13th Regional Environmentally Sustainable Transport Forum in Asia in conjunction with 6th Session of the Committee on Transport

10-11 November 2020
Virtual meeting via video conference in Webex platform

Theme: Changing the Course of Asia’s Transport Sector through Transformational Change

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<tr>
<td>Indochina Time: 11:00 - 11:45 pm</td>
<td>Welcome Remarks/ Opening Address (30 min.)</td>
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<td>Japan Time: 13:00 - 13:45 pm</td>
<td>• Mr. Kazushige Endo, Director, United Nations Centre for Regional Development</td>
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<tr>
<td>GMT/UTC: 04:00 - 04:45 am</td>
<td>• Mr. Yoshihiro Yamamoto, Director General, Environment Management Bureau, Ministry of the Environment Government of Japan</td>
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<tr>
<td>New York Time: 00:00 - 00:45 am</td>
<td>• Dr. Yasuhiro Ishihara, Deputy Minister for International Projects, Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, Japan</td>
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<tr>
<td>India Time: 09:30 - 10:15 am</td>
<td>• Mr. Kaveh Zahedi, Deputy Executive Secretary, United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia &amp; the Pacific</td>
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<td>• Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment, Royal Thai Government (tbc)</td>
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Keynote Address (15 min.)
- by Mr. Bambang Susantono, Vice President, Knowledge Management and Sustainable Development, Asian Development Bank
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<tr>
<th>Time Zone</th>
<th>EST Plenary Session 1: Changing the course of Asia’s transport sector through transformational changes (60 min.)</th>
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<td>New York Time:</td>
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<td>India Time</td>
<td>10:30-11:30</td>
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**Background Presentations**

**Presentation 1:** Changing the course of Asia’s transport sector in SDG era through transformational changes – by Jamie Leather, Chief of Transport Sector Group, Asian Development Bank (8 min.)

**Presentation 2:** Changing the course of Asia’s transport sector through Partnership for Safer Journeys – Achieving SDG Target 3.6 & 11.2 – by Caroline Lukaszyk, Technical Officer, Violence, Injury Prevention & Reduction of Harmful Use of Alcohol, World Health Organization (8 min.)

**Presentation 3:** Tracking progress in Asia’s transport transformation - Opportunities for linking SDGs and NDC reporting – by Urda Eichhorst, GIZ, NDC Transport Initiative for Asia (8 min.)

**Presentation 4:** Transformational changes in the transport sector and underpinned driving forces – cases of world cities – by Peter Newman, Curtin University, Australia (8 min.)

**Panel Discussion (30 min.)**

1. Mahmud Hassan, Additional Secretary, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Bangladesh
2. Punya Chupanit, Deputy Director General, Office of Transport and Traffic Policy and Planning, Ministry of Transport, Thailand (tbc)
3. Myo Nyein Aye, Deputy Director General, Ministry of Transport and Communications, Myanmar (tbc)
4. Saleem Janjua, Country Coordinator (GGE), United Nations Development Programme, Pakistan
5. O.P. Agarwal, CEO, WRI India

**Discussion Points:**

1. International, national and local level actions to achieve the 2030 Agenda and its Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), the Paris Climate Agreement, the Habitat III New Urban Agenda, the Addis Ababa Action Agenda, the Global Decade of Action on Road Safety, the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, and the Nairobi Mandate are complementary to each other. While all these international agendas and agreements are intrinsically linked and mutually reinforcing, they also provide vast opportunity for national and local government to align their transport policies, planning, financing decisions, including infrastructure development programs with those objectives. To this regard what are the transformational changes we observe in transport sector of Asian countries? Are they adequate? If not, what are the critical gaps? How can we bridge those gaps?

2. What are the good cases of transformational changes in Asia’s transport sector towards achieving those international agendas and agreements as mentioned above - in terms of:
   - policy and regulatory framework?
   - institutional capacity building?
   - technological interventions?
   - knowledge management?
   - Financing/investment decisions?

**BREAK: 15 minutes**

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*Intergovernmental 13th Regional EST Forum in Asia in conjunction with 6th Session of the Committee on Transport*
### EST Plenary Session 2: Climate action and resilience in transport (60 min.)

#### Background Presentations

1. **Presentation 1:** Financing low-carbon and climate-resilient transport infrastructure development: World Bank Experience – by **Shomik Roy Mehdiratta**, Practice Manager, Transport South Asia, World Bank (8 min.)

