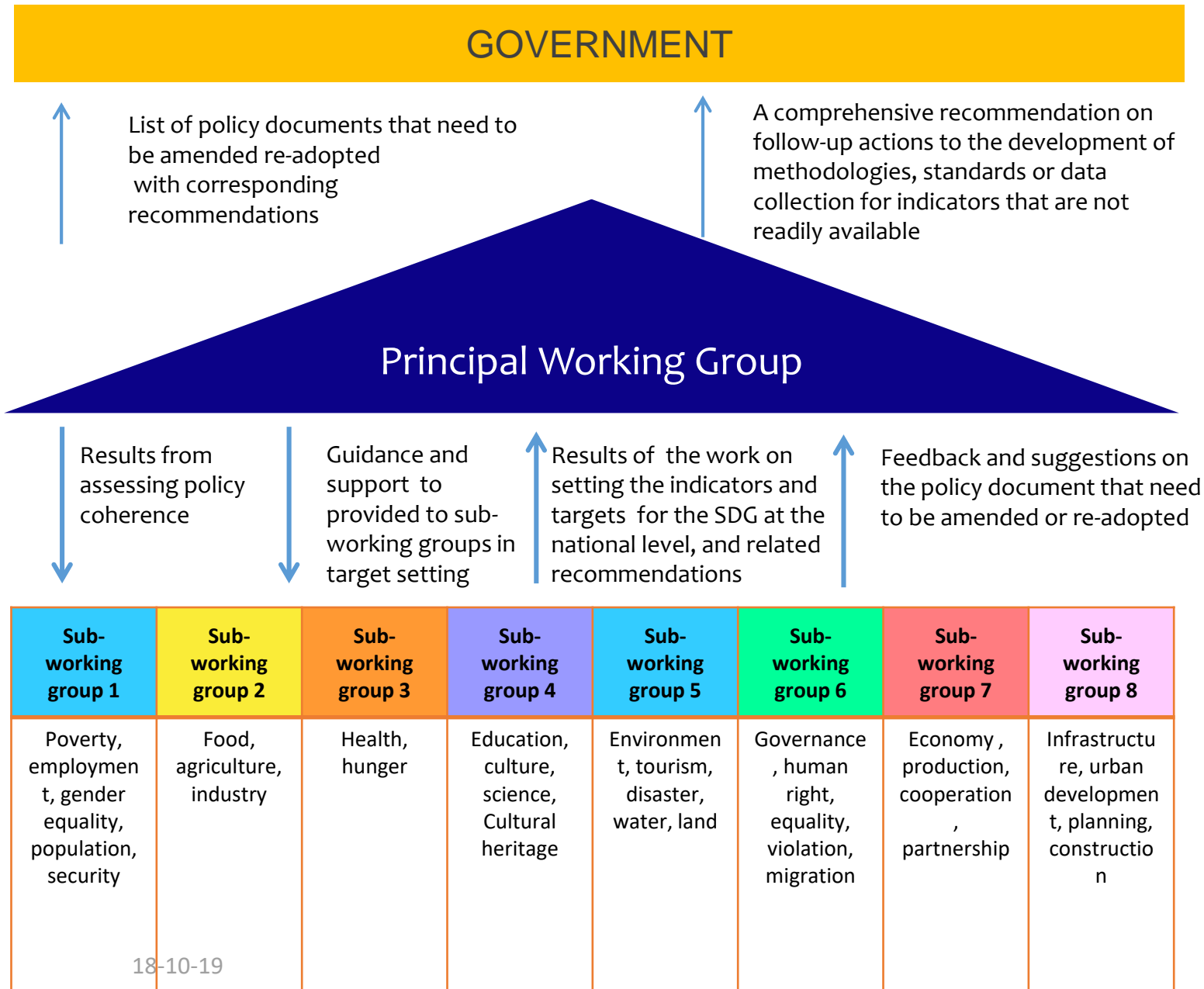
Private
Sector

UN

National Statistics Office



ORGANIZATIONAL MAP FOR ASSESSING POLICY COHERENCE AND TARGET SETTING



Principal Working Group

Chairperson: **CHIEF OF CABINET SECRETARIAT**

Members:

