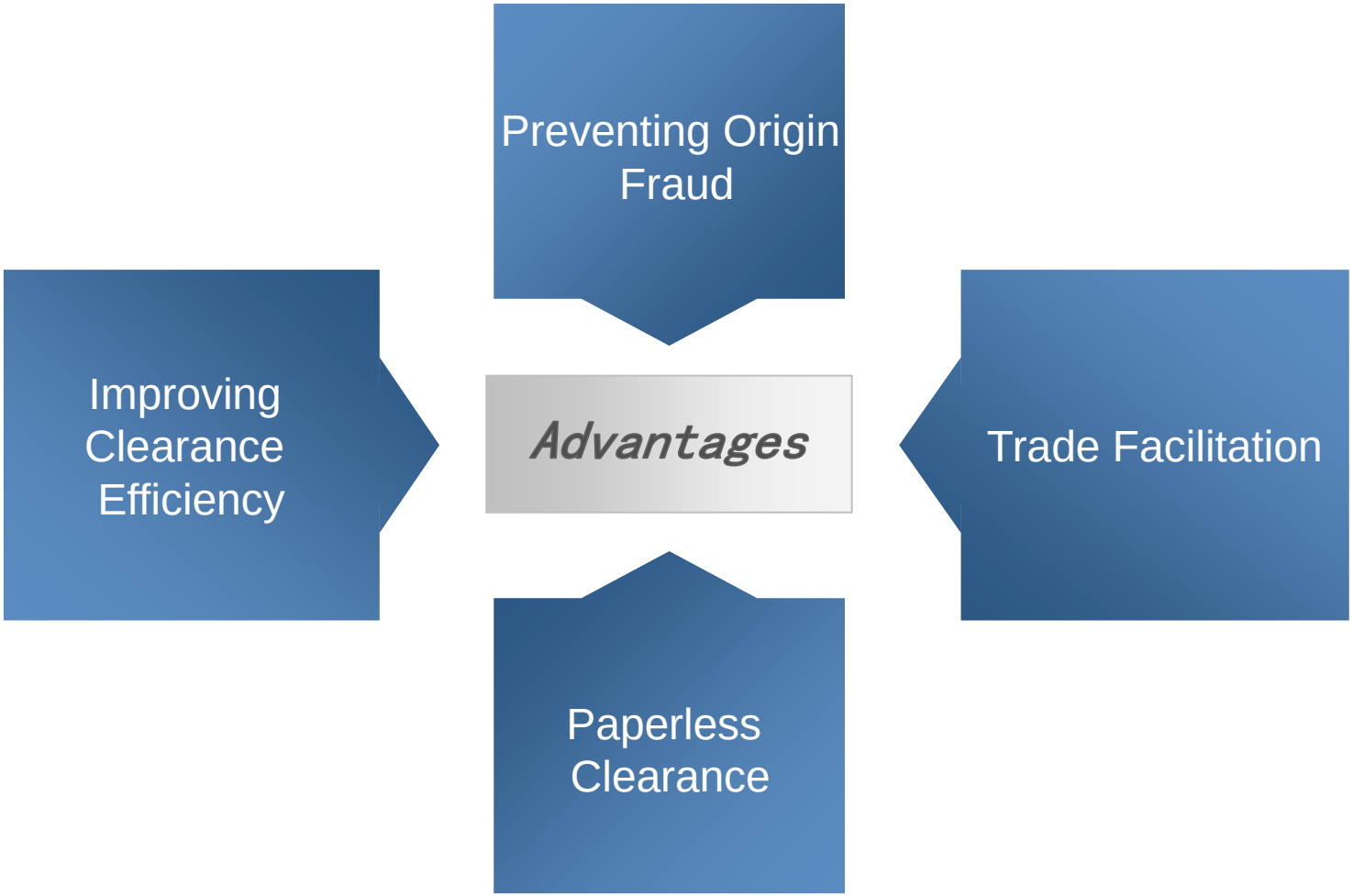
Introduction of Electronic Origin Data Exchange System

