

# SDGs

# Multi-stakeholders partnership in Japan

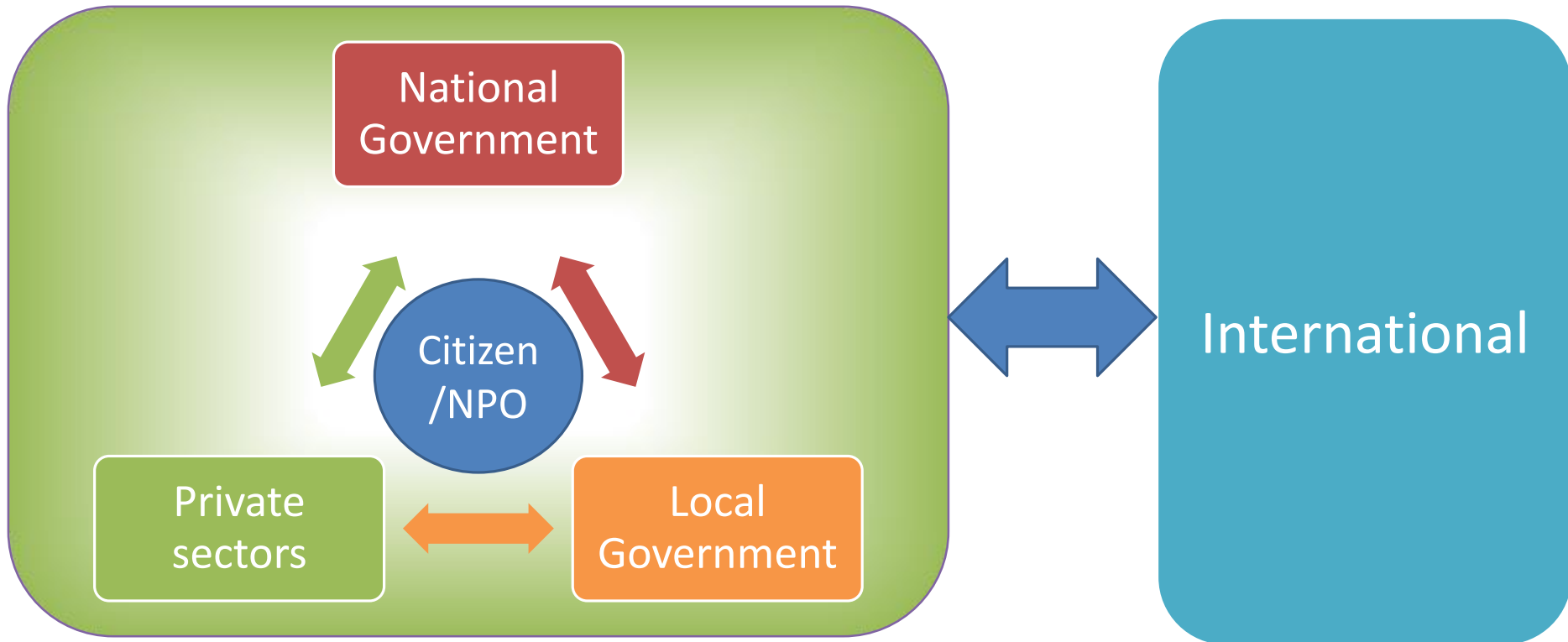
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RYUZO SUGIMOTO

