

The Development and Operation of Dry Ports in P. R. China





Status of dry ports development in China

China's total import and export volume reached 4.16 trillion U.S. dollars in 2013, making China the world's largest trading nation





China's foreign trade cargo throughput in 2013 was 3.31 billion tons, with a 9.2 percent increase over 2012







Status of dry ports development in China

Some inland areas are promoting the construction of dry port logistics parks

Innovating new transport and service modes

- Enhance inter-regional cooperation with coastal ports and border crossings
- Promote speedy customs clearance and one-stop service
- Actively carry out sea-land container multimodal transport





Three "Driving Modes"

1. Coastal ports build/help build dry ports in inland areas in order to seek source of goods and expand business into hinterland





Three "Driving Modes"

2. Inland areas build dry ports in order to develop local export-oriented economy

Case

Project of Xi'an International Port District(under construction)

This project will:

 Promote effective connection between aviation, rail, road and water transport

Enable Xi'an to play the role of central city in the Economic Belt of the New Eurasian Continental Bridge

Facilitate the import and export trade in Western China to get direct link to the international logistics service system





Three "Driving Modes"

3. Coastal ports and inland areas establish strategic partnership and jointly promote the construction of dry ports based on their own needs of development



Case

Changchun City cooperates with Dalian Port to build dry ports

Through the dry ports built:

- Dalian port could expand its cargo to the whole northeastern provinces; and the cargo from Changchun City could go to the world
- Win-win relations between coastal ports and inland areas





Obstacles in the development and operation of dry ports in China



Policies, regulations, planning and construction standards need to be further improved and consolidated

More intermodal tranport facilities are in need of construction, and the cargo collecting and distributing systems with sound functions are to be refined





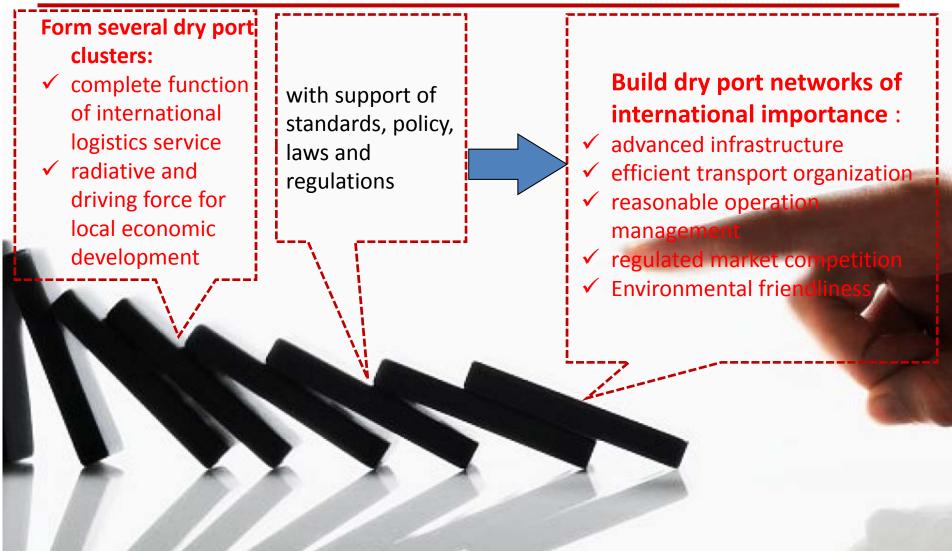
Information technology, including data exchange and sharing in the development and operation of dry ports should be more widely applied, in order to further improve efficiency.





Objectives of dry ports development

in China







1) with deepened research, further refine the

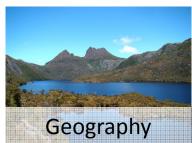
Overall layout planning

What factors should be taken into account...













What results should be avoided...









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2) explore and accumulate

Experience in the development and operation of dry ports





3) Improve related **Policies, regulations and standard systems**

sound standards related to..







favorable policies related to...







Then realize...

- Perfect interface among infrastructure, transport equipment, information systems and management services
- Higher operation efficiency and capability of integrated services
- Better information system integration between different management departments of transport, customs and e-commerce



4) strengthen

International cooperation

Strengthen international cooperation with neighboring countries and further expand China's opening





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