- **STATE SECRETARIES OF ALL THE MINISTRIES**

- **CHAIRMEN OF ALL POLICY-MAKING BODIES**

Secretary: **Chairman of NDA**

Sub-Working Group Chairs (**STATE SECRETARIES** of):

1. Ministry of Labour and Social Welfare
2. Ministry of Food, Agriculture, Light Industry
3. Ministry of Health
4. Ministry of Education, Culture, Sciences and Sports
5. Ministry of Environment and Tourism
6. Ministry of Justice and Internal Affairs
7. Ministry of Finance
8. Ministry of Construction and Urban Development

CHANGE TOWARDS SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT IS POSSIBLE



Acceleration of economic growth is essential, but the quality and composition of growth are equally important. Future actions will need to incorporate social and environmental dimensions, while leaving no one behind.



To achieve this, the government will continue to work towards ensuring comprehensive and coherent policy mechanisms:

- Align medium and short-term policies with the **SDGs**
- Establish a monitoring and evaluations framework
- Develop a financing strategy aligned with policy priorities
- Strengthen the existing institutional framework



Change in the country's development path will require consensus from and involvement of all stakeholders.

LONG 15-20 years

Vision for Development of
Mongolia



“SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT
VISION 2030”



GLOBAL
SUSTAINABLE
DEVELOPMENT
GOALS

MEDIUM 8-10, 3-5 years

8-10

- State Policy;
- Regional Development Policy;
- Vision for development of an aimag and a soum

3-5

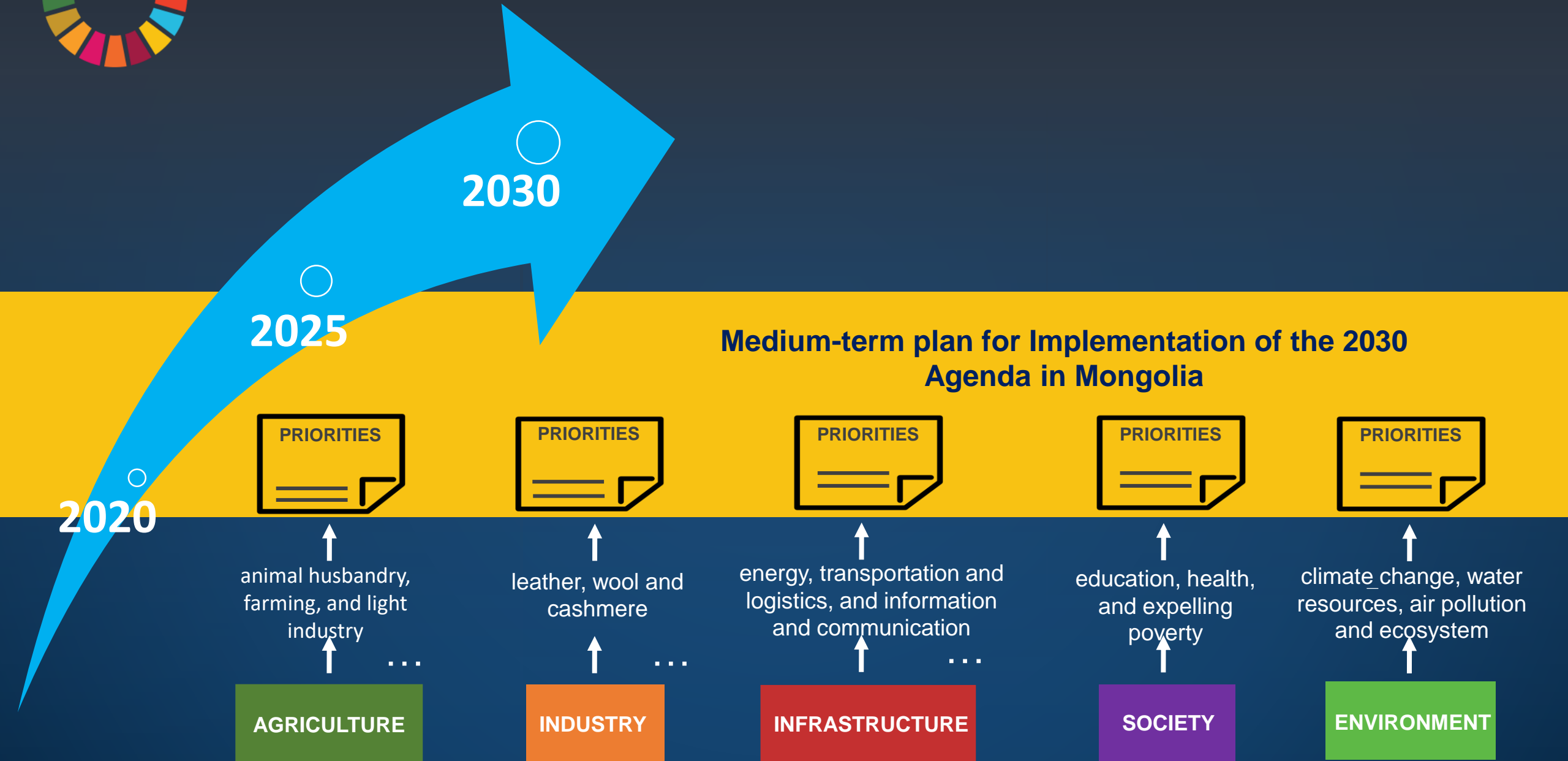
- Government Action Plan;
- Governor's Action Plan;
- National Programs and Sub-Programs;
- Public Investment Program

