



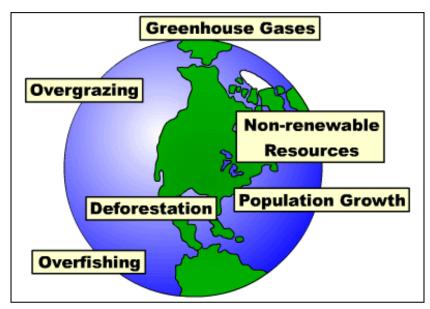
Dr. Bernard Aritua

Senior Infrastructure & Logistics Specialist

Economic Corridors

"..........It is our considered professional judgment that this dilemma has no technical solution. If the great powers continue to look for solutions in the area of science and technology only, the result will be to worsen the situation."

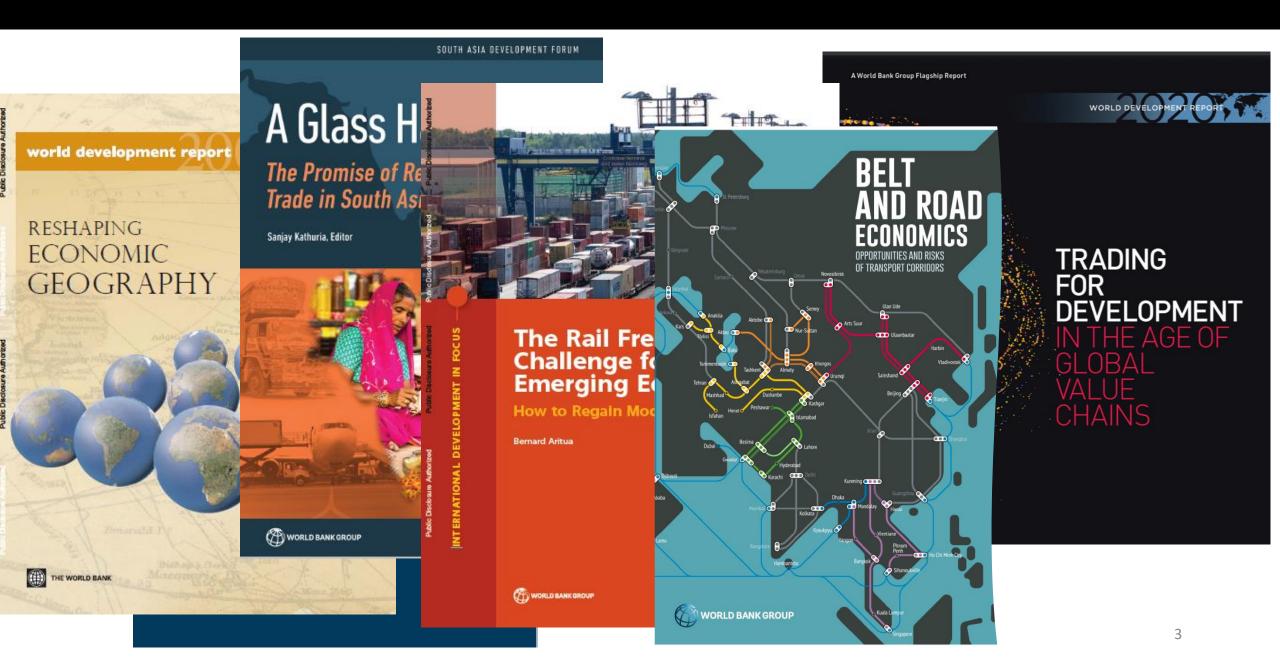
J. B. Wiesner and H. F. York, Scientific America. 211 (No. 4), 27 (1964).