Prepared by China

Advantages of Electronic Origin Data Exchange



Constructions of Electronic Origin Data Exchange System in China

2004.1.1

Preferential Origin Certificates Online Verification System under HK/Macao CEPA

2014.4.1

Electronic Information Exchange System between Mainland and Taiwan Customs

2014.7.1

Origin Declaration Data Exchange System under China-Switzerland FTA （× CO）

2016.7.1

Electronic Origin Data Exchange System under China-Korea FTA

Development of EODES

- China-New Zealand FTA 2016.12.20
- APTA (Korea 2017.2.8)
- China-Pakistan FTA 2018.4.30
- China-Chile FTA 2019.1.1（fraud decrease）
- China- Singapore FTA 2019.11.1
- China-ASEAN（Singapore，Indonesia2020.10.15）
- China-Georgia FTA 2020.1.1

System Process

First	The issuing body sends the information of CO related to the export good to customs of exporting Party; AE sends the information of OD issued by itself to customs of exporting Party;
Second	The customs of the exporting Party will verified the information sent by the issuing body or AE when the exporter declares to the customs upon exportation;
Third	The information of CO or OD verified will be transmitted from the customs of exporting Party to the customs of importing party after the release of the exporting goods;
Fourth	The customs of the importing Party will verify the authenticity of CO or OD through checking the information submitted by the importer with the information transmitted by the customs of the exporting Party;