SHORT 1 year

- Guideline for State Economic and Social Development;
- Guidelines for Economic and Social Development of Aimag, capital city, soum, district;
- National and Local Budget



Implementation of the 2030 Agenda in Mongolia





HOW SHOULD MONGOLIA ACHIEVE THE SDG AND SDV GOALS AND OBJECTIVES?

1
Ensure the alignment of
long, medium and short-
term, national, sectoral
and sub-national
development policy
documents

2
Set SDG indicators
and targets at the
national level

3
Amendments to
legislation

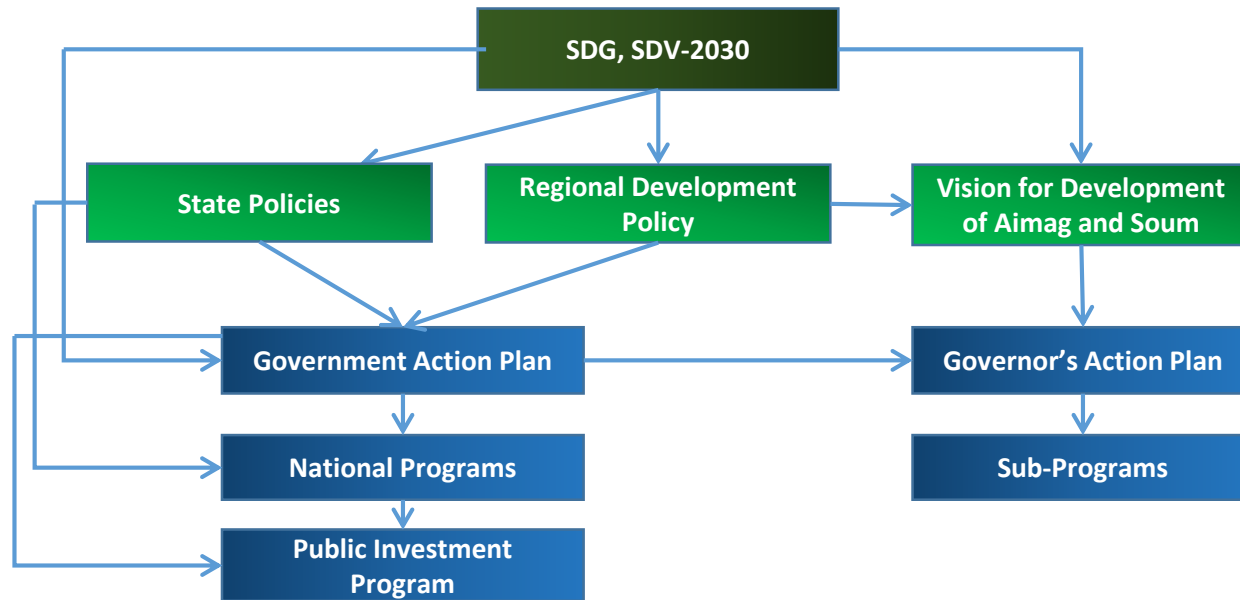
4
Develop and strengthen national
institutional frameworks for
development planning and ensure
its stability