2. **Presentation 2:** JICA’s Assistance in low-carbon and climate-resilient transport infrastructure development in Asia – by **Keisuke Tanaka**, Deputy Director, Transportation Group, Infrastructure Management Department, Japan International Cooperation Agency (8 min.)

3. **Presentation 3:** Decarbonizing transport in Asia - ITF’s/ OECD experience – by **Wei-Shiuen Ng**, Advisor, Sustainable Transport and Global Outreach at International Transport Forum, OECD (8 min.)

4. **Presentation 4:** Importance of climate actions for building resilience transport infrastructure and services – by **Holger Dalkmann**, Founder and CEO, Sustain 2030, Berlin, Germany (8 min.)

#### Panel Discussion (30 min.)

1. Representative of the Government of Russian Federation
2. **Bounta Onnavong**, Director General of Department of Transport, Ministry of Public Works and Transport, Lao PDR (tbc)
3. **Lailai Li**, Affiliated Researcher, Stockholm Environmental Institute (tbc)
4. **Chaitanya Kanuri**, Manager - Cities & Transport, World Resources Institute

#### Discussion Points:

1. With rapid growth in private vehicles in Asia and with the international commitment to keep the average global temperature rise well below 2 degree Celsius, what transformative climate policies, institutional arrangements, financing mechanisms and actions in transport are necessary to put the countries and cities on the path of resilience?

2. To what extent have the Asian countries and cities made “resilience” an important strategy and component of their national budgeting or financing for transport infrastructure and services development? What are the scopes of financing (both at national and international level) options for developing countries of Asia to leverage their limited budget towards building resilient transport infrastructure and services?

3. What lessons can we learn from the experiences of WB and JICA on financing low carbon and climate-resilient transport infrastructure development? How could countries benefit from them?

### EST Plenary Session 3: Alternative and renewable energy and emerging vehicle technologies in public transport: air quality and climate co-benefits for transport (90 min.)

#### Background Presentations

1. **Presentation 1:** Alternative and renewable energy and emerging vehicle technologies in public transport: air quality and climate co-benefits for transport – by **Jan Deman**, Managing Director for the Busworld Foundation, Bus World Academy (10 min.)

2. **Presentation 2:** Criteria to be fulfilled by public authorities before the private sector can contribute to the enhancement of zero emission

#### Session Chair:

**Hon. Md. Shahab Uddin**, Minister, Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Bangladesh (tbc)

#### Facilitator / Moderator:

**Glynda Bathan**, Clean Air Asia

#### Rapporteur:

**Robert Earley**, President, Sino-Canadian Co. Ltd

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**Intergovernmental 13th Regional EST Forum in Asia in conjunction with 6th Session of the Committee on Transport**
**New York Time:** 03:15 - 04:45 am  
**India Time:** 12:45-14:15

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time Zone</th>
<th>EST Plenary Session 4: Successor of EST Bangkok 2020 Declaration/New Declaration (2021-2030) : Aligning with SDGs (60 min.)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Indochina Time</td>
<td>Background: The Bangkok 2020 Declaration (2010-2020), adopted by the 5th Regional EST Forum in Asia (Bangkok, 2010) is drawing to a close in 2020. The Bangkok 2020 Declaration, with twenty time-bound EST goals and monitoring indicators (to assess progress in meeting them) embedded in avoid-shift-improve strategy, was the first regional declaration on the strengthening of environmentally sustainable land transport in developing Asia. Since Mongolia EST Forum (2018) there have been discussions on a possible follow-up agreement to the</td>
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<td>Japan Time</td>
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<td><strong>Session Chair:</strong> Bounta Onnavong, Director General of Department of Transport, Ministry of Public Works and Transport, Lao PDR (tbc)</td>
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**Public Transport System in Asia** – by Akash Passey, Senior Vice President, Volvo (10 min.)

**Presentation 3:** Techno commercial options for public institutions to accelerate electrification of e-Buses in Indian public transport – by Karthick Atmanathan, Senior Vice President, Ashok Leyland (10 min.)

**Presentation 4:** Human Resource Development for Eco-Drive with Messages: Based on Data Analysis – by Masahiro Koide ASUA Inc. Japan & Kaoru Kojima, Representative Director, General Incorporated Association Transportation Digital Business Conference (10 min.)

**Presentation 5:** Japan-Thailand Clean Air Partnership (JTCAP): Particulate Matter Reduction Strategy and Measures Development for Thailand – by Sato Keiichi, Principal Senior Researcher, Atmospheric Research Department, Asia Center for Air Pollution Research, Japan (10 min.)