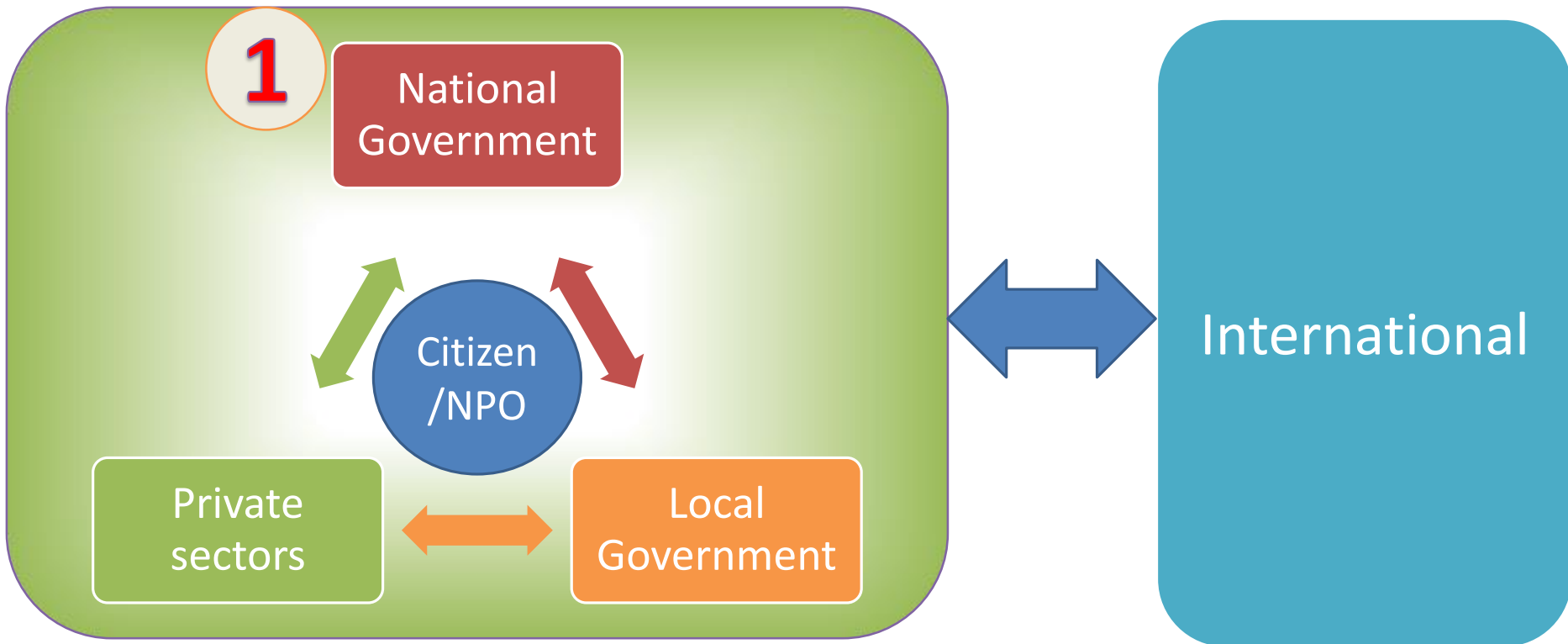
Principal Deputy director, international strategy division  
Ministry of the environment, japan

28 MARCH, 2017

# Who are Stakeholders?



# SDGs' activities in Japan



# 1-1. National Implementation Framework

## ◆SDGs Promotion Headquarters

When	Structure	Process	Output
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Established in the Cabinet in <u>May, 2016</u></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Headed by <u>Prime Minister</u></li><li>Attended by <u>all Ministers</u></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li><u>Stakeholder meeting</u> for advice</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>SDGs <u>Implementation Guideline</u> in December, 2016</li></ul>

## ◆SDGs Implementation Guideline

- Set Vision, Eight Priority areas and policies , Implementation Principle
- Roles of stakeholders



# 1-2. SDGs Stakeholders' Meeting organized by the MOEJ

## ◆ Key Objective

Share and advice	Pioneering practices among stakeholders
Introduce	International trend to Stakeholders
Disseminate	Best practices domestically and internationally