Issuance of CO by Issuing Body

Exporter

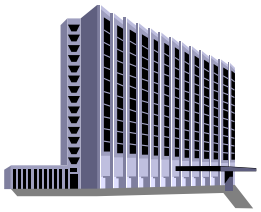
Apply for CO

1

Issuing Body

2

Information of CO

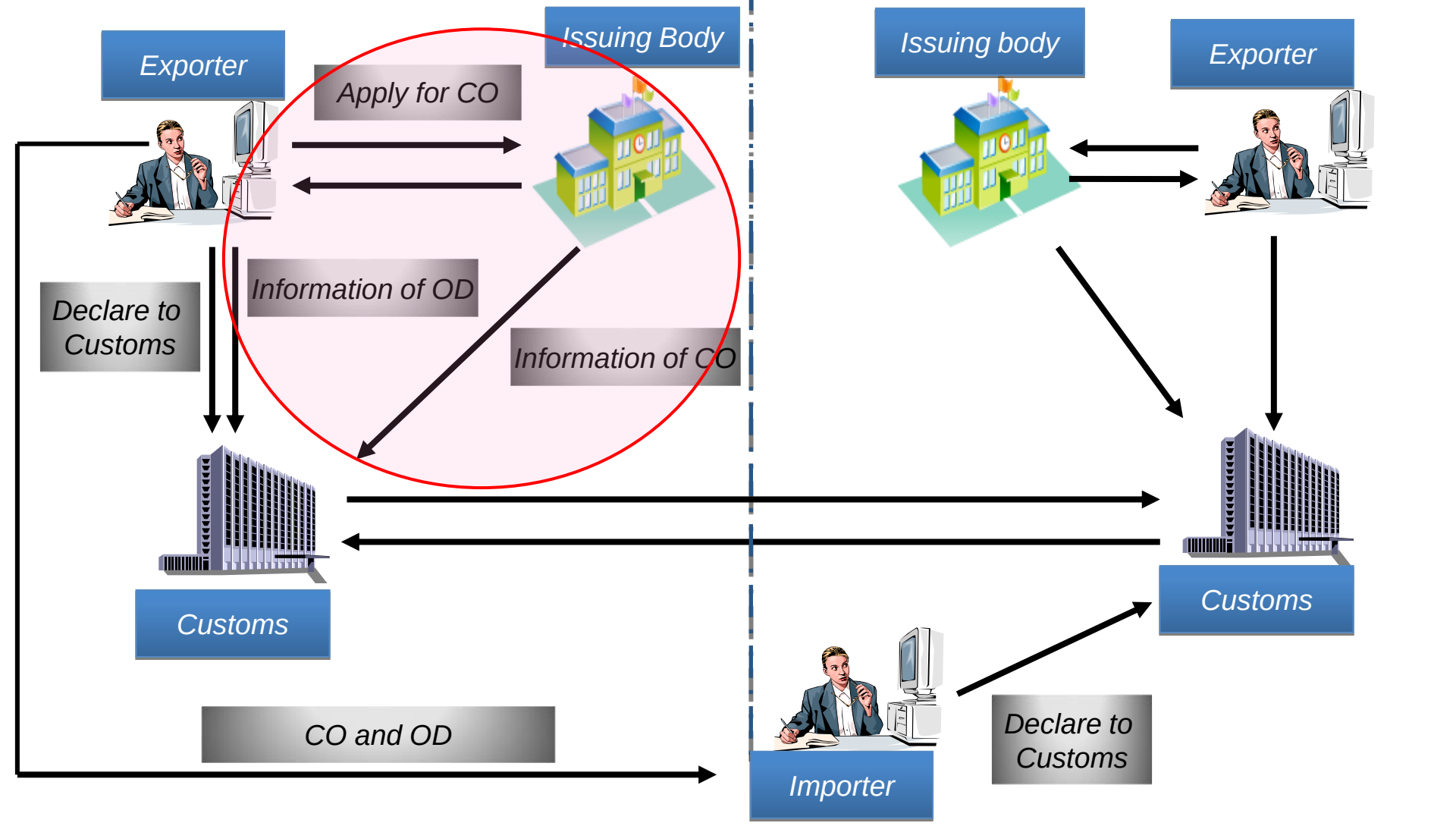


Customs of the Exporting Party

1. The issuing body issues the CO in paper form or elctroniclly after receiving the application from the exporter;

2. The issuing body sends the information of CO related to the export good to customs of exporting party;

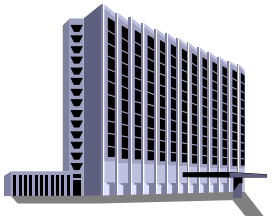