5
Ensure the alignment of priority
objectives with budgeting and
financing

INTRODUCTION TO THE GUIDELINE FOR ASSESSING POLICY COHERENCE AND TARGET SETTING

1

ASSESS POLICY COHERENCE



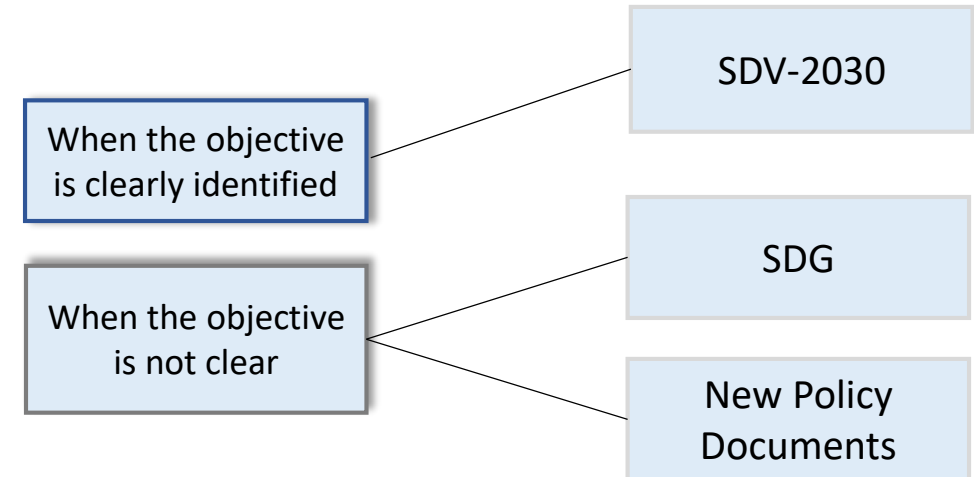
INTERMEDIATE OUTCOME

Irrelevant policy documents are abolished

Policy documents not consistent with long term goals are reviewed and amended

2

SET DEVELOPMENT TARGETS



FINAL OUTCOME

Interlinkages between policy documents will be ensured

SDG targets will be set

MONGOLIA IS AN EARLY ADOPTER OF THE SDGs

Challenges:

1

Mongolia is vulnerable to external factors – global development uncertainties and commodity price fluctuations.

2

Development disparities are growing in many forms:

- Poverty and inequality
- Social service delivery
- Decent work opportunities

3

Incoherent policies and weak institutional coordination

MONGOLIA IS AN EARLY ADOPTER OF THE SDGs

Achievements:

Approved the country's long-term strategy reflecting sustainable development

Mongolia is classified as a country with "high human development"

Mongolia is classified as medium-low income

Initiated work on aligning medium and short-term policies with the SDGs

Poverty rate was 28.4 percent in 2018 compared to 29.6 percent in 2016, lifting 39,000 people out of poverty.