## ◆ Total output of 3 stakeholders meetings

### Best practices

- **7** companies and **1** local government activities

### Audience

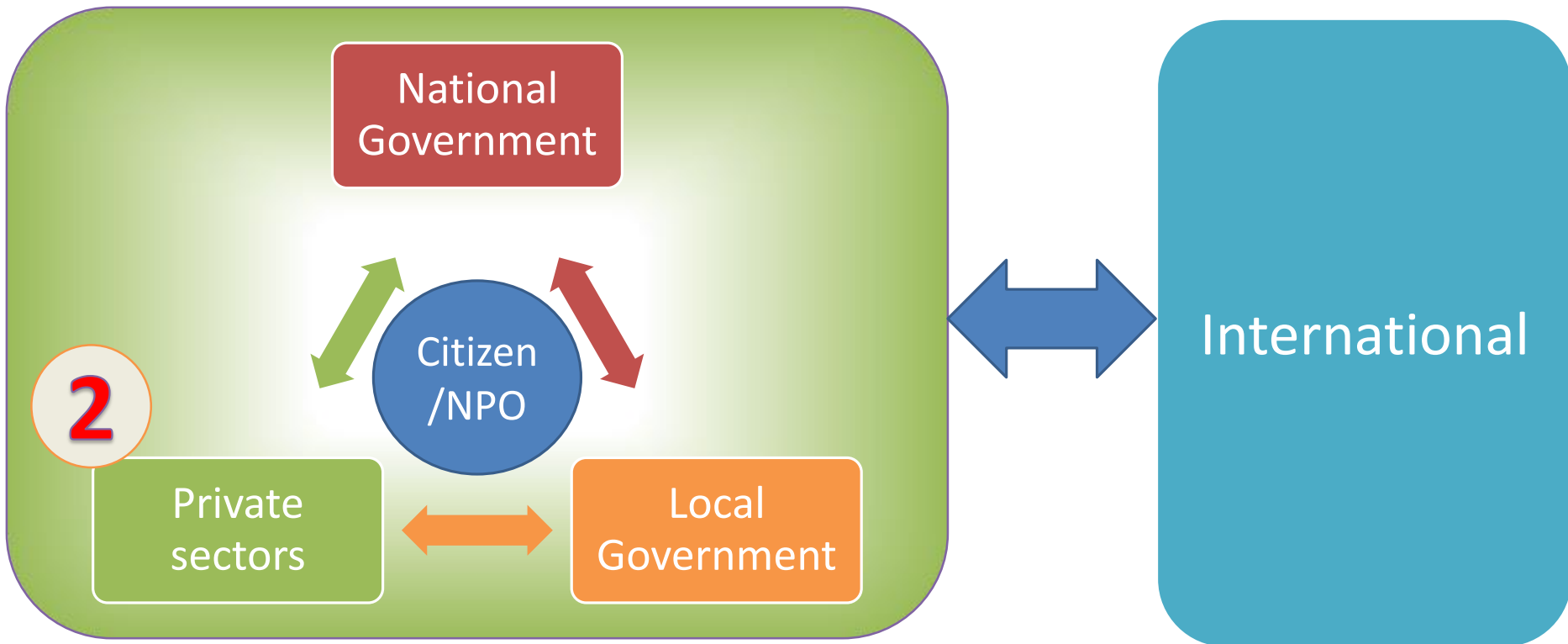
- More than **500** people mainly from business