**Panel Discussion (40 min.)**
1. **Mark Steven Pastor**, Assistant Secretary, Department of Transportation, Government of the Philippines  
2. **Sugath Upali Dharmakeerthi**, Director, Ministry of Mahaweli Development and Environment, Sri Lanka  
3. **Akash Passey**, Senior Vice President, Volvo  
4. **Karthick Atmanathan**, Senior Vice President, Ashok Leyland  
5. **Oliver Lah**, Head of Research Unit, Energy, Transport and Climate Policy, Wuppertal Institute

**Discussion Points:**
1. What are the promising alternate fuel and vehicle technologies available for Asian countries in public transport sector to maximize air quality and climate co-benefits?
2. What are the trend and prospects of e-mobility towards smart and resilient cities in Asia? What are the various opportunities for accelerating electrification of bus system in Asia? What are the main challenges? How can they be overcome?
3. What important lessons does the Japan-Thailand Clean Air Partnership (JTCAP) on particulate matter reduction strategy and measures offer us? How can similar partnerships be replicated in other parts of Asia?

**BREAK: 15 minutes**

**Facilitator / Moderator:** Jan Deman, Managing Director for the Busworld Foundation, Bus World Academy

**Rapporteur:** Kulwant Singh, Programme Coordinator and Advisor, Bus World Academy
Without Formal Editing as of 5 November 2020 (Without Formal Editing)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>New York Time: 05:00 - 06:00 am</th>
<th>Bangkok 2020 Declaration. The continued need to improve access and sustainability of transport in Asia together with the need to make the whole transport system, services and infrastructures resilient merits a continued discussion on an overarching framework of the successor of Bangkok 2020 Declaration aligned with the timeframe as well as the objectives of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the SDGs. UNCRD is actively coordinating with the Asian Development Bank (ADB), who has joined the hands of UNCRD by supporting the formulation of a new Declaration until 2030 aligned with the 2030 Agenda / SDGs. It is intended that the ADB will also have an enhanced role in the Asian EST Forum process in the time to come with the aim to support the implementation of the new Declaration.</th>
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</thead>
</table>
| India Time 14:30-15:30              | **Background Presentation**  
Successor of EST Bangkok 2020 Declaration/New Declaration (2021-2030): Aligning with SDGs – by C.R.C. Mohanty, Environment Programme Coordinator, UNCRD / UN DESA (15 min.)  
**Country intervention/ Q & A (45 min.)**  
Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Brunei Darussalam, Cambodia, People's Republic of China, Indonesia, India, Islamic Republic of Iran, Japan, Republic of Korea, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Malaysia, Maldives, Mongolia, Myanmar, Nepal, The Philippines, Pakistan, Russian Federation, Thailand, Singapore, Sri Lanka, Timor-Leste and Viet Nam  
**Discussion Points:**  
1. Do you believe that there is a value added for an intergovernmental process on sustainable transport in Asia that aims to promote the implementation of global agreements on sustainable development and climate change at the regional level?  
2. In what manner can such an intergovernmental process best complement the work you are doing? Likewise, what should it avoid?  
3. In the circulated draft document, a distinction is made between goals and strategies, is this a helpful approach for the development of sustainable transport policies in your country?  
4. In setting goals, is it useful to distinguish between goals focused on improving rural and urban access and national connectivity as well as economic, social and environmental sustainability of transport?  
5. Is it advisable to link the goals as much as possible to relevant SDG targets and other globally agreed targets, or would you follow a different approach?  
6. While the goal statements are still draft do you already have comments on the proposed formulations?  
7. Do you believe that the approach to divide strategies or means of implementation for the declaration should be divided in Avoid – Shift – Improve – Cross cutting strategies (as is done in the draft document) or do you believe that it is better to have dedicated strategies for each of the goals?  
8. Are there other points that you would like to bring up? |

Facilitator / Moderator:  
Cornie Huizenga, CEO, Climate and Environment Services Group  
Rapporteur:  
Ganesh Raj Joshi, United Nations Centre for Regional Development (UNCRD)-DSDG/UN DESA & Karlson Hargroves, Curtin University

Intergovernmental 13th Regional EST Forum in Asia in conjunction with 6th Session of the Committee on Transport
## Joint ESCAP-UNCRD Policy Dialogue 1: Transport connectivity and sustainable development: Connecting Asia-Pacific to regional and global markets (60 min.)

### Background Presentations

**Presentation 1:** Regional transport cooperation in Asia and the Pacific – by Azhar Jaimurzina Ducrest, Chief, Transport Connectivity and Logistics Section, ESCAP (8 min.)