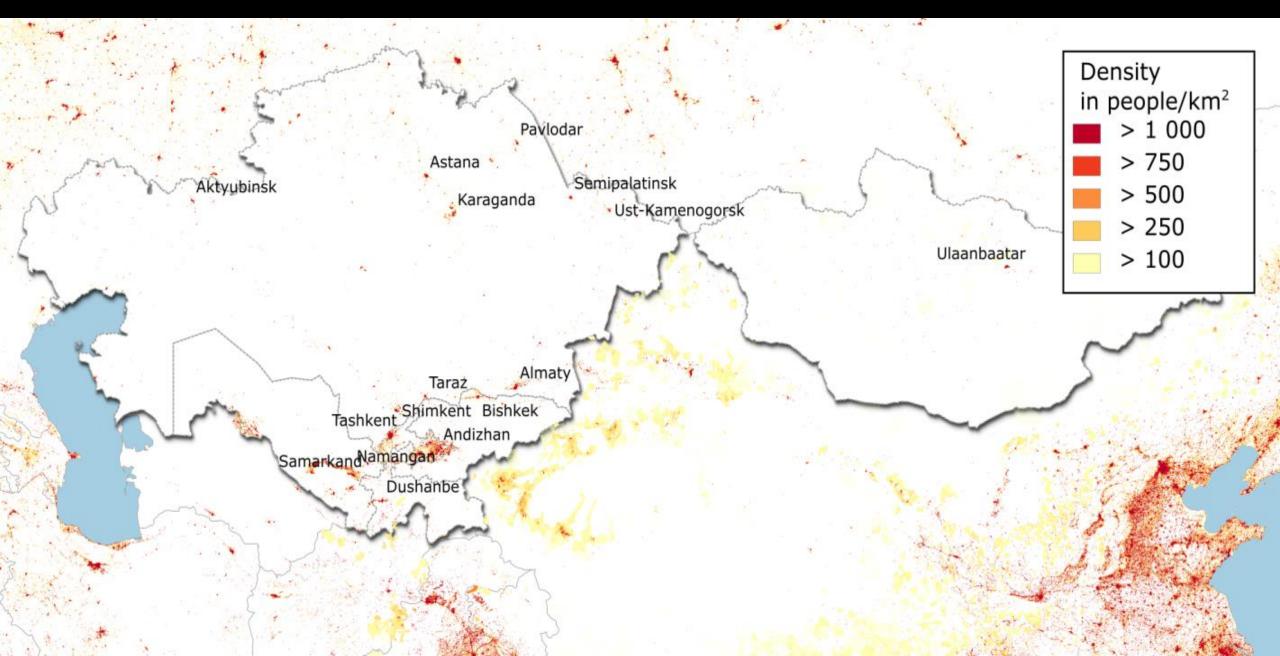
TRAGEDY OF THE GLOBAL COMMONS



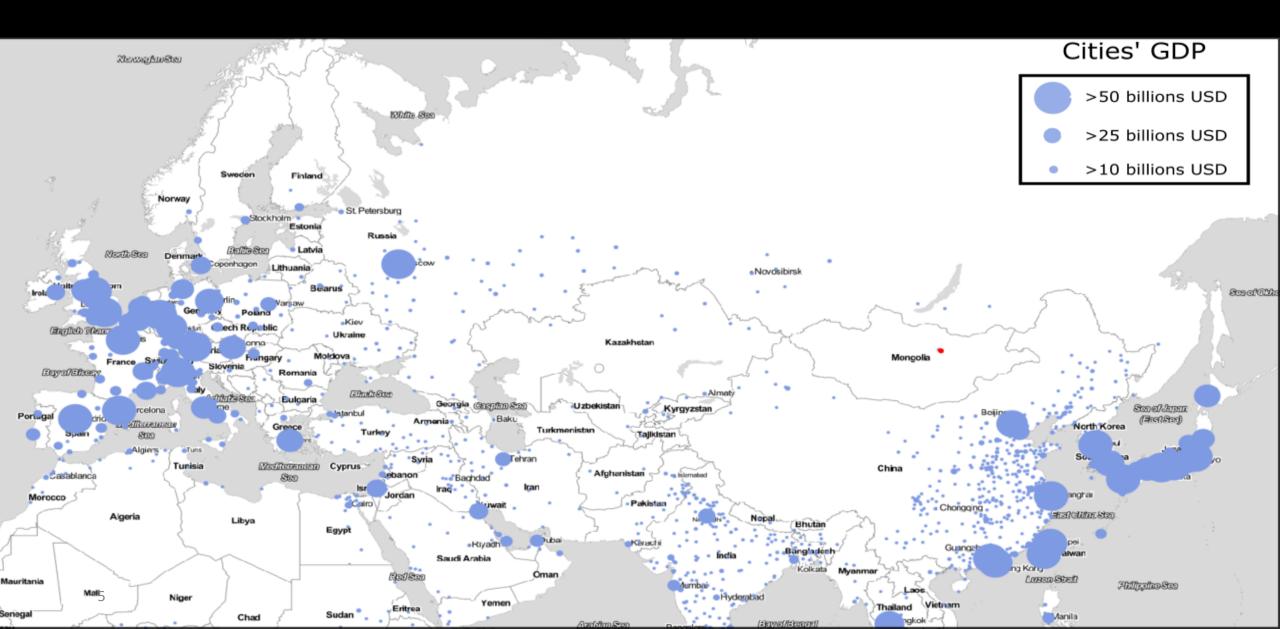
Economic Geography, Regional Economic Integration, Value Chains