### Opportunity

- **3** Networking events for participants exchanged their views

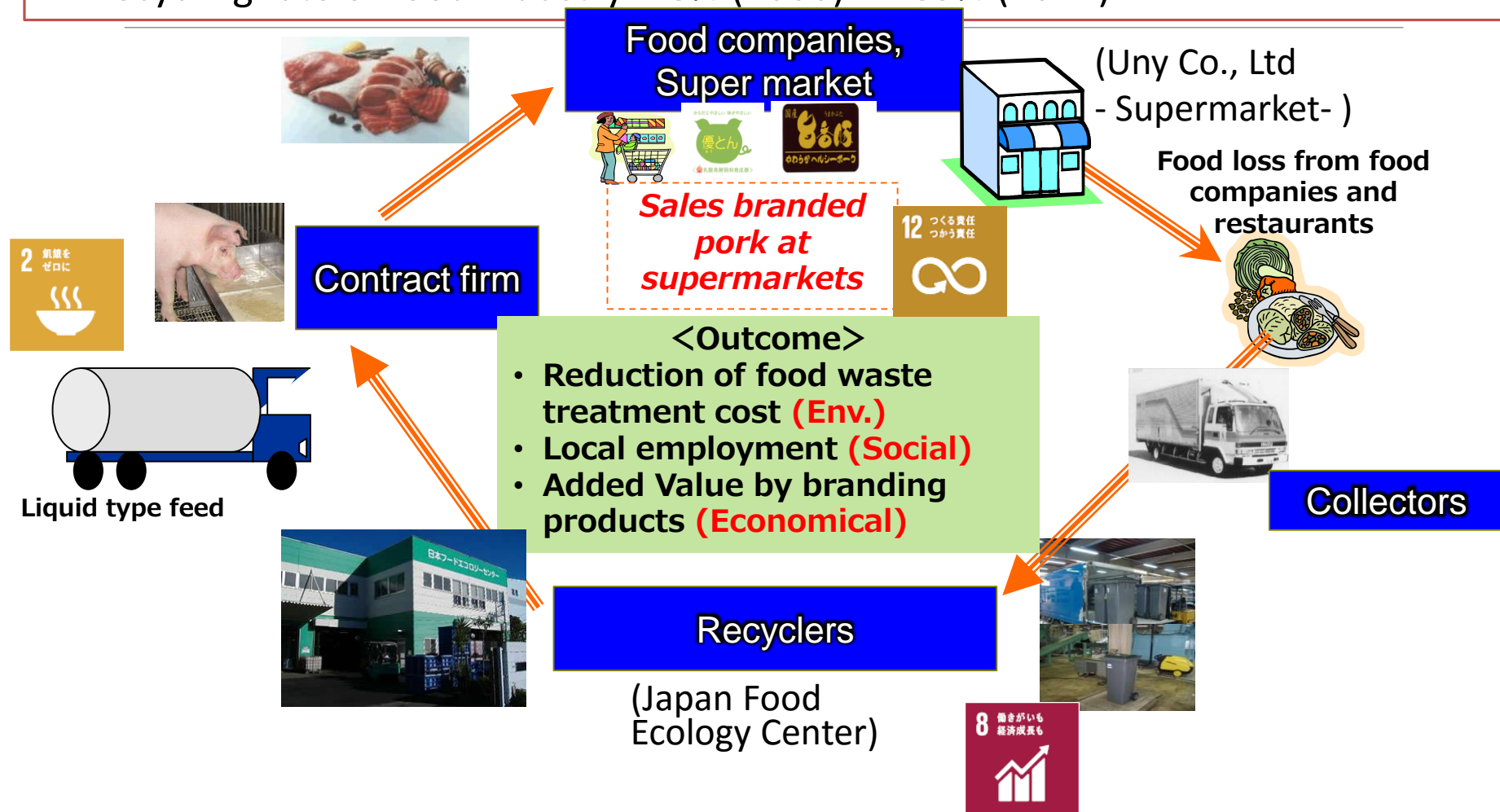


# SDGs' activities in Japan



## 2-1. Multi stakeholder's action for SDGs – Example 1: Recycle Loop for Food waste (Food to Food)

- Enacted Food waste recycling law in 2001. (First law in the world)
- Recycling rate of food industry: 28% (2000) → 85% (2014)

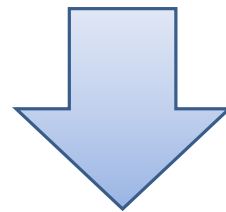


## 2-2. Private sector's action for SDGs - Example 2: Sompo Japan (Insurance)

Weather Index Insurance for Southeast Asian farmers(SDGs Goal 2, 13, and 17)



Pay insurance amount when a weather index (temperature, precipitation) fulfills certain conditions without certificate of loss in Thailand, Myanmar, Philippines