Mongolia has a sound foundation for ensuring future sustainable development.

DEVELOPMENT CHALLENGE IN FOCUS: **AIR POLLUTION**

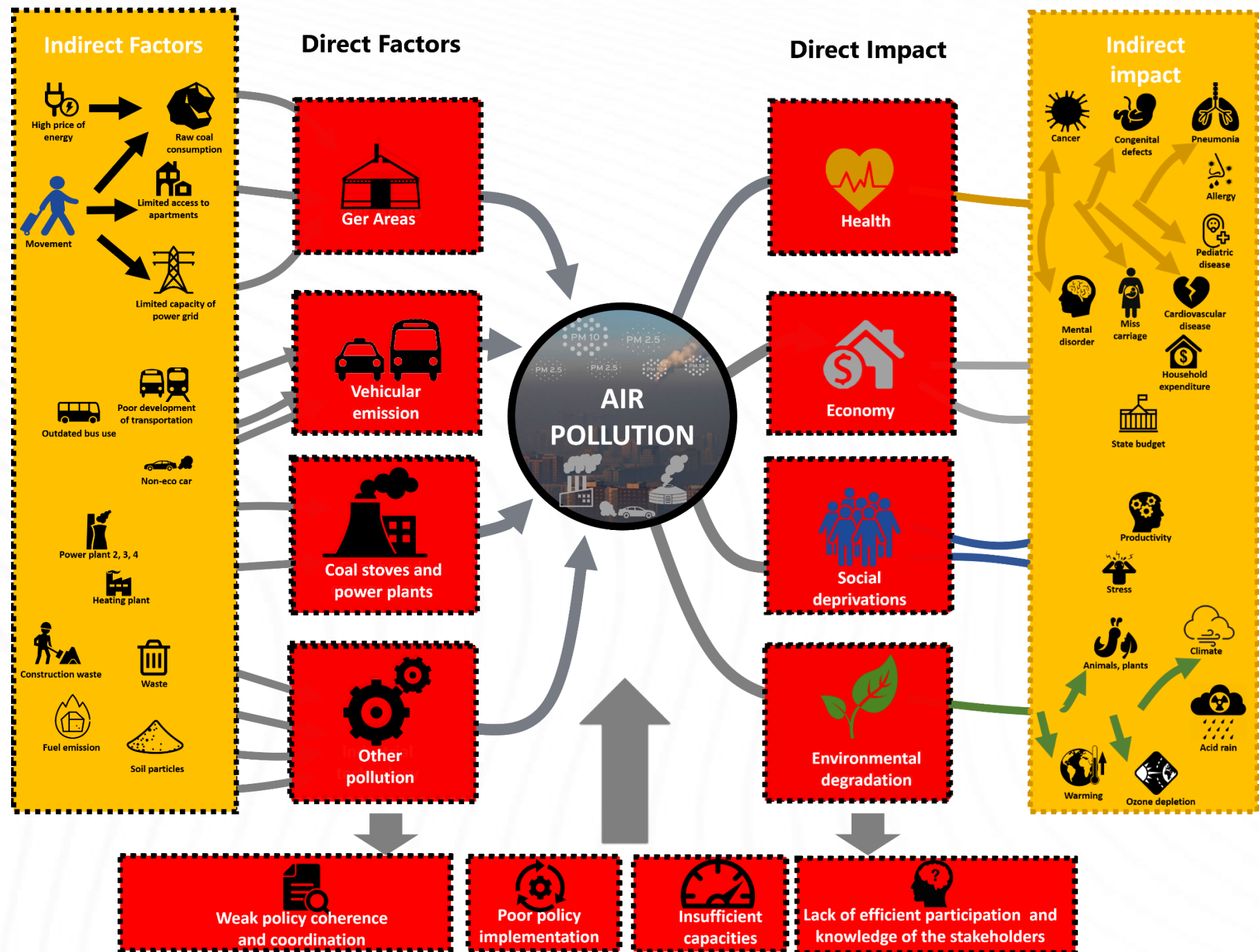


- Air pollution is not only an issue of the capital city
- Reducing air pollution is an issue that requires inter-sectoral coordination