System Process



OD by AE

Exporter

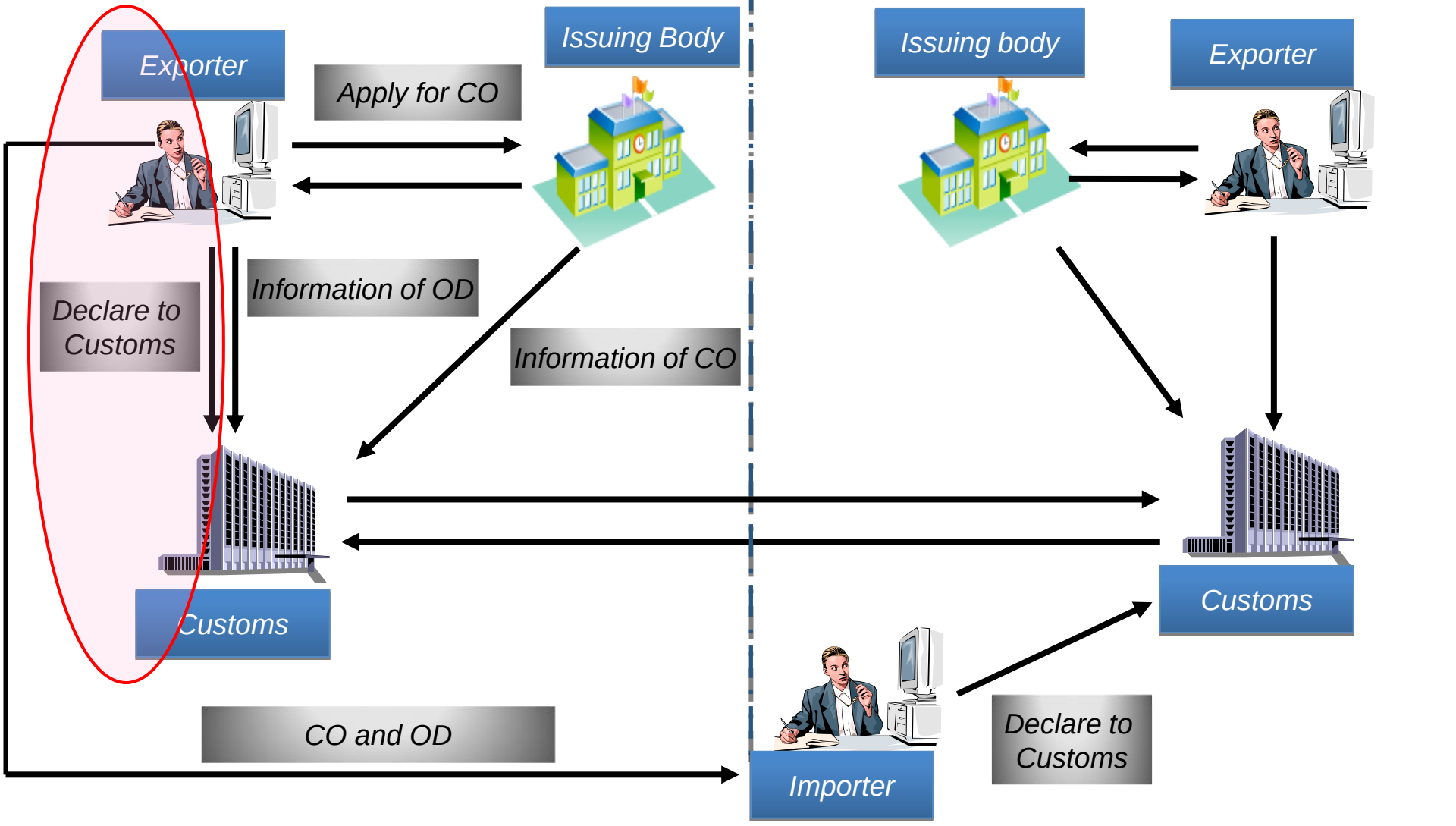
Information of OD



Customs of the Exporting Party

- Approved Exporter sends the information of OD issued by itself to customs of exporting party;

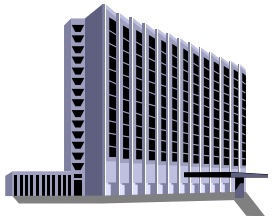
System Process



Verification by the exporting customs

The customs of the exporting Party will verify the information sent by the issuing body or AE when the exporter declares to the customs upon exportation;