**Presentation 2:** Rural connectivity and SDGs: Key issues, challenges, and opportunities for developing countries– by Annabel Bradbury, Deputy Team Leader and Transport, ReCAP (8 min.)

**Presentation 3:** Role of railways in regional connectivity towards achieving SDGs during and Post COVID-19 pandemic– by François Davenne, Director General, UIC- International Union of Railways (8 min.)

**Presentation 4:** Connecting Asian-Pacific to global market through green freight and logistics: Issues, challenges, and opportunities – by Frida Youssef, Chief, Transport Section/Trade Logistics Branch UNCTAD (8 min.) (tbc)

### Panel Discussion (30 min.)

1. Pawan Kumar Agarwal, Special Secretary, Ministry of Commerce & Industry, India (tbc)
2. Rosbi ABD. Rahman, Undersecretary, Ministry of Transport, Malaysia (tbc)
3. Philip Turner, Sustainable Development Manager & European Expert on Sustainable Mobility and Climate, UITP
4. Lucie Anderton, Head of Sustainable Development Unit, UIC - International Union of Railways

### Discussion Points:

1. How can we foster institutional cooperation among national governments to enable safe, secure, and efficient movement of people and goods across the international boarders?

2. What important role railways can play in regional transport connectivity, including freight connectivity across international borders? What are the relevant global processes, including international funding opportunities to strengthen railways connectivity?

3. How can we improve the international connectivity and accessibility of land-locked developing countries (LLDCs) to sea ports in neighboring countries (as ships carry more freight with cheaper cost in comparison to road transport) in bridging their isolation gap from main markets and international trading systems? Does international connectivity by rail offer a potential solution? What significant contributions country-country partnerships and international cooperation could make in this regard?

4. While existing transport infrastructure and services are unable to cope up with the unplanned and unmanaged urban growth in many countries, rural connectivity is an on-going challenge. What could be enabling factors to develop and implement integrated (rural & urban) national transport strategies and policy frameworks to improve rural transport connectivity to wider local, national, and regional transport networks?
**Wednesday, 11 November 2020**  
**13th Regional EST Forum**

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<th>Time Zone</th>
<th>Joint ESCAP-UNCRD Policy Dialogue 2: Mayors’ policy dialogue on urban mobility and smart cities (90 min.)</th>
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<td>GMT/UTC:</td>
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<td>New York Time:</td>
<td>00:00 - 01:30 am</td>
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<td>India Time</td>
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**Background Presentations**

**Presentation 1:** Enhancing sustainability of urban mobility in Asia-Pacific cities – by Madan B. Regmi, Economic Affairs Officer, Transport Division, ESCAP (10 min.)

**Presentation 2:** Trend and Prospects of e-mobility towards smart and resilient cities in Asian and the Pacific – by Bert Fabian, Programme Officer, UN Environment Programme (10 min.)

**Presentation 3:** Urban Electric Mobility Initiative (UEMI) towards SDG 11 – by Debasish Bhattacharjee, Programme Management Officer, UN-Habitat (10 min.)

**Presentation 4:** Key enablers for transforming urban mobility in SDG era – by Daniel Ernesto Moser, Management Head of the Transformative Urban Mobility Initiative (TUMI) (10 min.)

**Panel Discussion (45 min.)**

1. Representative of the Government of Russian Federation
2. Yun Bum Park, Director, Eco-mobility Division, Suwon City, Republic of Korea
3. Xiang Li, Executive Director, China SUC Institute/SUC (Beijing) Programme Management Center, PR China
4. Blaise Murphet, Asia Pacific Programme Manager, International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies
5. Glynda Bathan, Deputy Executive Director, Clean Air Asia

**Session Chair:**

Facilitator / Moderator: Kulwant Singh, Programme Coordinator and Advisor, Bus World Academy

Rapporteur: Robert Earley, President, Sino-Canadian Co. Ltd

**Discussion Points:**

1. Given that more than half of the global population now lives in urban areas, and the Asian countries lead the pace of urbanization while facing growing threats from climate change and increasing frequency and magnitude of natural disasters, what should be the defining features of urban mobility in Asia?

2. What are the changing dynamics and new emerging trends in urban transport sector of Asia? How can smart transport solutions be scaled up considering those new emerging trends? To what extent SDG 11 is integrated into the urban transport policies and programmes of the ministries of transport? What are the main challenges and difficulties the countries face?

3. What international supports are available for local and national governments leading the smart city development in Asia? How can we accelerate project formulation on smart cities? What are the financing and investment opportunities cities could seek for at national and international level?

