National Mechanism needed

Mr. Chair, based upon huge consultation 3 based interministerial meeting Bangladesh fixed 11 goals for the post 2015 Debt agenda. All the 11 goals mostly 3 SDGs targets almost relate to the SDG 2015 Debt agenda. Bangladesh put forward its 7th FYP with the implementation period of 2016-2020 aiming its implement SDGs. Therefore, the 7th FYP become a
Planning the 7th Five Year is the Process of Political commitment by SDGs which truly reflect the balanced integration of Social Economic & Environmental Dimensions Coordination among the ministries
A high level committee has been established to monitor the implementation of the SDG targets as well as implementing 7th FYP. It is necessary to extend proper social protection to its poor and vulnerable population which in turn will reduce poverty, income inequality, and build social capital. For implementation of NSS, the national plan target and the capacity building need to strengthen its capacity building in partnership with private NGO. Building MIS & Segregated Administrative Reforms are necessary. Handling projects more efficiently and establishing an effective complaint and redress system would be needed to be put into place.
Financing Framework

It is well established that domestic resource mobilization is the sustainable solution for collecting resources in implementing development agenda. However, Bangladesh has currently yet to establish a well-defined taxation policy system so that its domestic revenue could be increased. Besides 0.7% of GNI of developed countries need to be transferred to the developing countries as SDGs is well targeted. Therefore, a collective fund for implementing additional resource SDGs as should be established. Collection from the private sector in innovative way could
be another financing mechanism or public-private partnership could gain sustainability in terms of accumulating resources.

Technical Support such as Resource Digital Fund. Basic is the demand for ODI limited to the extensive nature of the partnership.

Sustainable response budgets to Result based monitoring & evaluation mechanism.


Innovative approach of public-private partnership for more sustainable partnerships. Facilitated by S. S. Cooperates.

Technology for finding accurate statistics and data information.

External resource mobilization: new opportunities & challenges in the context of SDG 17, AAAA, Paris agreement of COP 21 increasing Tax-GDP ratings and utilization.
Mr. Chair, Digital Bangladesh is the dream of Bangladesh. Limited resources and lack of technological advancement in implementing this dream of digitalization could be a barrier. We are trying to build partnership both locally and regionally, though innovative approaches of public-private partnership is more private engagement. In Social Protection schemes would be a demand. Facilitation of South-South cooperation is an urgent demand in this regard. Maintaining accurate statistics, data and maintaining information, tax-GDP ratios and aid utilization and new opportunities in the context of SDH 17, AAAA, Paris agreement of COP-21 are really a challenge for Bangladesh.