

# Asia-Pacific Digital Trade Regulatory Report (APDTR) 2022

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23 June 2022





### The Services Trade Restrictiveness Index (STRI)

- What it is: an evidence-based tool that identifies and catalogues barriers to trade in services
  - Regulatory database + composite indices
- Purpose: Provide up to date information on services trade policies allowing to inform policy discussions and trade negotiations.
- Country coverage: → 22 economies in Asia-Pacific
  - 100 economies (Digital STRI)
  - 65 economies (Computer services STRI)
- Interfaces: The <u>STRI simulator</u> and the <u>STRI explorer</u>



#### **Digital STRI**

Infrastructure and connectivity

Electronic transactions

Payment systems

Intellectual property rights

Other barriers affecting trade in digitally enabled services

#### **Computer services STRI**

Restrictions on foreign entry

Restrictions to the movement of people

Other discriminatory measures

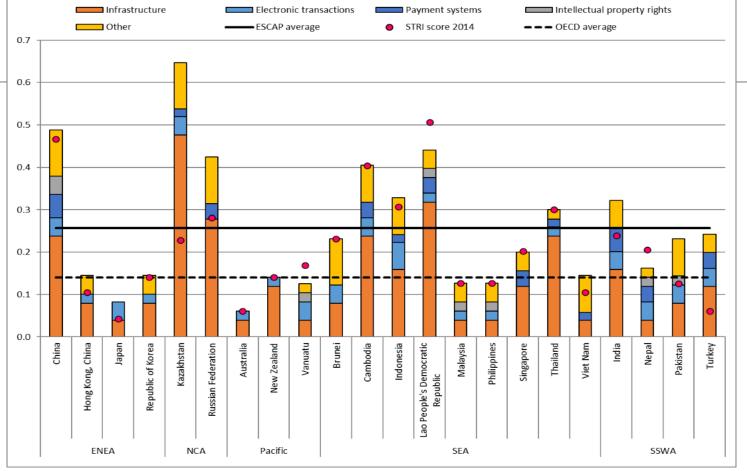
Barriers to competition

