



MAKING
EVERY WOMAN
AND GIRL
COUNT

Opportunities and challenges for long term collaboration and dialogue between gender data users and producers

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Forms of collaboration and dialogue

- Data producers involve users in the design of NSDS and prioritization of indicators (including gender and SDGs)
 - Through meetings
 - Joint drafting (users part of task teams)
 - Needs assessment surveys
- Data producers gather information from users before deciding how to disseminate gender data
 - Identify groups of users
 - Identify user's needs
 - Create targeted data products
- Data producers actively reach out to users to communicate
 - When new gender data is available
 - When new gender data products are available
 - Specific gender data messages targeted to relevance (e.g. in line with news, summits/events, implementation periods for national strategies, etc)

Forms of collaboration and dialogue

- Data users reach out to producers in advance to communicate specific needs
 - Policy making/strategy design time periods
 - Events/summits being planned
- Data users agree to find available data first before making request
 - Common understanding of what official statistics are and where to find them
- Users and producers establish long term communication/coordination strategies by:
 - Jointly attending conferences/events, both government and beyond
 - Jointly monitoring the implementation of national strategies and commitments from a gender perspective
 - Creating mechanisms for communication, such as technical working groups and coordination groups
 - Inviting the other group to training on relevant topics (e.g. producers are invited to gender-relevant thematic topic training, and users are invited to statistics training)