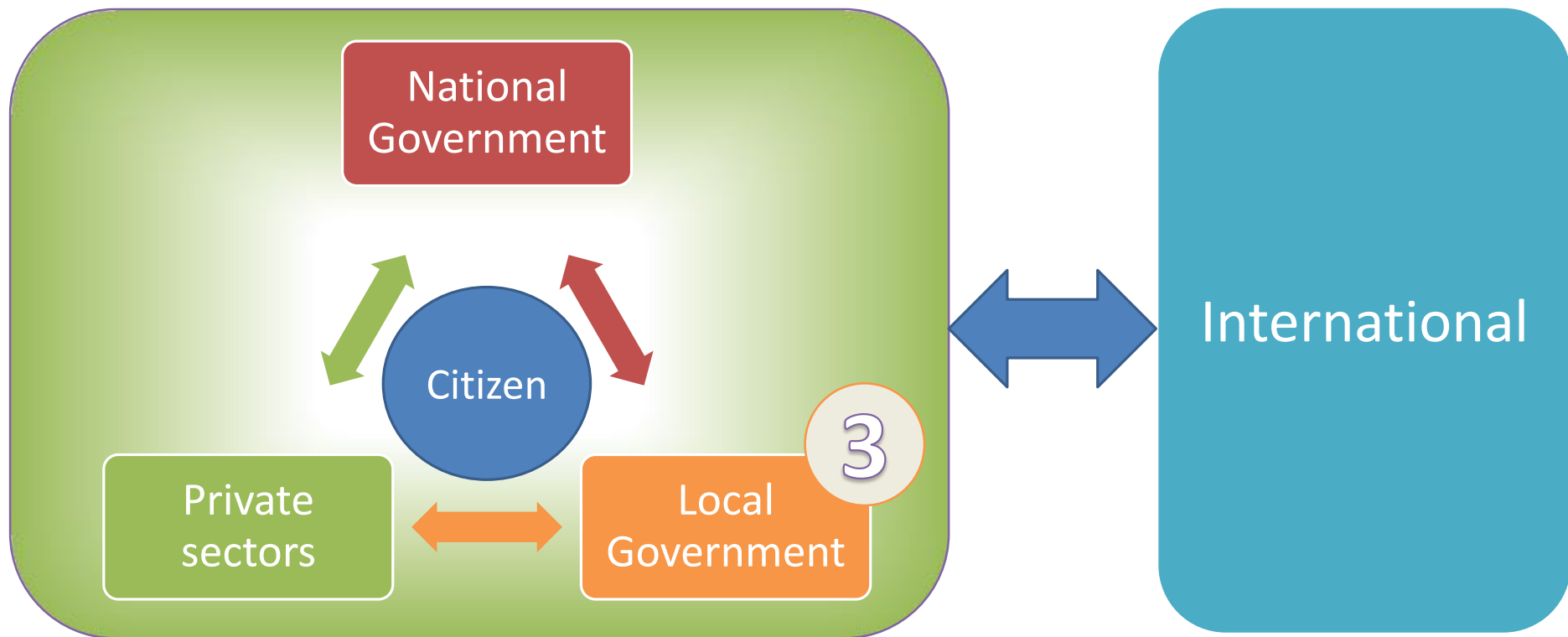
Outcome



1. Reduce agriculture's risks by climate change (Env.)
2. Improve financial literacy, Sustainable Farm (Social)
3. Expand insurance market to farmers (Economical)