Population density is extremely low



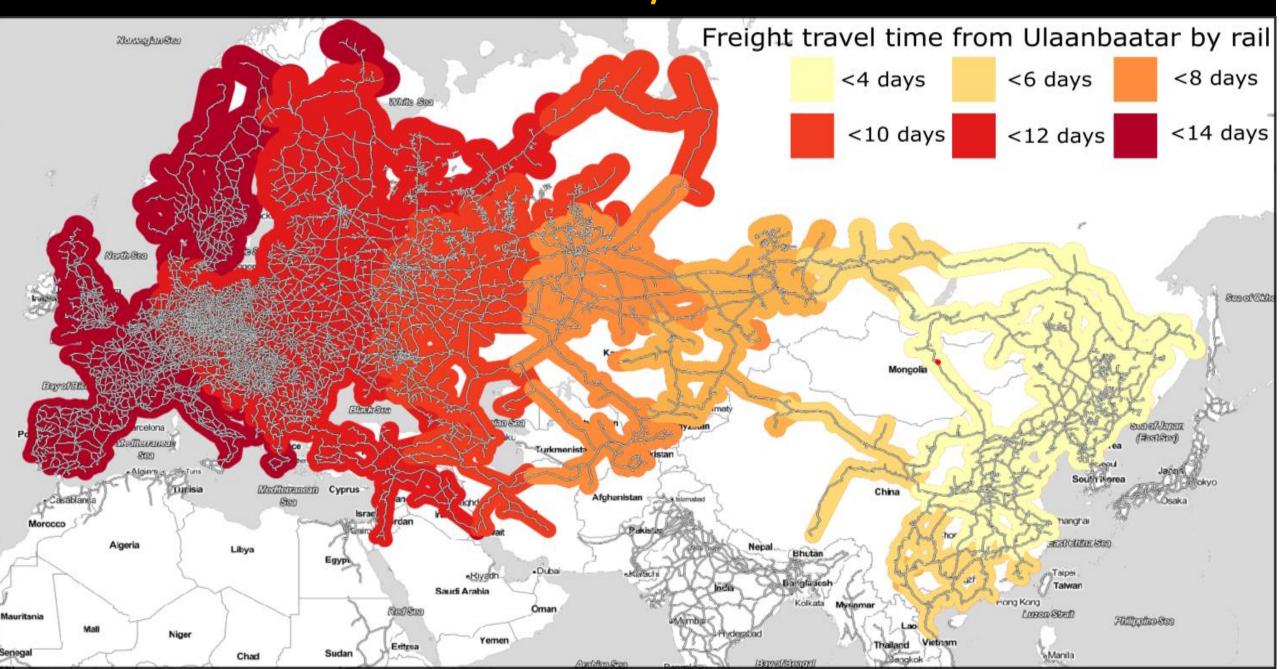
Distance to and from production and consumption centers



