ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL COMMISSION FOR ASIA AND THE PACIFIC

Committee on Statistics

First session
4-6 February 2009
Bangkok

The experience of Cambodia in measuring violence against women¹

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The First Session of The Committee of Statistics and the First Steering Committee Meeting of DA Project, Bangkok, Thailand

On 4-6 February 2009

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Background of Data Collection

- National Surveys named CSES, Child Labor, Labor Force, Establishment, Cambodia Demographic and Health, and Demographic Surveys
- Other specific surveys in cooperation with specialized line ministries and agencies, and institutions.
- Facilitate and coordinate with UN and International Agencies to provide capacity building and sharing statistics information.
Indicators on VAW are presently used

- Push, Shake, or throw something at
- Slap or twist arm
- Punch, kick, drag, strangle, burn
- Threaten or attack with knife, gun, or other types of weapons
- Physically force to have sexual intercourse
- Force to perform types of other sexual intercourses
- Physical violence
- Emotional abuse
- Rape and Rape in marriage

NIS’s Role in terms of Data Collection and Dissemination on the VAW

- Data Collection:
  - Conduct surveys (DHS)
  - Consultative meetings with key stakeholders including gender expertise from civil society, LMs and international experts on questionnaires and the finding results
  - Design questionnaire
  - Recruit women enumerators and training
  - Select the eligible women for interview
- Data Dissemination:
  - Workshops/trainings/Seminars
  - Facilitate and participate in the data analysis
- Publication:
  - Hard Copy
  - Electronic Media (Website and CD/DVD)
Efforts for those Challenges and Outcomes

- Efforts for those challenges
  - In 1993 constitution clearly reflects the principle of gender equality.
  - Cambodia signatory to several international agreements including the Convention on Elimination of all forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW).
  - Restrictive national law on human trafficking which is one of many other sectors on Gender.
  - Reintegration of Socio-Economic and concession rehabilitation on livelihood to solve problems.

Efforts for those Challenges and Outcomes (cont.)

- Efforts for those challenges (cont.)
  - Expert training on Literacy, Health and Social Affairs in order to consult the victims that have just been started in Cambodia should be further strengthened.
  - Regards the victim services recently, the interferences depend on the community to reintegrate the victims from trafficking into the communities, the former sex worker training and other interferences access to the mere pilot proceeding; the majority from the Non Government Organization.
  - Measures taken on prevention of the domestic violence, body rape, and human trafficking together with prevention activity planning, in campus academic program innovation include this gender, commune-level program on domestic violence protection, and formation of education in mass media.
Efforts for those Challenges and Outcomes (cont.)

- Outcomes:
  - Full legal protection of rights of women with respect for human rights through advocacy in legislative and administrative system. Increasing awareness of legal rights can contribute to reducing social vulnerability.
  - Individual reports of members of Friends of Chair Group (FoC)
  - Technical evaluation by the commission and integration of results
  - Preliminary report for discussion
  - Comments and suggestions
  - Final report for approval (Nov.15.08)

Thank you for your attention!