Regulatory transparency



# Findings Asia Pacific region

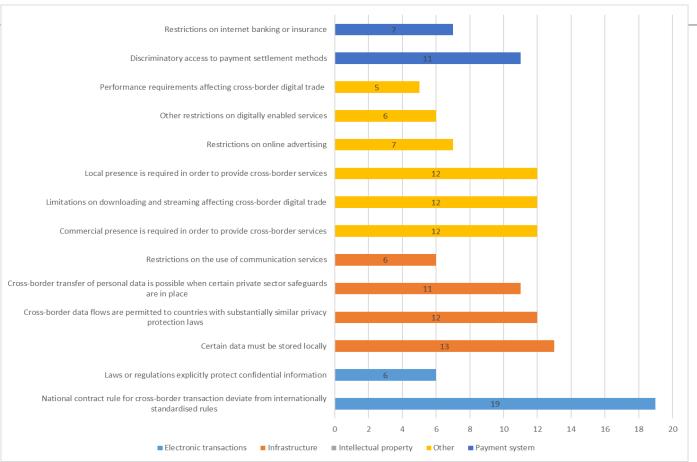




DSTRI results 2021 – Asia Pacific region

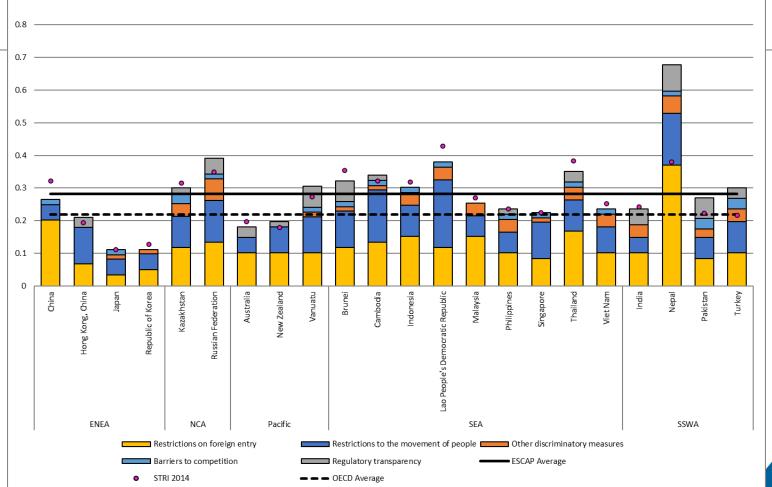


### Common barriers to digitally enabled services



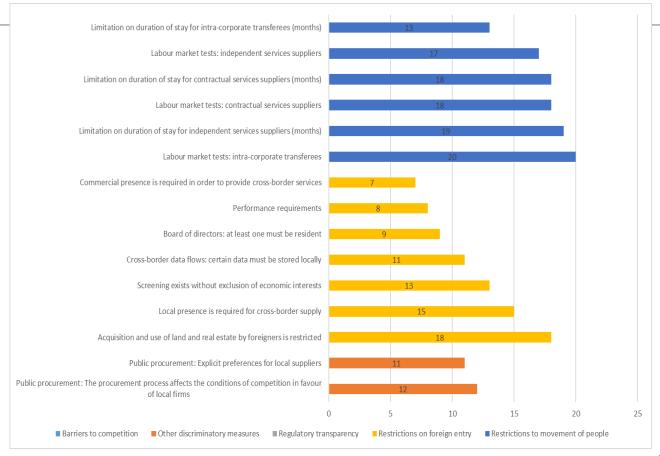


#### Computer services STRI results 2021

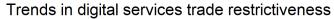


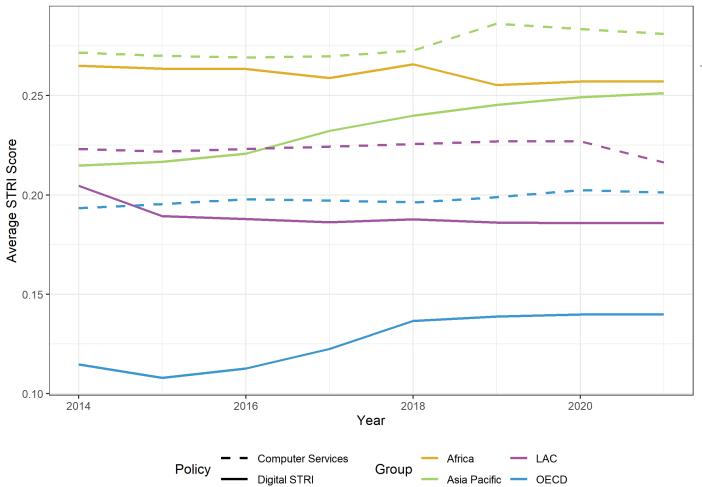


## Common barriers to computer services in the region



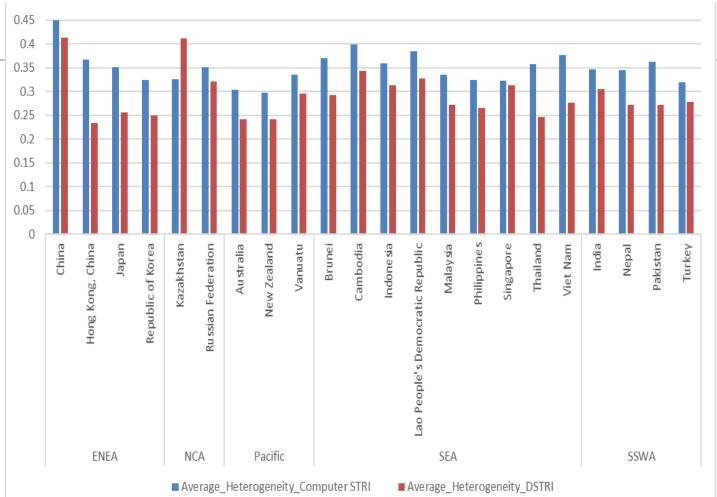






# **>>**

#### Regulatory heterogeneity in the region



- STRI tools provide a comprehensive overview of key regulations that affect digital trade
- Findings Asia-Pacific:
  - Diverse regulatory policies affecting digital trade in the region
  - Regulatory commonalities are prevalent in cross-cutting areas (e.g. electronic signature), however dissimilarities regarding cross-border data flows, FDI and movement of people persist.
  - Scope for regulatory cooperation





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