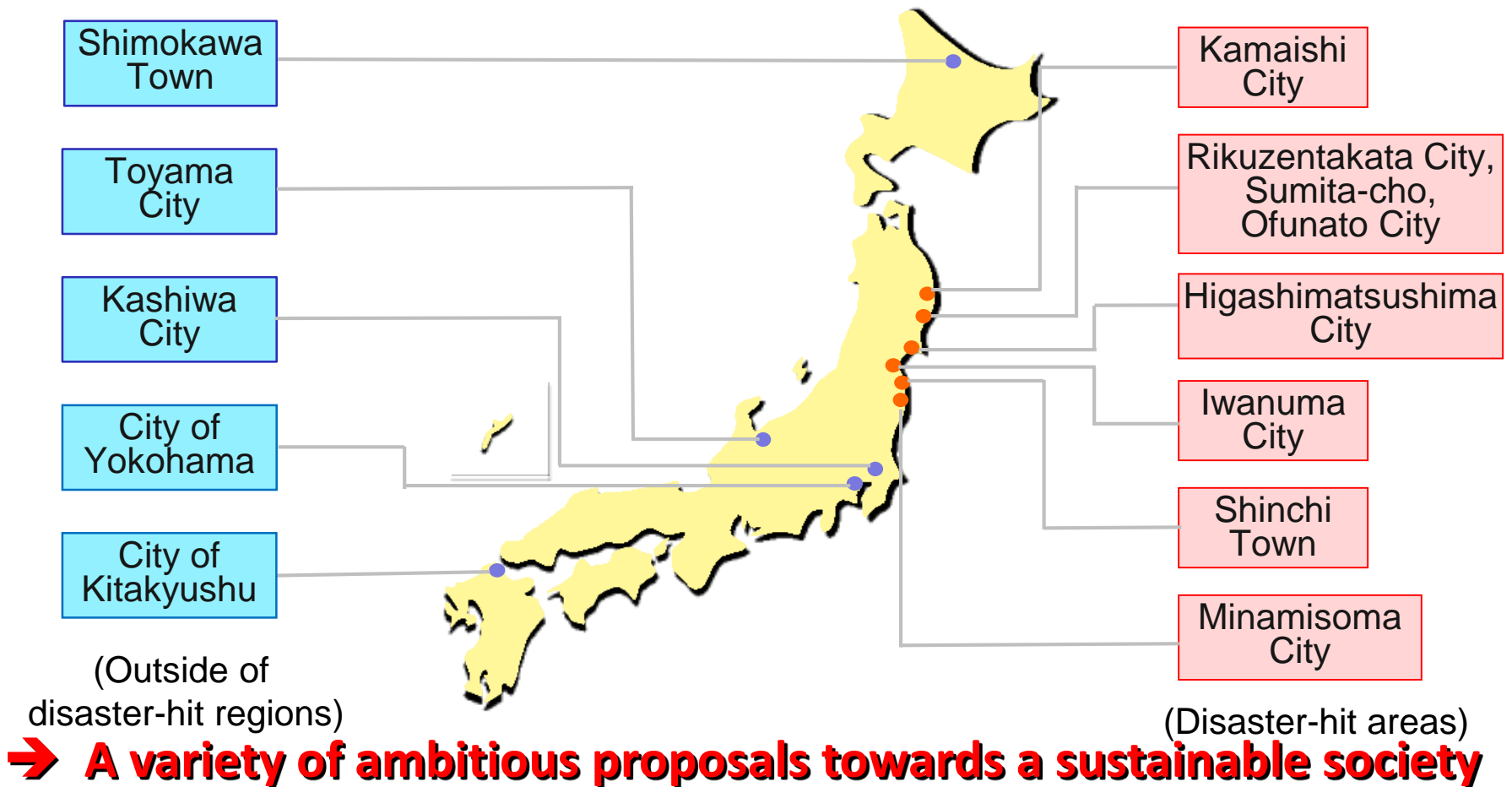


# SDGs' activities in Japan



# 3-1. Cities' Action for SDGs - Future Cities -

Future Cities selected by the Government (11 cities: 2011)



# FutureCity Initiative promoted by the Japanese Government towards a low-carbon society

Certification and commendation of top-runner cities by the Central Government

- Dissemination of best practices to other cities in Japan and overseas → Global partnership

Present a clear image of a sustainable society of the future to the public

- FutureCities as a target to be achieved
- Partnership between citizens and local governments

Establishment of a nationwide council for promotion of “FutureCity” Initiative

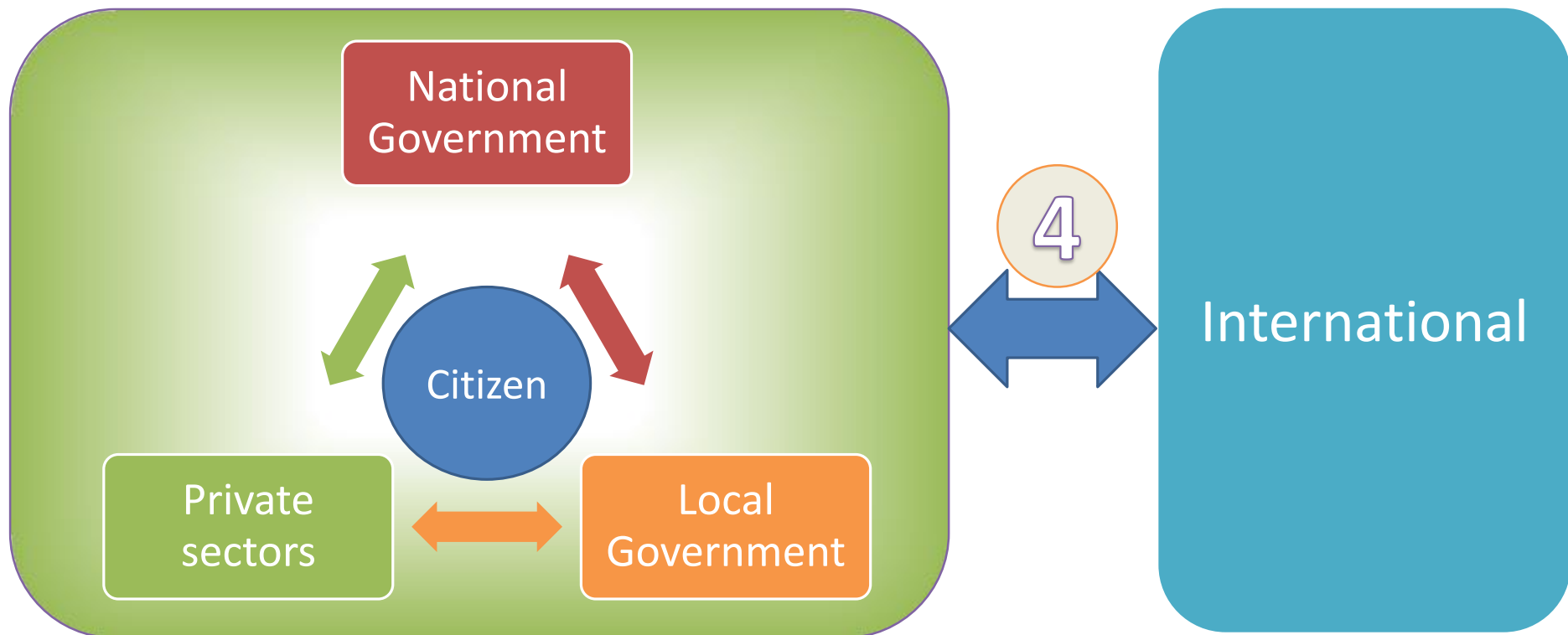
- Partnership between private/public sectors and local governments