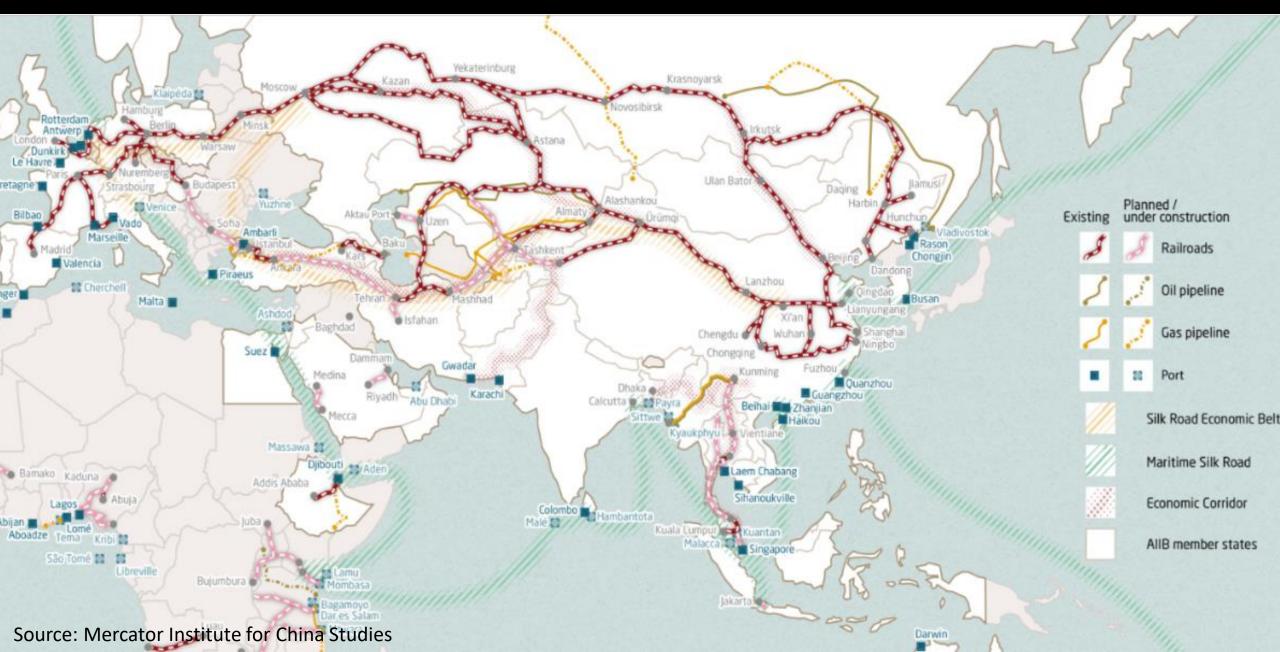
Huge Infrastructure Gaps

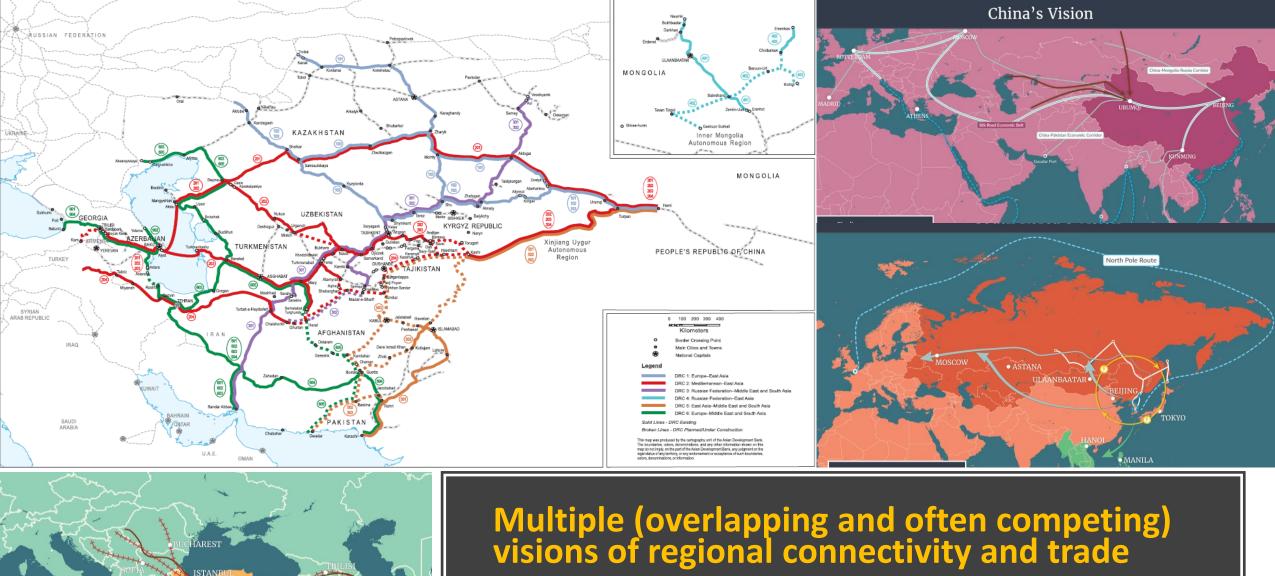


... Poor Connectivity to main markets



Several plans to improve Connectivity

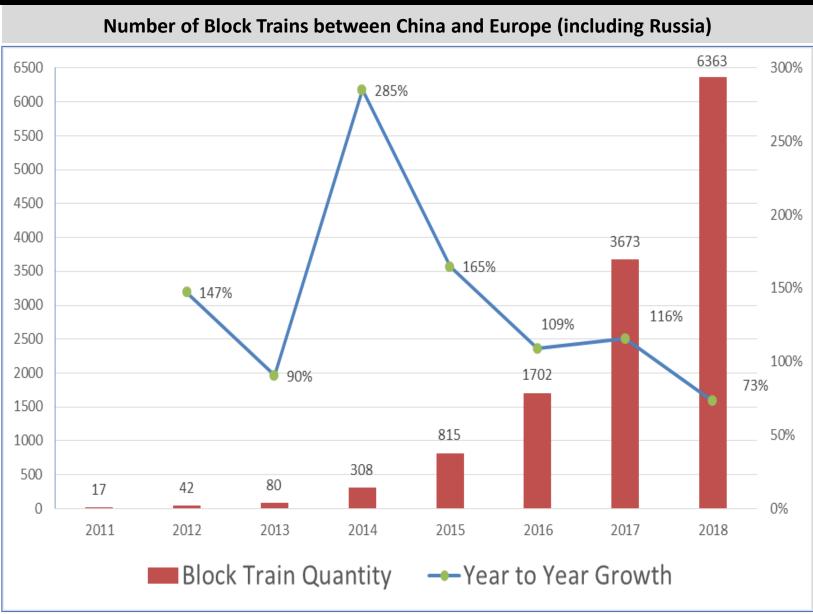






A 'New Driver': China-Europe Block Trains

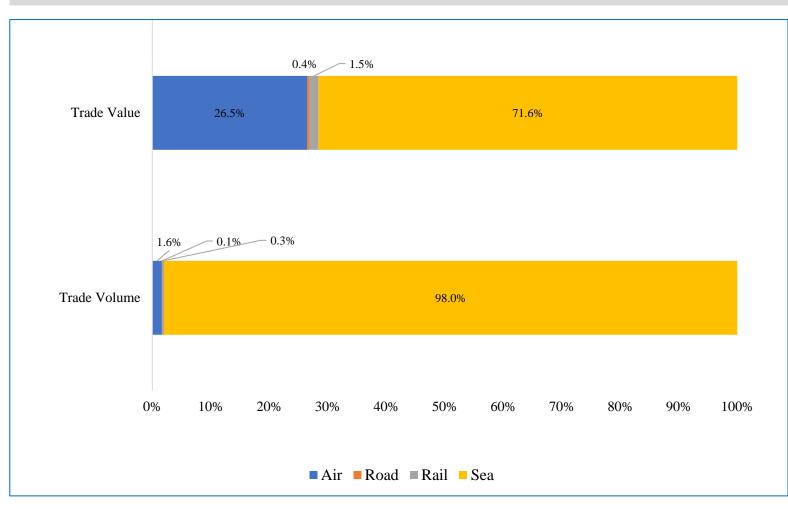
- China-Europe Block Trains:
- Increased from 80 to 6,363 per year
- 17,000 trips have been completed (2013 June 2019)



A New Driver: China-Europe Block Trains

- ➤ Mode Share and Niche Market:
- Sea: 98% of total trade volume, low value goods
- Air: 1.6% of total trade volume, high value goods

Composition of China-Europe Freight Value and Volume by Transport Mode (2016)



Obstacles and Emerging Challenges

The lack of railway interoperability on legal, operational and technical terms is a major historical obstacle. There are also emerging challenges in capacity, economic and financing constraints

- Lack of systematic design and regional coordination
- Different railway technical systems
- Administrative & legal obstacles
- Limited capacity of intermediate nodes
- Economic & financing challenges

Obstacles - Lack of systematic design and regional coordination

- There are over 60 cities in China operating westbound block trains to Europe
- All these routes are managed by local governments
- The lack of systematic top-level design and regional coordination has led to inefficiency in terms of railway capacity utilization and resource allocation

