ITEMS FOR DISCUSSION AND DECISION

NO. MALAYSIA'S FEEDBACK

2b. ESCAP/CST/2018/INF/1 (INFORMATION PAPER)

Strengthening gender for the gender perspective in the implementation of the collective vision and framework for action

Thank you distinguished delegates, Ladies and Gentlemen.

Malaysia supports the proposals in "Strengthening gender for the gender perspective in the implementation of the collective vision and framework for action".

Malaysia also agrees on the initiatives proposed in the paper towards improving gender-sensitive data and statistics in the region as a means to achieving the Collective Vision and Framework for Action.

Over the times, Malaysia has actively contributing to the Convention for the Elimination of Discrimination Against Women (CEDAW) under the Ministry of Women, Family and Community Development. Until 2018, Malaysia has compiling 62 gender indicators based on Core Set of gender Indicators for Asia and the Pacific. The number of the indicators will be improving over the time with the strengthening on framework and data collection of gender-sensitive data.

Malaysia will continue actively participate towards transforming gender data and statistics at international forums/regional workshops/meetings. To further enhance the capacity of Malaysia in the compilation of disaster statistics, we really appreciate if UN ESCAP could provide the technical assistance to Malaysia.

Thank you.
2c. ESCAP/CST/2018/INF/2 (INFORMATION PAPER)

Towards a transformation in how gender data and statistics are promoted, created and used

Thank you distinguished delegates, Ladies and Gentlemen.

1. Malaysia supports the proposals in “Towards a transformation in how gender data and statistics are promoted, created and used”.

2. Malaysia also agrees to the Commission to develop standards and methodologies at the national and global levels to improve the collection, analysis and dissemination of gender-sensitive data.

3. For the time being, Malaysia has calculated the Malaysia Gender Gap Index for the year 2016 based on the data collected from the surveys and research. Resulted with the gap of 69.2%, Malaysia is really looking forward to improving the gender-sensitive data collection to closing the gender gap. To strengthen gender in Malaysia, the framework for censuses, surveys and administrative data sources will be further enhanced with sex-disaggregated as well as other relevant characteristics.

4. Towards achieving the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development in which for women to have access to the same advantages or face the same disadvantages (and to some extent), a range of characteristics such as age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographical location that are currently being worked on, will be empowered by other relevant issues such as formal and informal economy, women’s poverty, unpaid care work, etc.

5. Malaysia will continue actively participate towards transforming gender data and statistics at international forums/regional workshops/meetings. To further enhance the capacity of Malaysia in the compilation of disaster statistics, we really appreciate if UN ESCAP could provide the technical assistance to Malaysia.

Thank you.