Evaluation of activities of each city by the Central Government

- PDCA by local governments
- Facilitate improvement of the governance of mayors



# SDGs' activities in Japan



# 4-1. Japan's Assistance Initiatives to address Climate Change

- ◆ The initiative on the Japan's major supports for the developing countries to address climate change in 2016

## ◆ Main Areas of Japanese Contribution

### Mitigation

- Diffusion of superior low-carbon-emission technology

### Adaptation

- Sharing of Japan's experiences and cases

### Transparency

- Human resource development for inventory enhancement

### Fluorocarbons

- Comprehensive measures for controlling emission of fluorocarbons

### SDGs

- Support for sustainable societies with decarbonization





# Cities, Climate and SDGs:

## Multi-level governance for achieving zero-carbon and sustainable future

Co-organizers: Ministry of the Environment, Japan, OECD, ICLEI – Local Governments for Sustainability  
COP22 Japan Pavilion

16 November 2016 Marrakesh, Morocco





# Local governments: Cities, climate change & SDGs



“ Cities have a heavy responsibility in climate change. Expectations towards cities is increasing.

**Cities need to be committed to climate action and achieving SDGs.”**

**Kimihiro Kuromizu**

Executive Director, Climate Change  
Policy Headquarters  
CITY OF YOKOHAMA

“ Cities must go beyond environmental action to achieve a decarbonized, sustainable society.

**To achieve the SDGs, cities need to build up experience and share it widely. Good practices should be scaled up globally.”**

**Akiko Miura**

Director, Emission Cap and Trade,  
Bureau of Environment  
TOKYO METROPOLITAN GOVERNMENT



“ **SDGs only have value when they are translated into concrete action.**

Cities are at the forefront of acting on climate change.

**Climate action will make life better in cities.”**

**Lan Marie Nguyen Berg**

Vice Mayor for Environment and  
Transport, CITY OF OSLO

“ Climate action must also improve the quality of life for our citizens at the same time.

**We can connect climate action and SDGs to make our cities more attractive, more competitive.”**

**Yann Francoise**

Head of Climate and Energy  
Strategies, Parks and Environment  
Directorate, Urban Ecology Agency,  
CITY OF PARIS

