**EAST AND NORTH-EAST ASIA AT A GLANCE:**

**ENEA as a percentage of the world**

1. **Population**
   - Population: 23%
   - Over 65: 32%
   - Youth 15-24: 18%

2. **Economy**
   - GDP: 22%
   - Patents granted: 56%
   - FDI outflow: 25%

3. **Environment**
   - CO₂ emission: 38%
   - Land surface: 20%
   - Primary energy supply: 32%

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**United Nations ESCAP Subregional Offices**

UN ESCAP has four subregional offices:
- East and North-East Asia (ENEA) Office - Incheon, Republic of Korea
- North and Central Asia (NCA) Office - Almaty, Kazakhstan
- Pacific Office - Suva, Fiji
- South and South-West Asia (SSWA) Office - Delhi, India

Each office supports the delivery of ESCAP work at the subregional level and promotes multilateral cooperation on subregional priorities.

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United Nations ESCAP
EAST AND NORTH-EAST ASIA
Overview

The East and North-East Asia (ENEA) Office is a subregional office of the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (UN ESCAP).

Since its establishment, the Office has been working closely with six member States - China, Democratic People's Republic of Korea (DPRK), Japan, Mongolia, Republic of Korea, and the Russian Federation - and two associate members - Hong Kong, China and Macau, China - to build and strengthen partnerships and cooperation for inclusive and sustainable development in the subregion.

It also serves as the Secretariat of the North-East Asian Subregional Programme for Environmental Cooperation (NEASPEC), an intergovernmental platform for all six member States.

Key Areas of Work

Under the overall mandate to support regional economic cooperation and integration and the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), the Office carries out the following work:

STRENGTHENING MEANS OF IMPLEMENTATION TO ADDRESS SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT CHALLENGES

- Accelerating SDGs implementation through technology and innovation
- Facilitating policy responses to frontier technologies aligned with the SDGs
- Organizing the North-East Asia Development Cooperation Forum
- Organizing the North-East Asia Multistakeholder Forum on Sustainable Development Goals

STRENGTHENING INTRAREGIONAL CONNECTIVITY FOR TRADE, TRANSPORT & ENERGY

- Promoting trade and transport facilitation
- Supporting the Framework Agreement on Facilitation of Crossborder Paperless Trade in Asia and the Pacific
- Assisting Intergovernmental Agreement on International Road Transport between China, Mongolia and the Russian Federation
- Facilitating the North-East Asia Power Interconnection and Cooperation (NEARPIC)

IMPROVING ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY THROUGH NEASPEC THAT OPERATES

- NEASPEC Nature Conservation Strategy
- North-East Asia Clean Air Partnership (NEACAP)
- North-East Asian Marine Protected Areas Network (NEAMAPAN)
- North-East Asia Low Carbon City Platform (NEA-LCCP)
- North-East Asia Multi-Stakeholder Plan (NEAMSP) on Combating Desertification and Land Degradation

PROMOTING DISASTER RESILIENT SOCIETIES

- Capacity building for drought/dzd monitoring and early warning in Mongolia
- Promoting the Asia Pacific Disaster Resilience Network (APDRN) in the subregion

1947

Established as the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East (ECAFE)

1974

Renamed as the Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (ESCAP)

1993

Launched the North-East Asian Subregional Programme for Environmental Cooperation (NEASPEC)

2010

Inaugurated ESCAP-ENEA in Incheon, Republic of Korea

2018

Launched the North-East Asia Clean Air Partnership (NEACAP)