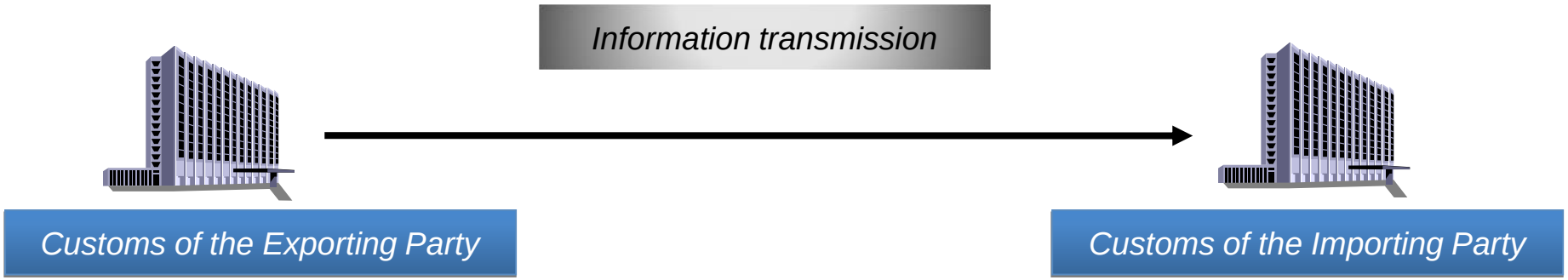
Declare to customs upon exportation



Exporter

Customs of the Exporting Party

Transmission of Electronic Origin Data between Customs

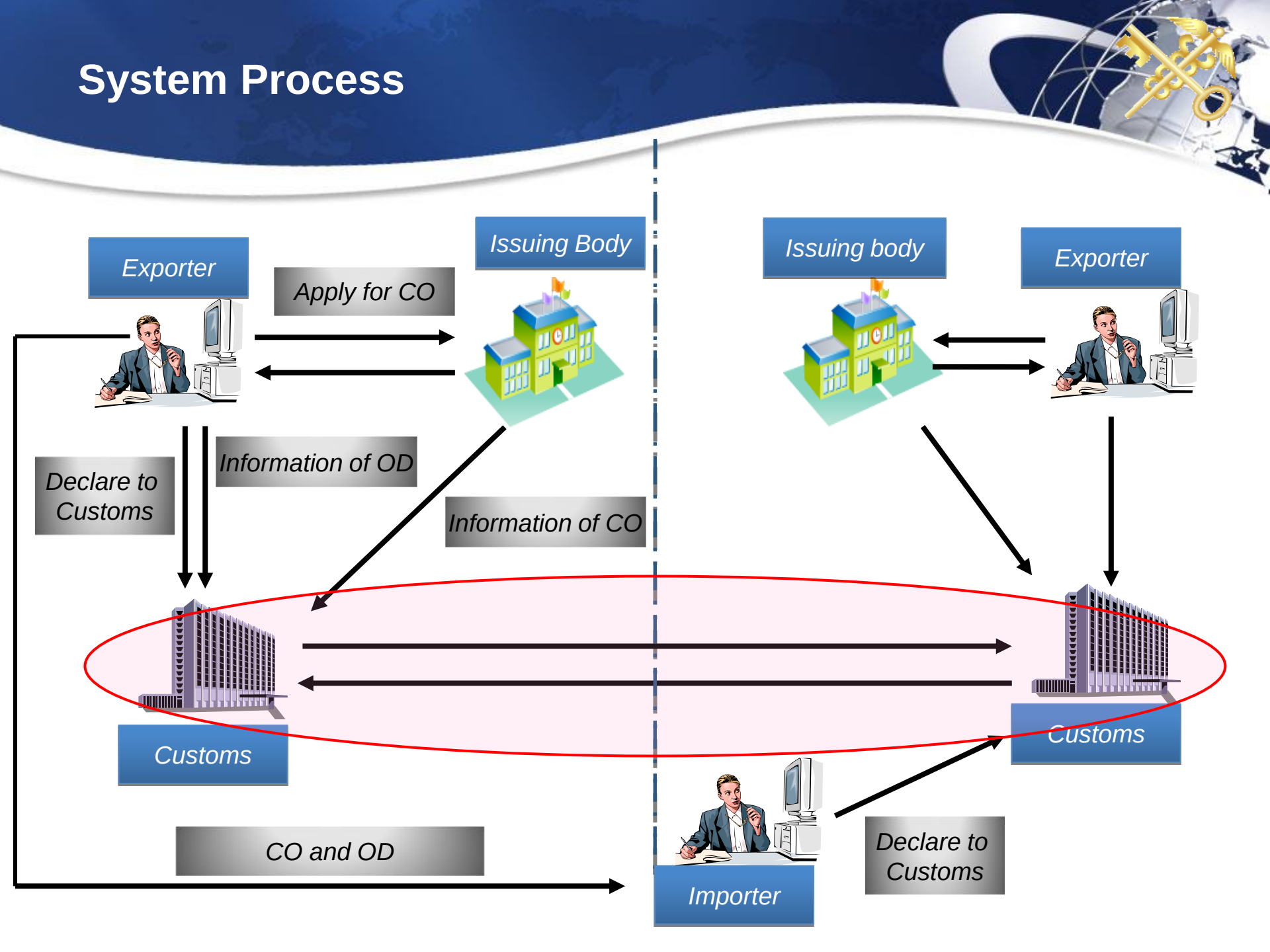


Customs of the Exporting Party and Customs of the Importing Party are communicated through direct wire network;

❖Customs of the Exporting Party transmits the verified electronic data of CO or OD to Customs of the Importing Party after the release of the exporting goods;

❖Customs of the Importing Party receives the electronic data;