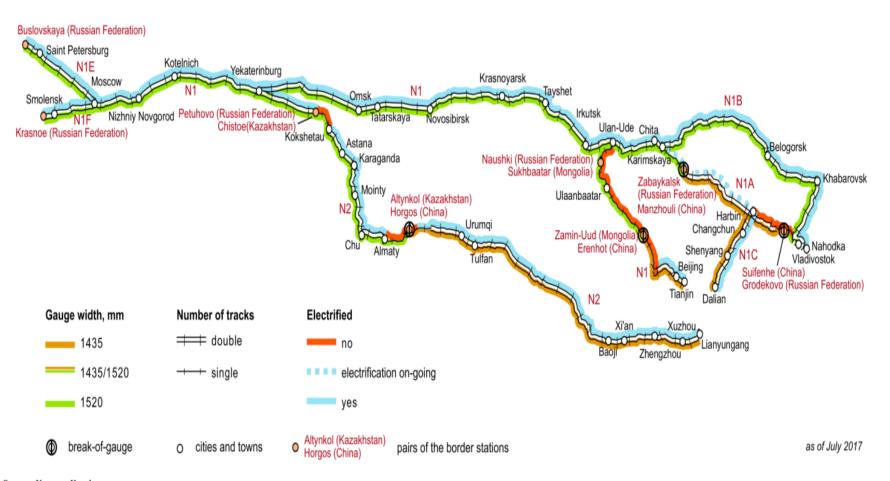
Distribution of cities in China operating China-Europe Block Trains



Obstacles - Different railway technical systems

- Power system: electrified, non-electrified
- Rail tracks: double, single
- Track Gauge (mm): 1435, 1520

Illustration of Existing Rail Routes Connecting Western China to Europe



Source: Varvara Krechetova.

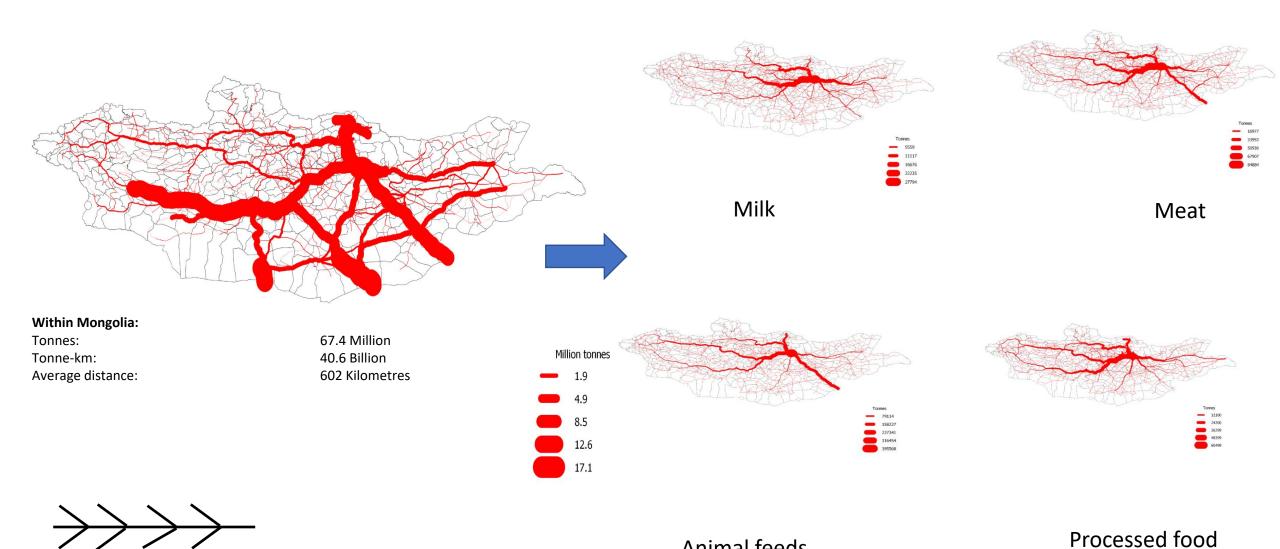
Obstacles -Limited capacity of intermediate nodes

- The transit freight at the Belarus-Małaszewicze crossing increased from 5 trains per day in 2016 to over 10 trains in 2017 and continuously increasing...
- Due to railway infrastructure, locomotive fleet, and rolling stock have not been upgraded in long time, this crossing is a key impediment
- Insufficient standardization of shipping documents and technical regulations remains a main obstacle to the increase of freight along the whole route

Illustration of Existing Rail Routes Connecting Western China to Europe



Unlocking local potential - Evidence is critical



Animal feeds

4 big opportunities



Physical network and multilateral institutions that are fit for the future



Digital networks configured for a new normal



Green energy networks as backbone for transport systems



Sustainable financing as driver for low-carbon transport in post-pandemic world

Integrated and resilient network

Digitalization a key driver for smart transport systems

Smart energy corridors and hubs, Multi-fuel (transition) network

Financial instruments and leaders embed sustainability in decisions