4. Is e-mobility a viable solution towards achieving smart cities in SDG era? If so, what are the challenges? How can countries and cities overcome them?
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<td>Indochina Time</td>
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<td>Japan Time</td>
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<td>New York Time</td>
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<td>India Time</td>
<td>11:00-12:30</td>
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**Background Presentations**

**Presentation 1:** Transport in the aftermath of COVID-19: lessons learned and future directions: a case of Japan – by Yoshitsugu Hayashi, Professor, Chubu University (10 min.)

**Presentation 2:** How India is using Green Freight measures to underpin the objectives of its National Logistics Plan in a post-COVID world – by Pawan Agarwal, Special Secretary, Logistics Division, Ministry of Commerce & Industry, the Government of India (10 min.)

**Presentation 3:** Impact of COVID-19 on transport in Asia and the need for green recovery – by Alice Yiu, Policy Analysis & Strategic Communications, SLOCAT Partnership (10 min.)

**Presentation 4:** Walkability as a critical component of community resilience during and post the COVID pandemic - lessons from Africa/around the world – by Bronwen Thornton, CEO, Walk 21 (10 min.)

**Panel Discussion (45 min.)**

1. **Muhammad Shazli Bin Mohamed Taib**, Senior Executive, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia (tbc)
2. **Jinseok Choi**, Director, Daejeon City, Republic of Korea (tbc)
3. **Wei-Shiuen Ng**, Advisor, Sustainable Transport and Global Outreach at International Transport Forum, OECD
4. **Madan B. Regmi**, Economic Affairs Officer, Transport Division, UN ESCAP
5. **Marie Thynell**, Associate Professor, Environmental Social Science School of Global Studies, University of Gothenburg

**Discussion Points:**

1. How can we build-back-better the public transportation system aftermath of COVID-19? What should be the defining features of public transportation system keeping in mind emergence of such pandemics in future?
2. How can we make the entire transportation system socially inclusive so that no one is left behind during any such pandemics in future? What critical lessons does COVID-19 pandemic offer us in this regard?
3. The sharp reduction in public transportation demand due to the new social distancing behaviors and the fear of COVID-19 infection has posed many challenges for the future sustainability of mobility in cities. How can cities and transport operators overcome these challenges to ensure that public transportation is as safe as possible and sustainable?
4. How can public transport authorities redesign services to accommodate prevailing demand and capacity limitations due to physical distancing?
5. How can countries and cities effectively integrate public health considerations into transport policy, planning and infrastructure development to minimize the impact of such pandemics in future?

**Session Chair:**
Dr. Rosbi ABD. Rahman, Undersecretary, Ministry of Transport, Malaysia (tbc)

**Facilitator / Moderator:**
Peter Droege, Director, Liechtenstein Institute for Strategic Development, Liechtenstein

**Rapporteur:**
Karlson Hargroves, Curtin University
6. What should be the defining features of public transport and vehicle design (e.g., buses, trams, rails, etc.) to mitigate virus spreading?

**BREAK: 30 minutes**

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<th>Time Zone</th>
<th>Adoption of the Forum Summary of the 13th Regional EST Forum (60 min.)</th>
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<td>Indochina Time: 14:30 - 15:30 pm</td>
<td>Chair: (tbc)</td>
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<td>Japan Time: 16:30-17:30 pm</td>
<td>Facilitators / Moderators:</td>
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<tr>
<td>GMT/UTC: 07:30-08:30 am</td>
<td>C. R. C. Mohanty, Environment Programme Coordinator, UNCRD &amp;</td>
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<tr>
<td>New York Time: 03:30 - 04:30 am</td>
<td>Holger Dalkmann, Founder and CEO, Sustain 2030, Berlin, Germany</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India Time 13:00-14:00</td>
<td>Rapporteurs:</td>
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Ganesh Raj Joshi, United Nations Centre for Regional Development (UNCRD)-DSDG/UN DESA

Simon Ng, BEC & Karlson Hargroves, Curtin University

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<td>Special Announcement (5 min.)</td>
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<td>Closing Remarks</td>
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<tr>
<td>GMT/UTC: 08:30-09:00 am</td>
<td>• Mr. Kazushige Endo, Director, United Nations Centre for Regional Development (5 min.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>New York Time: 04:30 - 05:00 am</td>
<td>• Ms. Keiko Morimitsu, Councilor, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of the Environment Government of Japan. (5 min.)</td>
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<tr>
<td>India Time 14:00-14:30</td>
<td>• United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia &amp; the Pacific (5 min.)</td>
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