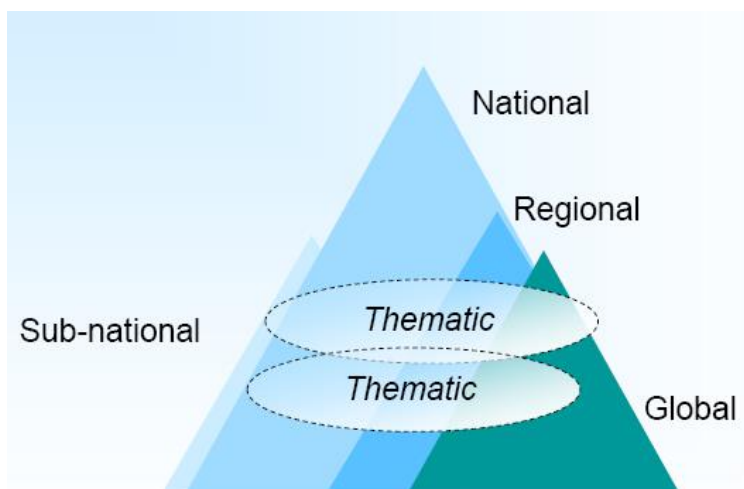


Developing SDG indicators for Africa
A harmonized and coordinated approach

Raj Gautam Mitra
UN Economic Commission for Africa

Adopting the proposed indicator framework



Approach

Singular African approach through regional coordination and consultative process

- A common input to the global set of indicators
- A regional set of indicators
- A recommended national set of indicators

Coordination – among three pan-African institutions namely ECA, AUC and AfDB, seven IAEG –SDG member countries and Statistics South Africa as the chair of the Africa Symposium on Statistical Development (Core team)

Consultation – with all African countries - particularly National Statistics Offices, Regional Economic Communities, other UN agencies, Civil Society

Process and Progress

May 2015 Pretoria, South Africa – Workshop of core team and some invited countries to develop a set of SDG indicators for Africa

May 2015 Algiers, Algeria – This Africa indicator set worked upon further and improved upon and validated in a workshop attended by 46 African countries, core team members, UN agencies, RECs and civil society representatives

This set identified classified indicators as international, regional and national indicators

June 2015 – The Africa set of indicators presented to the 1st IAEG-SDG meeting

Process and Progress

Africa input to global set of indicators

July 2015 – Initial list received from UNSD (IAEG-secretariat)

July - August 2015 – Consultation process within the core team members

September 2015 Addis Ababa, Ethiopia – Workshop of core team members to finalize first set of Africa input to global indicators (Agreed – 116, Partially agreed – 58, Disagreed – 24)

September 2015 – Africa input circulated to all NSOs in Africa for sub-regional consultation led by IAEG-SDG member countries (in progress)

October 2015 – Final set of Africa inputs to be submitted to IAEG-SDG

Agenda 2063

Agenda 2063 is a strategic framework for the socio-economic transformation of the continent over the next 50 years. It builds on, and seeks to accelerate the implementation of past and existing continental initiatives for growth and sustainable development

Adopted in January 2015, in Addis Ababa, Ethiopia by the 24th African Union (AU) Assembly of Heads of State and Government

Five ten year implementation plan – the first plan 2014-2023

Seven aspirations of Agenda 2063

1. A prosperous Africa based on inclusive growth and sustainable development
2. An integrated continent, politically united and based on the ideals of Pan- Africanism and the vision of Africa's Renaissance
3. An Africa of good governance, democracy, respect for human rights, justice and the rule of law
4. A peaceful and secure Africa
5. An Africa with a strong cultural identity, common heritage, shared values and ethics
6. An Africa where whose development is people-driven, relying on the potential of African people, especially its women and youth, and caring for children
7. Africa as a strong, united and influential global player and partner

Ten-Year Implementation Plan

Aspirations

-Priority Areas

-Goals

- Targets : National, Regional, Continental

Example

Aspiration 1. A Prosperous Africa Based on Inclusive Growth and Sustainable Development

Goal 3: Healthy and well nourished citizens

Priority area 1: Health and Nutrition

2023 Targets	Key Process Actions/ Milestones Towards 2023 and AU Frameworks
<u>National</u>	<u>National</u> : 1. African Health Strategy is domesticated by 2017
1. Increase 2013 levels of access to quality basic health care and services by at least 40%	<u>RECS</u> : 1. Consultations with member states on the implementation of the African Health Strategy completed by 2016
8. Reduce stunting to 10%	
<u>Continental</u>	<u>Continental</u> : 2. Concept document on African Centre for Disease Control (ACDC) is developed and adopted by the AU Summit in 2015
2. Africa Volunteer Health Corp is established and operational by 2018	

Convergence of Agenda 2063 and the SDGs			
	Agenda 2063 Goals	Priority Areas	SDGs
1.	A high standard of living, quality of life and well-being for all citizens	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Incomes, jobs and decent work Poverty, inequality and hunger Social security and protection, including persons with disabilities Modern, affordable and livable habitats and quality basic services 	Goals no 1, 2, 8 and 11
2.	Well educated citizens and skills revolution underpinned by science, technology and innovation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Education and science, technology and innovation (STI) driven skills revolution 	Goal no 4
3.	Healthy and well-nourished citizens	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Health and nutrition 	Goal no. 3
4.	Transformed economies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sustainable and inclusive economic growth STI driven manufacturing, industrialization and value addition Economic diversification and resilience 	Goals no. 8 and 9
5.	Modern agriculture for increased productivity and production	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Agricultural productivity and production 	Goal no 2

Process and Progress for Development of Continental and National Indicators

Agenda 2063 will be the basis

September 2015 – Workshop of IAEG-SDG member countries and ASSD, AUC and ECA to develop indicators for national and continental targets for Agenda 2063 ten-year implementation plan

September 2015 – AUC, ECA and ASSD met and matched national targets from Agenda 2063 plan to SDG targets

Process and Progress for Development of Continental and National Indicators

Next steps :

Match indicators from Agenda 2063 and Africa proposal on global indicators and harmonize as much as possible

Develop a set of continental and national indicators from Africa proposed global set, continental indicators of Agenda 2063 agenda + a few more

October 2015 – Meeting of NSOs and planners from countries to a) validate the list of indicators for Agenda 2063 and b) endorse the continental framework of indicators build through the process of alignment of SDGs and Agenda 2063 implementation plan

November 2015 – Africa Statistical Commission and Committee of DGs approve the continental and national set of indicators

Thanks