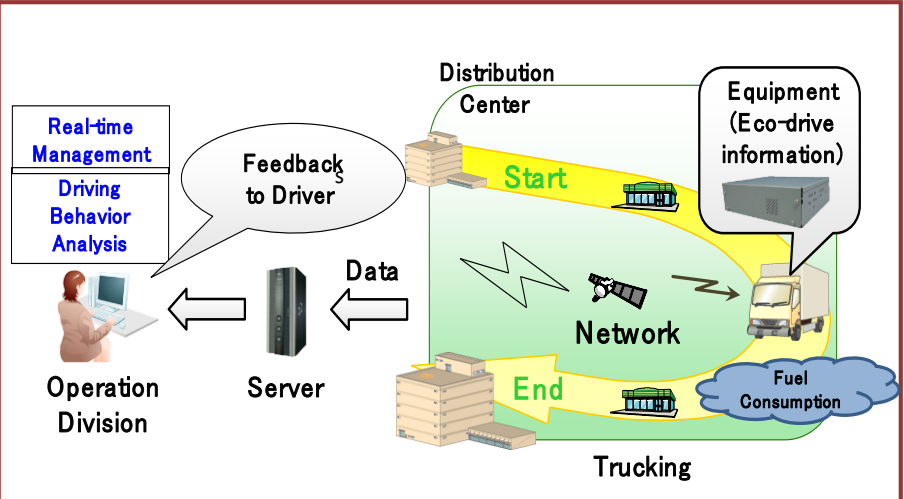


# 4-2. JCM Project: Eco-driving by Utilizing Digital Tachograph System

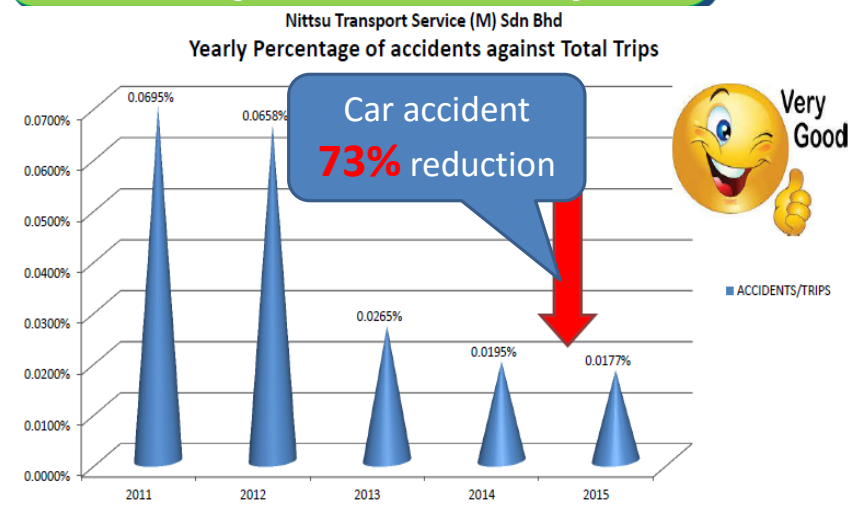
Project Owner: (Japan) NIPPON EXPRESS, (Host Country) NIPPON EXPRESS (VIETNAM)

## Outline of GHG Mitigation Activity

- **Visualize** fuel consumption, running distance by an eco-drive improving system with digital tachographs on 124 trucks
- **Improve** driving behavior by advice based on the analyzed data, and feedback linked to the training outcome.
- **Contribute** to improvement of transportation quality such as car accident, as well as fuel efficiency.



## CDM Project 7455 in Malaysia



## Expected GHG Emission Reductions

**328 tCO<sub>2</sub>/year**

← (Reference Fuel Consumptions – Project Fuel Consumptions) x Emission Factor (EF)





# 4-3. ASEAN ESC Model Cities Year 3 Overview

## ◆ Background:

Established with support by the Japan-ASEAN Integration Fund (JAIF), ASEAN ESC Model Cities is ASEAN's platform of 'frontrunner' cities in 2011



Japan-ASEAN Cooperation

## ◆ Main activities:

### Support

Training and seed funds for pilot projects in Model Cities to develop/scale up good practices

### Connect

Model Cities to learn each other within countries and across ASEAN countries

### Outreach

Recommend high-potential cities to additional project and training opportunities by other supporting organizations



🔗 40 Model Cities (total no.)

🔗 200++ Activities

👤 8 Countries

👤 55,000++ People Engaged

🔗 1 ASEAN Community

🔗 ~50% matched government contributions



# Key aspects for developing partnership

- Networking, Match making
- Translation specific issues to other stakeholders
- Clear vision and Transparency
- Win-Win and Multi benefits (Every stakeholders needs to have benefits)



Thank you for your attention

