



PART III

CITY PROFILES

- Kushtia, Bangladesh
- Battambang, Cambodia
- Kampot, Cambodia
- Islamabad, Pakistan
- Matale, Sri Lanka
- Ratnapura, Sri Lanka
- Kon Tum, Viet Nam
- Quy Nhon, Viet Nam



Introduction

Part I of this publication introduced the challenges and opportunities of municipal solid waste management in developing countries in the Asia–Pacific region and highlighted the benefits of waste-to-resource initiatives. Part II presented experiences of ESCAP, Waste Concern and other partners in setting up and managing waste-to-resource initiatives in eight cities and the lessons learned from those experiences, followed by policy recommendations.

Now Part III profiles those eight cities in more detail. Each profile begins with a brief overview of the city and its waste-to-resource initiative as well as the broader urban development landscape and the waste management context. This includes data on waste generation and collection rates as well as information on the city's waste policy.

Each profile then provides further information on the waste-to-resource initiative, including discussion of the primary contributions from different partners and the various activities pursued under the initiative in terms of awareness raising, community outreach, policy change, facility management and financial sustainability.

The profiles sum up the results and impact of the waste-to-resource initiative. This entails the overall operational performance, community mobilization and the broader impact of the initiative on local policy and practice of solid waste management in each city. Some profiles conclude with reference of future activities to further improve results.



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