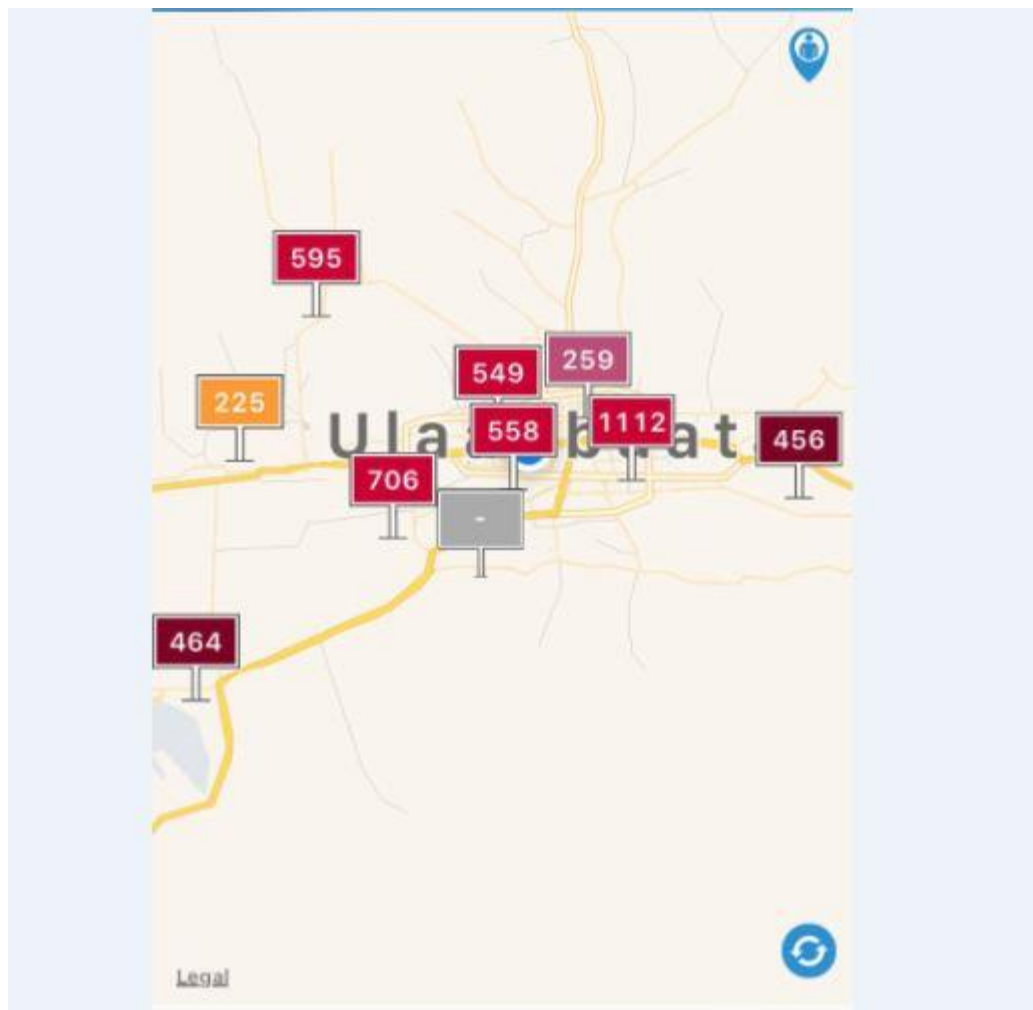
■ Comprehensive solution of policy planning and implementation is essential

■ Air pollution analysis provides a model that can be applied to other SDG challenges