System Process

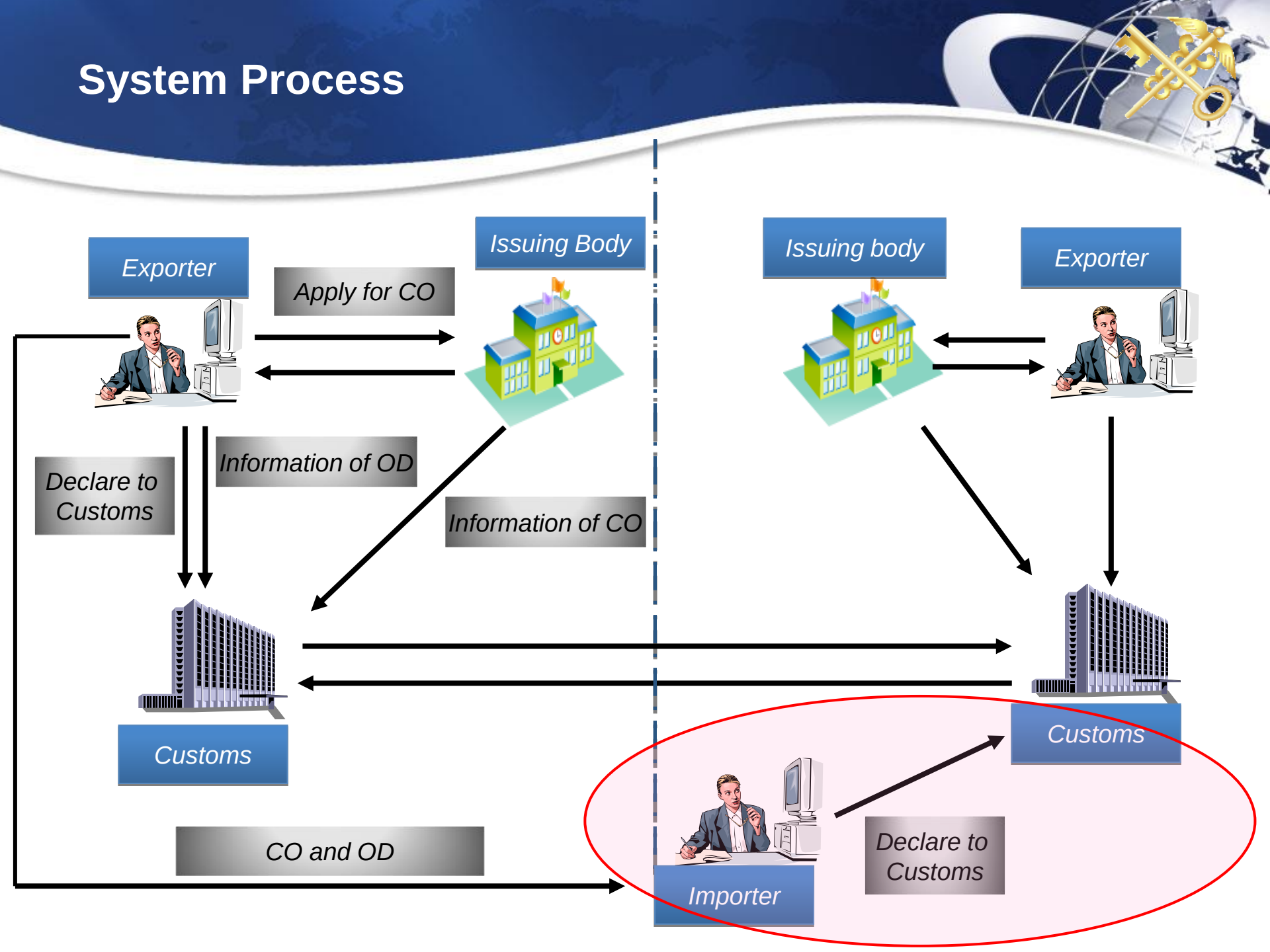


Transmission of Electronic Origin Data between Customs (CO)

Electronic CO Data includes

- CO Number
- Issuing Body
- Issuing Date of CO
- Valid Date of CO
- Exporter
- Consignee
- Means of transportation
- HS Code
- Description of Goods
- Quantity
- Unit of Quantity, etc.

System Process



Customs Process upon Importation

Declare to customs upon importation

Importer

Customs of the Importing Party

Importing customs verifies the authenticity of CO or OD automatically through checking the information submitted by the importer with the information transmitted by the customs of the exporting Party:

- Whether the CO or OD exists
- Whether the CO or OD is valid
- Matching HS Code of the Goods between CO/OD and import declaration
- Matching the quantity of the Goods between CO/OD and import declaration

Importing party Customs Authority

Importing Customs Authority may reflect immediately:

- Whether COs or ODs are accepted
- Whether Originating goods are granted preferential
- Value of goods which enjoy preferential treatment

Parties can use the said data to analyze and evaluate the effect of implementation of FTAs.

Thanks for your attention!