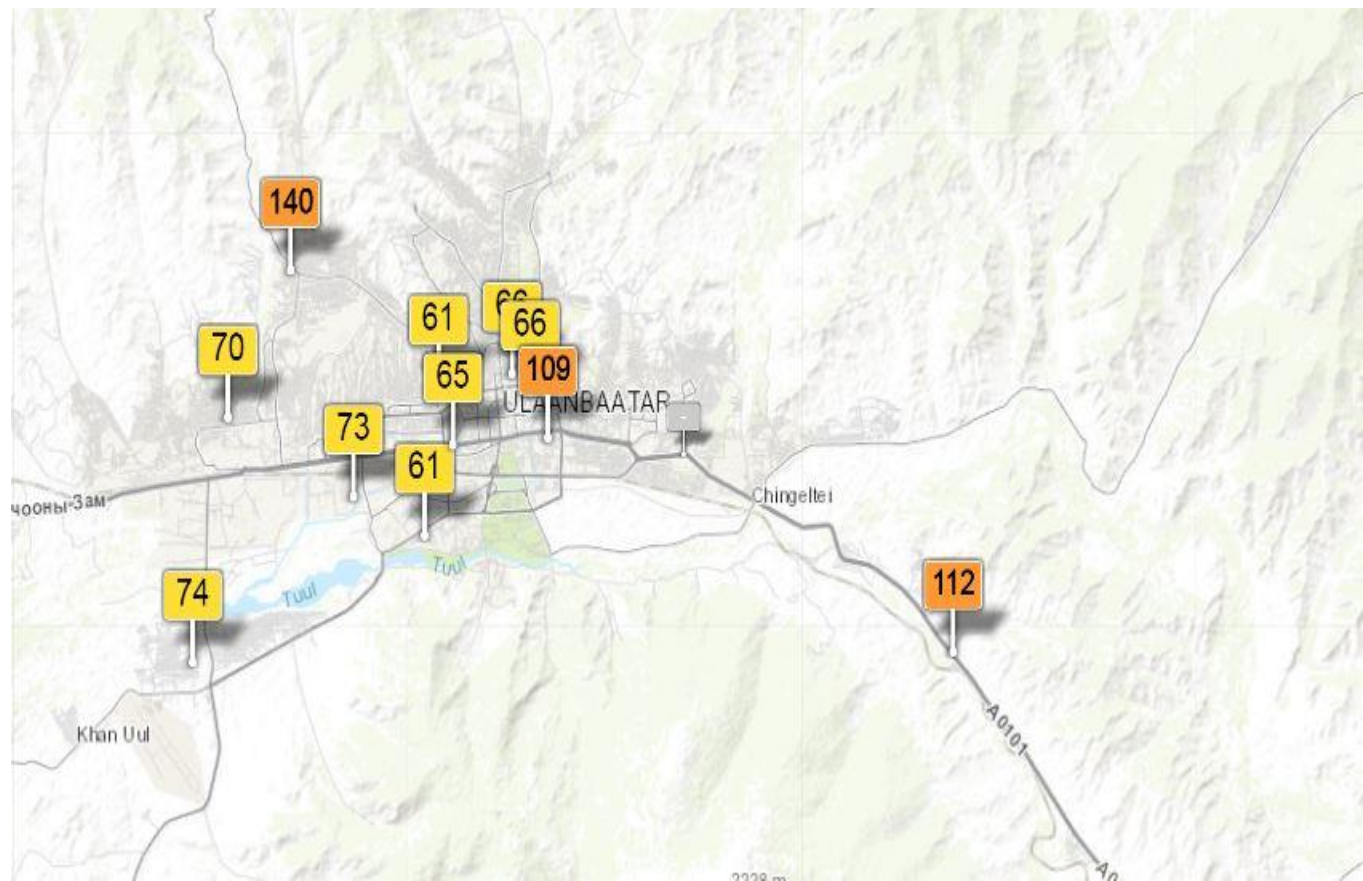
Issue of air pollution cuts across SDGs and stakeholders



- 2018, Dec



- 2019, Oct





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NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION